CITY OF THE DALLES THE DALLES, OREGON ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023





Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

As prepared by: The City of The Dalles Finance Department





CITY OF THE DALLES

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Introductory Section	I
Letter of Transmittal	i - ix
GFOA Certificate of Achievement	x
Organization Chart	xi
City Officials	xii
Independent Auditor's Report	A-1 - A-4
Management's Discussion and Analysis	B-1 - B-9
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-Wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position	1
Statement of Activities	2
Fund Financial Statements:	
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	3
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement	
of Net Position	4
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	5
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in	
Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	6
Proprietary Funds:	
Statement of Net Position	7
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position	8
Statement of Cash Flows	9
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements	10-37
Required Supplementary Information:	
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget	
and Actual:	
General Fund	38
Street Fund	39
Special Grants Fund	40
Schedule of Changes in the Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Schedule of Contributions – OPEB	41
Schedule of Contributions - OPEB	42
Other Supplementary Information:	
Combining Schedules:	
Non-major Governmental Funds:	
Combining Balance Sheet	43
Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance	44
Non-major Special Revenue Funds:	
Combining Balance Sheet	45
Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance	46

| TABLE OF CONTENTS (continued)

Non-major Debt Service Funds:	47
Combining Balance Sheet Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance	47
Non-major Capital Projects Funds Revenue Funds:	40
Combining Balance Sheet	49
Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance	50
General Fund:	
Combining Balance Sheet	51
Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance	52
Budgetary Comparison Schedules:	
General Fund – Budgetary Basis – Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund	
Balance – Budget and Actual	53
General Fund – Budgetary Basis – Schedule of Expenditures – Budget and Actual	54-55
Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures, and changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual:	
Governmental Funds:	
Budgetary Basis (Combined into General Fund for Generally Accepted Accounting	
Principles):	
Public Works Reserve Fund – Budgetary Basis	56
Transportation System Reserve Fund – Budgetary Basis	57
Unemployment Reserve Fund – Budgetary Basis	58
Non-major Special Revenue Funds:	50
Library Fund	59
Community Benevolence Fund	60
State Office Building Fund	61
Special Enterprise Zone Fund Debt Service Funds:	62
FFCO 2008 Bond	63
2009 FFCO Bond	64
Urban Renewal Debt Fund	65
Capital Projects Funds:	05
Capital Projects Fund	66
Special Assessment Fund	67
Urban Renewal Capital Projects Fund	68
Proprietary Funds:	
Enterprise Funds:	
All Water Funds Combined	69
Water Utility Fund	70
Water Capital Reserve	71
All Wastewater Funds Combined	72
Wastewater Fund	73
Wastewater Capital Reserve	74
Sewer Plant Construction	75
2018 Utility Bond Fund	76
Statistical Section:	
Net Position by Component-Last Ten Fiscal Years	77
Changes in Net Position – Last Ten Fiscal Years	78-79
Fund Balances of Governmental Funds – Last Ten Fiscal Years	80
Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds – Last Ten Fiscal Years	81
Program Revenues by Function/Program – Last Ten Fiscal Years	82

| TABLE OF CONTENTS (continued)

Tax Revenues by Source – Governmental Funds – Last Ten Fiscal Years Assessed Valuation and Actual Values of Taxable Property – Last Ten Fiscal Years Property Tax Rates – Direct and Overlapping Governments – Last Ten Fiscal Years Property Tax Levies and Collections – Last Ten Fiscal Years Principal Taxpayers – Current Year and Nine Years Ago Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type – Last Ten Fiscal Years Ratios of General Obligation Bonded Debt Outstanding – Last Ten Fiscal Years Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt Legal Debt Margin Information – Last Ten Fiscal Years Demographic and Economic Statistics – Last Ten Fiscal Years Principal Employers – Current Year and Nine Years Ago	83 84 85 86 87 88 89 90 91 91 92 93
Full-Time Equivalent City Employees by Function/Program and Bargaining Unit – Last Ten Fiscal Years Operating Indicators by Function/Program – Last Ten Fiscal Years Capital Asset and Infrastructure Statistics by Function/Program – Last Ten Years	94 95 96
Compliance Section: Independent Auditor's Report Required by Oregon State Regulations	97-98
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	99-100
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance with the Uniform Guidance	101-103
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	104
Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	105
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	106
	1



INTRODUCTORY SECTION

CITY of THE DALLES 313 COURT STREET THE DALLES, OREGON 97058

(541) 296-5481



December 15, 2023

City Council and the Citizens City of The Dalles The Dalles, Oregon 97058

The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) of the City of The Dalles, Oregon, for the year ended June 30, 2023, is submitted herewith. This report presents a comprehensive and detailed picture of The Dalles' financial transactions during fiscal year 2022-2023 and the financial condition of the various funds at June 30, 2023. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including disclosures, rests with the City. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the report is accurate and complete in all material respects, including all activities, funds, and financial transactions, and is presented fairly to disclose the financial position and the results of operations of the City at June 30, 2023, and for the year then ended. Further, it is our belief that all disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the City's financial statements, supplementary information and statistical tables, follow the standards for annual financial reporting recommended by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

CITY HISTORY AND GEOGRAPHICAL AREA

The City of The Dalles, Oregon, is situated in the north-central part of the state on the Columbia River, the nation's second largest river. It is the county seat and the largest community in Wasco County. The Dalles is one of Oregon's most historic cities and was known earlier in its history as the end of the Oregon Trail. Archaeological evidence suggests the area has been inhabited more or less continuously for more than 10,000 years. The City was first incorporated by the Oregon Territorial Government in 1857 as "Dalles City" and was made the county seat shortly thereafter. We celebrated our Sesquicentennial in June of 2007.

Strategically located on the Columbia River and bordered by the Cascade Mountains to the West, The Dalles has historically been an economic hub of the Pacific Northwest, linking major transportation routes between Eastern and Southern Oregon and Washington State via waterway, interstate, rail, and aviation. It offers residents the pleasures of rural living while providing the advantages of access to metropolitan amenities in Portland, only 80 miles to the West.

In accordance with the City Charter of 1899, which was revised in 2017 and amended November 2020, the City of The Dalles is governed by a City Council. This Council consists of an elected Mayor and five Councilors. The City operates under a council-manager form of government.

The City has nine departments: Administration, Finance, Legal, Police, Community Development, Human Resources, Library, Columbia Gorge Regional Airport, and Public Works, that collaborate to provide a wide range of services to our citizens. These services include general administrative services, police, code enforcement, municipal court, planning and economic development, aviation in partnership with Klickitat County in Washington State, water treatment and distribution, wastewater collection, transportation systems, and stormwater management. Fire services are provided by the Mid-Columbia Fire & Rescue District, park services are provided by Northern Wasco County Parks and Recreation, and building services and inspections were provided by Wasco County.

GENERAL ECONOMIC CONDITIONS

Per the United State Census bureau, the City population estimate as of July 1, 2022 is 15,932 yet the City serves a trading area of about 90,000 persons in both Oregon and Washington. Principal economic activities are agriculture, high tech services, small industrial businesses, hydro and wind power generation/transmission, and tourism, along with healthcare, government, and retail services. Mid-Columbia Medical Center, which has recently be acquired and is now Adventist Health Columbia Gorge, remains the area's largest employer with approximately 897 employees in all their affiliated activities.

Major agricultural products of the City are wheat and sweet cherries, with a growing sector of grape production. The Dalles is a primary producer for both domestic and overseas cherry markets. There are in excess of 10,000 acres of sweet cherry trees around the City. Wheat has roughly 50,000 acres currently in cultivation in The Dalles area. Additional agricultural products include cattle, hay and tree fruits.

The Dalles is the site of a 151 bed Veterans' long-term nursing and care home and currently provides 167 jobs and has 96 residents. The Oregon Department of Veteran Affairs has 9,300 square foot community center and outpatient clinic next to the Veterans' home. The Wasco County Courthouse and offices are located in the City as are various other State offices. The Dalles Dam at the eastern edge of the City is a major power generating facility. Also at the eastern edge of the City is the Celilo Converter Station, one of the world's largest electric power converter stations. Electricity is transported to and from Southern California through this station.

The Dalles is the major shopping center in the Mid-Columbia area. In the past decade or so, a 138,000 square foot regional Home Depot, Walgreen's and both the local Safeway and Fred Meyer stores completed multi-million dollar renovations. Fred Meyer expanded its retail space by 15,000 square feet, which included enclosing the existing garden area. A new Coastal Farm Supply store opened in The Dalles during the summer of 2012, and a new modern Goodwill retail and job center opened in 2014. In addition, a Holiday Inn Express was constructed and opened April 14, 2020, with 93 rooms, creating more than 30 new jobs. The Cascade Square shopping center completed a 4+ million dollar façade renovation in the fall of 2018 and is home several businesses and a sushi restaurant. These developments are balanced with the closure of JC Penney's (which has been replaced by Discounts Plus), as well as Tony's Town and Country, a clothing store located in the downtown, and the closure of K-Mart (which has been replaced by a U-Haul center). This significantly reduces the options for clothing type items for local residents.

The City is a strategic home base for year-round recreation. Water sport enthusiasts will find boating, excellent fishing, and one of the finest windsurfing and kite boarding areas in the United States on the Columbia River. To the east are substantial opportunities to camp, fish, hike, and sightsee. To the west, ski enthusiasts have the opportunity to challenge the ski slopes of

magnificent Mt. Hood and then relax at the numerous resorts that lie on Mt. Hood and at its base. Construction of the Columbia Gorge Discovery Center and Wasco County Historical Museum was completed in May 1997. Thousands of people visit the Center annually and it has become a popular site for many community festivities and events. Historic Downtown The Dalles is home to several wineries and a brewery, is home of the new National Neon Sign Museum and Jantzen Beach Carousel, has new restaurants and retail shops, murals, St. Peters Landmark and other historical buildings all of which draw visitors to the community.

Industrial/Commercial Land

The Port of The Dalles Industrial Center encompasses the majority of the industrially zoned land within the City. This employment land is home to over 70 small to mid-sized companies employing over 2,200 people. Due to its past success, The Port of The Dalles now has an extremely limited supply of developable land. Nearly all of the remaining parcels available for development as only a few acres in size and there are no readily available parcels for larger scale development. This limited supply restricts the size of businesses that can be recruited to the area. Small construction projects and reinvestment into existing businesses continue to occur in the industrial area helping to foster a diverse industrial and commercial business sector. An EPA supported Brownfield program has made available \$600,000 to address properties that may have environmental contamination and are being used to support redevelopment. This varied mix of traded sector businesses has helped The Dalles weather several economic downturns, including COVID-19 in which the industrial area businesses were largely unaffected except for qualified labor challenges.

In 2005 Google purchased 30 acres from the Port of The Dalles to build its first facility in The Dalles and has since purchased an additional 30 acres from the Port and continued to expand its footprint in the community. At this time Google has two active Enterprise Zone agreements and has completed 4 main data center facilities with substantial supporting infrastructure. A prior Enterprise Zone agreement signed in 2005 has expired and the abated taxes added back to the tax rolls resulting in additional tax revenue for *all* tax districts in the City.

A new Strategic Investment Program (SIP) agreement has also been finalized for the construction of up to 2 additional large data center facilities on the former aluminum plant site. Similar to the Enterprise Zone program, the SIP program is different in several key ways. Most notably, the SIP agreement does levy taxes on a certain amount of the developments value, has a community service fee that will be distributed to taxing districts that levy taxes at the development site, along with an Initial Fee and Guaranteed Annual payment. This agreement also requires Google to transfer 35 acres of land, primarily the former Rodeo Grounds and The Dalles landfill to Wasco County.

EDUCATION

Beginning in July 2020, Columbia Gorge Community College began construction of a student residential hall and a workforce training skills center in order to support our educational system. These two projects, both located on The Dalles Campus, represent the most significant expansion of the college's physical space in more than a decade. Both buildings opened in the fall term of 2021. The residential hall will provide affordable, long-term housing for students throughout our region, and the workforce skills center will support training in welding and metals fabrication, construction and other trades. CGCC has also partnered with the City and Klickitat County through its airport in the development of an aviation maintenance technician program. This program is hoped to be housed in a newly built hangar constructed utilizing U.S. Economic Development Administration (EDA) funds and will also extend utilities to several other airport business park

lots. The community will also vote on a major bond for the potential construction of a new High School in November 2023, to replace the current high school that was constructed in 1941.

HEALTHCARE

Mid-Columbia Medical Center (MCMC) was recently acquired by the Adventist Health system and is now Adventist Health Columbia Gorge (AHCG), and remains the major hospital in the Mid-Columbia Region of Oregon and Washington. It is also the major trauma center in the region. This first-class medical facility has attracted numerous health care professionals to The Dalles area. Their Oncology Center, which once saved the region's population from traveling to Portland to receive those services and provides a multi-state option in the Northwest, closed many of their services early in 2023. A wellness center called Waters Edge that offers exercise equipment, lap and therapy pools, spa services, exercise and nutrition classes, along with cardiac and pulmonary rehab, outpatient therapies, and sleep medicine and labs remains operational along with the region's first immediate care center, bringing a much-needed service to the local community. This expansion of comprehensive wellness services into a convenient, community-based setting, makes it easier for residents to access the programs they need and enjoy for healthier living.

Like many other communities in Oregon, affordable/attainable housing is an increasing challenge along with a substantial rise in houselessness, addiction and mental health challenges. Mid-Columbia Community Action Council (MCCAC) is a key City partner in addressing housing concerns and with City support is currently construction a Navigation Center named, "The Gloria Center" to improve service provision and coordination. MCCAC was also awarded several million dollars under Project Turnkey 2.0 which it used to purchase and renovate the Oregon Motor Hotel into a transitional housing facility. This motel had substantial deferred maintenance and was already frequently used for transitional services via motel vouchers. MCCAC will now directly operate this facility and will have staff on-site 24 hours a day. The City also relies on the services offered by Mid-Columbia Center for Living (CFL) which provides behavioral and mental health services to the region. CFL faces significant funding and staffing challenges and recently went through a substantial administrative transition with the support of Wasco County.

MAJOR INITIATIVES

The City constructed the Columbia River Marine Terminal in 2010, adjacent to the downtown area, as part of an effort to reconnect the downtown core to the riverfront. This year the City entered into a lease agreement with American Cruise Lines (ACL) to operate the dock for an annual fee of \$65,000. These funds will be critical to address ongoing maintenance and upgrades to the dock facility. Under this lease, ACL will be permitted first dock scheduling rights and will manage all other dockings within certain lease requirements that manage dock fees, dock availabilities, amongst other provisions. The dock continues to be used by one ship from the American Queen Steamboat Company and four from American Cruise lines, with an occasional stop from National Geographic. While docked in The Dalles, passengers are able to book visits to various attractions, such as the Discovery Center, National Neon Sign Museum, Fort Dalles Museum, or they can walk two blocks past the Festival Park to stroll through the downtown area.

The Columbia Gorge Regional Airport completed a "flex space" hangar several years ago that is home to the new Fixed Base Operator (FBO) as well as Life Flight, which bases a helicopter and Polaris aircraft in the "flex space" hangar, providing emergency transport for medical emergencies. The airport was also recently awarded several Critical Oregon Airport Relief grants for airport fuel system upgrades, generators, as well as a roughly 3 million dollar FAA grant for critical airport apron and tarmac improvements.

The Urban Renewal Agency (URA) is working to renovate the older commercial areas of the community. A ten block Downtown Renovation Project was completed during the summer of 2001. A \$7 million dollar reconnection of the Downtown to the Columbia River was completed in FY 2003-2004 using Urban Renewal dollars, and they were matched two to one with other grant funds. In October 2009, a Full Faith and Credit Obligation Bond was obtained by the City, with over \$10 million of the proceeds going as a loan to the Urban Renewal Agency to refund their current bond and provide nearly \$8 million for Urban Renewal projects. The East Gateway public infrastructure, that included a round-about to manage traffic in a problem area, was completed in June 2010. That project leveraged approximately \$25 million in private investment, including a new winery now located in a vacant flour mill that employs close to 100 people. The Marine Terminal Dock and the new Lewis & Clark Festival Area, both Downtown/Riverfront Connection projects, were completed in the summer of 2012, at a cost of \$6.6 million.

The URA has moved forward with the demolition of the Tony's Town and County Department Store which involved the abatement of hazardous materials. The intent of the demolition is to create a site ready development parcel that the Agency may offer for sale to private developer who will redevelop it for a future housing and retail building in this prime downtown location. City staff has completed several required environmental assessment tasks in late 2021 and 2022 through an Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) grant program. The last step is asbestos removal and building demolition. The Agency hopes to complete the demolition of the building in late 2023.

The Urban Renewal Agency completed a controlled demolition on the Recreation Building roof, following its partial collapse in summer 2019. There was a negotiated settlement with CIS insurance to offset loss and demolition costs. Redevelopment of the Recreation Building site is currently underway, with two new storefronts occupied and open for business. The third storefront will be completed in winter 2023.

The 1929 Granada Theater Building, located on the same block as the Recreation building, was sold by the Agency in 2020. The theater now holds shows each weekend, including movies and live music performers. The owner of the Granada Theater also started a monthly outdoor live music series in summer 2022 and continued it in 2023 summer in nearby Lewis and Clark Park.

The Agency also completed demolition of the "Soda Works" building on the East end of the downtown. This project also utilized the City's Brownfield program. This building had been essentially abandoned for many years and it is hoped that the private property owner will revitalized the site following Agency assistance with demolition.

The Agency and City also terminated an agreement with ODOT and returned unused Federal grant funds for the First Street/Riverfront Connection Project after assessing that the Agency could complete the project more quickly and at lower cost without the additional administrative oversight and timelines associated with the grant dollars. The project includes a new street, sidewalk and utility lines along First Street between Union and Laughlin Streets. The new streetscape will be inviting, bicycle-friendly, and ADA-accessible for the first time in The Dalles' history.

ECONOMIC CLIMATE AND FUTURE

State Tax limitation measures in 1990, 1996 and 1997 have limited property taxes. An upswing in the local economy up until the 2008 recession mitigated most of those impacts.

The City of the Dalles, through years of prudent management, has been able to withstand the economic impact of recent financial crises without diminishing services to our citizens. During the recession, some changes were made to reduce expenses, while continuing to maintain service levels. During the past year, revenues from water and sewer rates were determined to be adequate to maintain operations and fund reserves without implementing previously scheduled rate increases. Overall, the financial position of the City in the past year has been improved.

The City's management conditions are strong and supported by good financial practices and policies. The City's historical maintenance of strong and stable reserves and support of balanced operations continues. The City provides for long term financial planning by maintaining annually updated five-year Capital Improvement Plans for all departments, and long-range improvement plans for City infrastructure, including water, wastewater, and transportation systems. The City maintains a 20 Year Vision Plan and has an annual goal setting process and identifies those goals that will have a financial impact on subsequent budget development.

Currently, the community is facing challenges with school facility maintenance and construction as a result of a bonding authority that failed on the November 2018 ballot. School facility conditions have been attributed to the challenge of retaining highly qualified staff most notably for the hospital. The November 2023 ballot has a 140 million bond measure to construct a new high school.

CITY PLANNING

Water Master Plan

A Water Master Plan update was completed in 2006. A \$7.9 million water revenue bond was issued in 2007. Bond funds were used to construct a new clearwell and upgrade filters at the Wicks Water Treatment Plant, design a new reservoir, and enhance the Lone Pine Well. A new reservoir and associated pipelines were constructed in fiscal year 2010-2011, utilizing about \$6 million in grant and loan funds under the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009. The City completed a review of its water rates and capital needs in 2011 and adopted a rate plan to meet those needs. Additional revenue bonds that were planned to be issued in fiscal years 2016-2017 were not needed because increases in water utility rate revenues from increased residential, commercial and industrial water usage were sufficient to fund identified system improvements. Construction of a new Port Industrial Water Main, expansion of the Lone Pine Well and repainting of Columbia View Reservoir were completed in 2018-2019 utilizing rate revenues, system development charges, and outside private funding. Sorosis Reservoir was repainted in 2019-2020. In 2020-2021, work began on the final design of the Dog River Pipeline Replacement Project. In 2021-22, the final design of the Dog River Pipeline was mostly completed and work began on its construction; construction is scheduled to be completed in 2023-24. A total of \$9,030,000 has been secured in grants and low-interest loans to supplement City water utility rate revenues and SDCs to fund the project. Also in 2021-22, an RFP was advertised for an update of the City's Water Master Plan which will be completed in 2023-24 or 2024-25. In 2022-23, a SCADA System Upgrade Phase 1 project and repairs to the Sorosis Reservoir roof are budgeted, and funds are being accumulated for a future project to repaint the Garrison Reservoir.

Transportation System Plan

A Transportation System Plan drafted in 1999 was updated and implemented in 2006. The plan was updated again in 2017 utilizing a Transportation Growth Management grant and Transportation System Development Charges. A five-year capital improvement plan, updated annually, has been implemented for street development and to provide preventative maintenance. A Transportation System Development Charge has been implemented. In 2019-2020, the East

Scenic Dr. Stabilization Phase II project and West 2nd Street/Cherry Height intersection improvements project were completed. In 2020-21, the West 15th Street reconstruction project was initiated and completed in 2021-22, and an annual ADA Sidewalk Ramp Upgrade project was completed. In 2021-22 the Scenic Drive Stabilization Phase III was initiated. Projects were also completed which focused on improving surfaces and integrity of streets. In 2022-23, funds are budgeted for an annual ADA Sidewalk Ramp Upgrade project, a 50/50 cost share Sidewalk Maintenance Program, and the West 6th Street Improvements project.

Storm Water Master Plan

Storm Water Master Plan was completed in 2007. A System Development Charge and a storm water utility charge have been implemented. In 2022-23, a project is planned to construct a new storm water collection system in East 12th Street using American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) funds in support of a new sidewalk construction project.

Columbia Gateway Urban Renewal Agency

The Columbia Gateway Urban Renewal Agency, a component unit of the City of The Dalles, operated throughout the 2022-2023 fiscal year. The Agency consists of an Urban Renewal District, formed by the citizens, to resolve issues of blight within the boundaries of the District. Ordinance No. 09-1301 adopted an amendment to the plan on June 22, 2009. This amendment established the expiration of the district as the projected year of the district's maximum indebtedness, now estimated to be 2029. The Agency did levy and collect tax increment proceeds during FY 22/23.

Housing Needs Analysis and Residential Buildable Land Needs Assessment

A comprehensive Housing Needs Analysis and Residential Buildable Land Needs Assessment were completed in 2016/17, this project, in compliance with Oregon Planning Rules #10, identified types of housing needs and assessed future developable land needs. The City obtained a State Transportation and Growth Management Grant to complete state required housing code amendments. The amendments were approved unanimously by the City Council in June 2021. The City has recently begun a process to update the HNA as well as align with Governor Kotek's objetives to increase housing production due to the housing crisis. An update to the Buildable Land Inventory as industrial land, in particular the Google sites, is developed.

FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Accounting System and Budgetary Controls

The City's accounting records for general governmental operations are maintained on a modified accrual basis, with the revenue being recorded when available and measurable and expenditures being recorded when the services or goods are received and the liabilities are incurred. Accounting records for the City's proprietary fund type are maintained using the accrual basis of accounting.

The City's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure designed to protect the assets of the City from loss, theft or misuse, and to ensure that adequate accounting data is compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and (2) the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management. Management recognizes the significance of internal controls, which are incorporated in the accounting system. We believe our internal accounting controls adequately

safeguard the assets and provide reasonable assurance of proper recording of all financial transactions.

A budget is prepared and legally adopted by the City Council for each fund. All changes to the budget must be approved by the City Council. These budgets are all prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting, complying with Oregon Local Budget Law. The ordinance authorizing appropriations for each fund sets the level by which expenditures cannot legally exceed appropriations. All funds, excluding the General Fund, maintain levels of budgetary control for personnel services, materials and services, capital outlay, special payments, operation contingencies, debt service and all other requirements levels. For the General Fund, appropriations are at the department level for personal services, materials and services, capital outlay and other uses.

Unexpected additional resources may be added to the budget through the use of a supplemental budget and appropriations ordinance. A supplemental budget requires hearings before the public, publications in newspapers and approval by the City Council, if the change is greater than, or equal to, 10% of the original budget. Original and supplemental budgets may be modified by the use of appropriation transfers between the levels of control. Such transfers require approval by the City Council. The City Council approved several appropriation transfer resolutions during the year ended June 30, 2022. Appropriations lapse at year-end.

The City has established a procurement policy for the purchases of goods and services. Any items over \$5,000 purchased by the City require a purchase order. Purchase orders are initiated at the department level and are reviewed at the Finance office. Purchase orders greater than \$25,000 require the approval of the City Manager and those greater than \$100,000 require City Council approval.

The City Council has a comprehensive set of Fiscal Management Policies in June 2011. These policies updated and compiled existing policies on budgeting, revenues and expenditures, public contracting, purchasing authority levels, capital asset and capital improvements, cash management and investments, debt, risk management, and accounting and financial reporting.

OTHER INFORMATION

Management Discussion and Analysis

Generally accepted accounting principles require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditor.

Independent Audit

Chapter 297 of the Oregon Revised Statutes requires an independent audit be made of all City funds and account groups within six months following the close of a fiscal year. The independent auditors, who were selected by the City Council, have completed their audit of the City's funds and their opinion and State of Oregon required audit comments and disclosures are included in this report.

GFOA Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of The Dalles for

its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

Acknowledgments

The preparation of this report on a timely basis has been accomplished through diligent efforts of the Finance Department's entire staff and staff from other departments. I should like to express my appreciation to all the members of this department for their assistance and contributions to its preparation. I also thank the mayor and members of City Council for their interest and support in planning and conducting the financial operations of the City.

Respectfully submitted,

City Manager

Angle Wilson Finance Director

Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

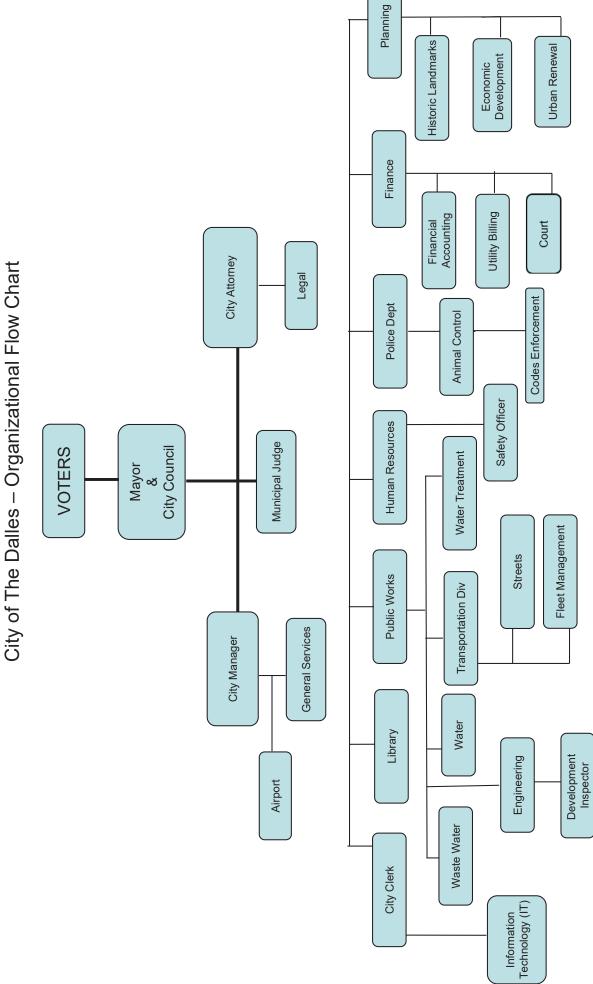
City of The Dalles Oregon

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2022

Christophen P. Monill

Executive Director/CEO



CITY OF THE DALLES OFFICIALS OF THE CITY AS OF JUNE 30, 2023

MAYOR AND CITY COUNCIL

Name and Address	Term Expires December 31
Rich Mays, Mayor 367 Summit Ridge The Dalles, OR 97058	2026
Darcy Long 2409 Mount Hood St. The Dalles, OR 97058	2024
Tim McGlothlin 328 W 21 st The Dalles, OR 97058	2026
Scott Randall 721 E 18 th The Dalles, OR 97058	2026
Dan Richardson 3515 Crest Court The Dalles, OR 97058	2024
Rod Runyon 2019 W Scenic The Dalles, OR 97058	2024

City Administration

Matthew Klebes, City Manager – Budget Officer Izetta Grossman, City Clerk Angie Wilson, Finance Director FINANCIAL SECTION

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT



Oregon Office 841 O'Hare Pkwγ, Ste.200 Medford, OR 97504 Τ. 541.773.6633 Idaho Office 155 E. 50th St. Boise, ID 83714 T: 208.373.7890

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Mayor and City Council City of The Dalles, Oregon

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of the Dalles, Oregon (the City) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the Table of Contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City, as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis of Matter – Restatements of Beginning Net Position and Fund Balance

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, the City recorded various restatements to the beginning net position and fund balances. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for 12 months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards*, will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that management's discussion and analysis, general fund and major special revenue fund budgetary comparison information, and certain other post-employment benefit schedules as listed in the Table of Contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

The general fund and major special revenue fund budgetary comparison information is the responsibility of management and is derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the general fund and major special revenue fund budgetary comparison information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The other supplementary information as listed in the Table of Contents and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance) is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplementary information as listed in the Table of Contents and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information Included in the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

Management is responsible for the other information included in the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR). The other information comprises the Introductory Section and Statistical Section but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 15, 2023 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Other Reporting Required by Oregon State Regulations

In accordance with Oregon State Regulations, we have also issued our report dated December 15, 2023 on our consideration of the City's compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes (ORS) as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules 162-10-0000 through 162-10-0320 of the *Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations*. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing necessary to address the required provisions of ORS, and not to provide an opinion on compliance with such provisions.

Jen Dupe

Jeny Grupe, CPA KDP Certified Public Accountants, LLP Medford, Oregon December 15, 2023

MANGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This discussion and analysis presents the highlights of financial activities and financial position for the City of The Dalles, Oregon. The analysis focuses on significant financial issues, major financial activities and resulting changes in financial position, budget changes and variances from the budget, and specific issues related to funds and economic factors affecting the City.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) focuses on current year activities and resulting changes. Please read it in conjunction with the Transmittal Letter (page i) and the City's financial statements. Changes discussed below exclude the impact of restatements of net position and fund balance which are outlined in Note 1 to the financial statements. Additionally, changes discussed below are from restated net position and fund balance figures. Prior year balances have not been adjusted to reflect the effect of restatements.

HIGHLIGHTS

- The City's assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at June 30, 2023 by \$134,361,911 (net position). Of this amount \$90,650,815, was invested in capital assets (net of related debt). \$9,779,961 was restricted for specific purposes, resulting in unrestricted net position of \$33,931,135. The unrestricted net position is made up of unrestricted governmental net position of \$27,763,345 and unrestricted business-type net position of \$6,167,790.
- The City's net position increased by \$5,958,198 (4.6%), a lesser amount than the prior year due primarily to a reduction in capital grants and contributions while expenses increased.
- The City's Governmental Funds had an increase in fund balances in the amount of \$2,477,336. The General Fund balance increased by \$1,390,464. The Street Fund balance decreased by \$139,406. The Special Grants Fund balance increased by \$12,404 and Nonmajor funds increased by \$1,213,874. The City prepares a budget for all governmental funds annually.
- The City's Enterprise Funds experienced an increase in net position of \$2,209,151, a lesser amount than the prior year due primarily to a reduction in miscellaneous revenue with an increase in expenses. The City prepares a budget for all enterprise funds annually.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The City's annual comprehensive financial report consists of several sections. Taken together they provide a comprehensive financial report of the City. The components of the report include the following:

Management's Discussion and Analysis. This section of the report provides financial highlights, overview and economic factors affecting the City.

Basic Financial Statements. Includes a Statement of Net Position, a Statement of Activities, fund financial statements and the notes to the financial statements.

Statements of Net Position and Activities focus on an entity-wide presentation using the accrual basis of accounting and provide both long-term and short-term information about the City's financial status. The Governmental activities include most of the City's basic services such as police, street maintenance and improvement, community planning and governance. The Business-type activities include the operation of the City's water and wastewater utilities.

Fund financial statements focus separately on major governmental funds and proprietary funds. Governmental fund statements follow the more traditional presentation of financial statements. The City's major governmental funds are presented in their own column and the remaining funds are combined into a column titled "Nonmajor Governmental Funds".

Statements for the City's proprietary funds follow the governmental funds and include net position, revenues, expenses and changes in fund net position, and cash flows.

The notes to the financial statements provide additional disclosures required by governmental accounting standards and provide information to assist the reader in understanding the City's financial condition.

Required Supplemental Information (RSI). The RSI section includes budget to actual schedules for the General Fund and major special revenue funds including the Street Fund and Special Grants Fund as well as certain schedules relating to the City's other post-employment benefits (OPEB) plan.

Other Supplemental Information. Readers desiring additional information about other funds not represented in the Basic Financial Statements can find it in this section of the report. Included within this section are:

- Combining Schedules of other governmental funds including special revenue, debt service and capital projects funds, which are classified as non-major. These schedules include balance sheets and schedules of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances.
- Combining Schedule of the General Fund. These schedules include a balance sheet and schedule of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance. The Public Works Reserve Fund, Transportation System Reserve Fund, and Unemployment Reserve Fund are budgetary funds required by Oregon Budget Law, but do not qualify as funds based on GASB 54 therefore they are combined into the General Fund to create the General Fund.
- Budgetary Comparisons. Budgetary information for all funds, except General Fund, Street Fund and Special Grants Fund, which are presented within the Basic Financial Statements, are presented here.
- Other Financial Schedules complete the Financial Section of this report which include combining schedules for All Water Funds and All Wastewater Funds as well as budget to actual schedules for all proprietary funds including the 2018 Utility Bond Fund with legally adopted budgets.

FINANCIAL SUMMARY AND ANALYSIS

As mentioned earlier, the City's net position as of June 30, 2023 was \$134,361,911, an increase from June 30, 2022 of \$5,958,198. By far the largest portion of the net position is comprised of the City's investment in capital assets (e.g., land, building, equipment, and public infrastructure), less any related debt outstanding that was used to acquire those assets. The City uses capital assets to provide services to citizens; therefore, these assets are not available for future spending. The resources to repay the related debt is not provided by capital assets but will be provided from other sources.

	Government	tal Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	Total			
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022		
Current and Other Assets Capital Assets, Net	\$ 42,855,111 36,435,905	\$ 38,821,115 36,377,150	\$ 14,776,961 67,144,951	\$ 15,565,193 61,485,009	\$ 57,632,072 103,580,856	\$ 54,386,308 97,862,159		
Total Assets	79,291,016	75,198,265	81,921,912	77,050,202	161,212,928	152,248,467		
Deferred Outflows of Resources				504,003		504,003		
Long-term Liabilities Other Liabilities	5,623,525 5,062,497	6,337,054 2,351,976	12,376,853 2,675,429	11,342,292 1,481,815	18,000,378 7,737,926	17,679,346 3,833,791		
Total Liabilities	10,686,022	8,689,030	15,052,282	12,824,107	25,738,304	21,513,137		
Deferred Inflows of Resources	818,185	570,769	294,528	352,124	1,112,713	922,893		
Net Position Net Investment in								
Capital Assets	30,243,503	30,544,869	60,407,312	56,299,353	90,650,815	86,844,222		
Restricted	9,779,961	14,416,982	-	3,915,118	9,779,961	18,332,100		
Unrestricted	27,763,345	20,976,615	6,167,790	4,163,503	33,931,135	25,140,118		
Total Net Position	\$ 67,786,809	\$ 65,938,466	\$ 66,575,102	\$ 64,377,974	\$ 134,361,911	\$ 130,316,440		

Summary statements of net position for the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022 are as follows:

The governmental activities revenue comes primarily from property taxes, franchise fees, charges for services, and various grants and contributions. Between FY21/22 and FY22/23, the City's Taxable Assessed Value (TAV) increased by 28.6%. When compared to the prior year, City property taxes collected increased by 20.2%. When compared to the prior year, Urban Renewal District property taxes collected increased by 5.6%.

Our natural gas franchise fees increased 27.56% over the prior year. This is primarily due to increases in natural gas prices during the year. The electric franchise fees increased 30.44%, while CATV/internet franchise fees decreased 1.35%, and the garbage franchise fees increased 10.98%. The Street Fund realized a 2.70% decrease in the local 3 cent per gallon gas tax. Transient Room Taxes collected increased 1.97% compared to the prior year. Total City charges for services revenue showed a 1% increase.

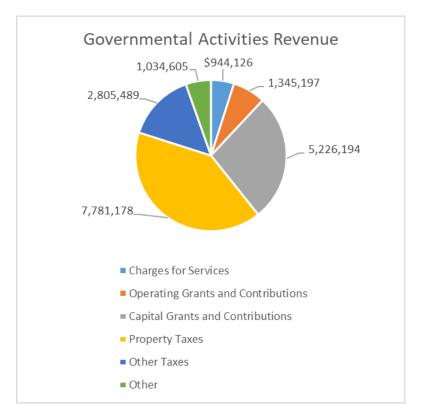
During the year ending June 30, 2023, the City received revenue from capital grants and contributions that consist primarily of awards for specific special projects. These will not be a continuing source of revenue. Grants and contributions received during the fiscal year included \$442,483 for the CDBG Housing Grant for Integrated Planning Grant, The Brownsfield Grant in the amount of \$210,437, and \$440,000 in ARPA Economic Recovery Funds.

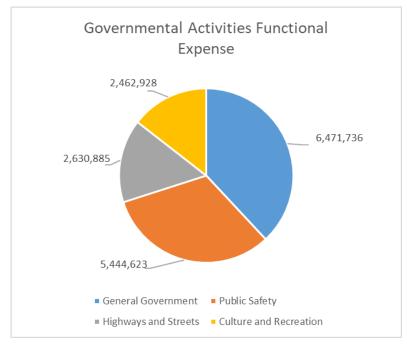
The City's governmental expenses cover a wide variety of services, with general government, public safety and streets accounting for most of these expenses. The 37.9% increase in governmental expenses was primarily due to increase in personnel services and capital outlay expenses for the transportation department and legal department.

The Business Type activities revenues come mostly from charges for services and various grants for capital outlay expenses for several projects, including the Trevitt street and 8th through 12th street Sanitary Sewer Project, Sorosis Reservoir roof repair project, Slipline 2022 Project, Rehab Wicks Well and the ongoing Dog River Pipeline Project, No water or wastewater rate increases were implemented during the year.

Business type activities expenses increased 6.9%, primarily due to increases in material and services and personnel service in the Wastewater Funds.

Property taxes are the City's primary on-going source of revenue and comprise 40.7% of the City's governmental revenue. Property taxes are derived from the permanent tax rate and taxes levied for the repayment of bonded indebtedness.





For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2023, net position of the Governmental activities increased by \$3,749,047, which represents a 5.85% increase. Net position of the Business-type activities increased by \$2,209,151, which represents a 3.4% increase. Key elements of these changes, when compared to the year ending June 30, 2022 are as follows:

	Governmental Activities			Business-type Activities			Total				
REVENUES	2023 2022		2023			2022		2023		2022	
Program Revenues											
--	\$ 944,126	\$	989,403	\$	12,436,765	\$	12,254,732	\$	13,380,891	\$	13,244,135
Operating Grants and Contributions	1,345,197		1,531,413		-		-		1,345,197		1,531,413
Capital Grants and Contributions	5,226,194		6,246,040		233,780		811,538		5,459,974		7,057,578
General Revenues											
Property Taxes	7,781,178		6,615,766		-		-		7,781,178		6,615,766
Other Taxes	2,805,489		2,749,746		-		-		2,805,489		2,749,746
Other	1,034,605		101,961		516,919		74,557		1,551,524		176,518
Total Revenues	19,136,789		18,234,329		13,187,464		13,140,827		32,324,253		31,375,156
EXPENSES											
General Government	6,471,736		4,495,163		-		-		6,471,736		4,495,163
Public Safety	5,444,623		5,294,311		-		-		5,444,623		5,294,311
Highways and Streets	2,630,885		2,515,564		-		-		2,630,885		2,515,564
Culture and Recreation	2,462,928		2,127,335		-		-		2,462,928		2,127,335
Interest on Long-Term Debt	119,572		268,057		-		-		119,572		268,057
Water	-		-		4,510,105		4,464,661		4,510,105		4,464,661
Sewer	-		-		4,541,607		3,912,610		4,541,607		3,912,610
2018 Utility Bond	-		-		184,599		263,984		184,599		263,984
Total Expenses	17,129,744		14,700,430		9,236,311		8,641,255		26,366,055		23,341,685
Change in Net Position Before Transfers	2,007,045		3,533,899		3,951,153		4,499,572		5,958,198		8,033,471
Transfers	1,742,002		1,437,266		(1,742,002)		(1,437,266)	_		_	-
Change in Net Position	3,749,047		4,971,165		2,209,151		3,062,306		5,958,198		8,033,471
Net Position, July 1	64,037,762		60,967,301		64,365,951		61,315,668		128,403,713		122,282,969
Net Position, June 30	\$ 67,786,809	\$	65,938,466	\$	66,575,102	\$	64,377,974	\$	134,361,911	\$	130,316,440

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

A significant portion of the increase in net position being less than the prior year is primarily due to the City's increase in general government expenses and a decrease in Economic Recovery Grant received from the American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) from the prior year.

BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES

The increase in net position of the business-type activities is less than the prior year due primarily due to the ongoing Dog River Pipeline Replacement Project, Sewer Slipline Contract and Trevitt and 8th through 12th street Sanitary Sewer Upgrade as described previously.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF FUNDS

As of June 30, 2023, the City's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$25,895,070, which is an increase of \$2,477,336 from June 30, 2022.

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the City. The General Fund has been combined with the Public Works Reserve Fund, the Street/Bridge Replacement Fund and the Unemployment Fund, as required by GASB 54. As of June 30, 2023, the combined General Fund balance was \$9,399,759 which is an increase of \$1,390,464 from June 30, 2022. The combined revenues were \$10,911,268 and combined expenditures were \$10,677,010, resulting in an excess of revenues over expenditures of \$244,258. The combined General Fund received transfers from other funds in the amount of \$1,861,106 and transfers out to other funds in the amount of \$737,008. This, combined with lease inceptions of \$22,108, resulted in net "Other financing sources" totaling \$1,146,206.

The Street Fund balance as of June 30, 2023 was \$1,705,535, which is an decrease of \$139,406 from June 30, 2022. Street Fund revenues were \$1,976,929, while expenditures were \$2,555,146, resulting in a deficit of revenues under expenditures of \$578,217. Transfers in from other funds in the amount of \$805,981 and transfers out to other funds in the amount of \$406,515 This, combined with sales of property for \$39,345 resulted in net "Other financing sources" totaling \$438,811.

The Special Grants Fund balance as of June 30, 2023 was \$3,293,378, which is an increase of \$12,404 from June 30, 2022. Revenues totaled \$1,322,067, while expenses were \$1,309,663.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as presented in the government-wide statements of net position and activities, but in more detail. The proprietary funds net position amounted to \$66,575,102 as of June 30, 2023, reflecting a \$2,209,151 increase from net position as of June 30, 2022.

The combined Water Funds net position as of June 30, 2023 was \$31,671,998, which is an increase of \$1,089,333 over June 30, 2022. This increase is primarily due to accumulating funds in the Water Capital Reserve to implement the capital improvement plan, including the Dog River Pipeline Replacement Project.

The combined Wastewater Funds net position as of June 30, 2023 was \$41,297,891, which is an increase of \$496,243 from June 30, 2022. This increase is primarily due to accumulating funds for the construction-in-progress projects to include the Sewer Slipline contract and the Trevitt Street Sanitary Sewer Phase I.

The 2018 Utility Bond Fund net position as of June 30, 2023 was (\$6,394,787) which is an increase of \$623,575 from June 30, 2022. This increase is primarily due to transfers exceeding debt service expenses as reported on the Statement of Activities.

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The original legal appropriations for fiscal year 2022-2023 for the General Fund – Budgetary Basis totaled \$11,900,744, with contingency of \$950,493. The Unappropriated Ending Balance, which is not included in the legal appropriations, was \$3,177,509. Budget amendments during the year resulted in a total budget of \$12,355,004, with a contingency of \$402,058. The changes to the budget were made to cover expenses for additional compensation for the Planning Department to complete the community visions project, procurement of body armor vests for the police department, a new lease for mobile computers for the police department, higher than anticipated legal services, adding a new facilities manager for the Community Development Department, an assessment of IT systems, purchase of a more robust IT cyber security policy, and additional compensation to the police department for additional overtime. Expenditures for the General Fund were \$4,106,962 under budget. The General Fund contains the City Administration, Legal, Finance, Planning, Police, and General Maintenance Departments, and budgets for certain anticipated levels of operations, maintenance and projects, along with a 10% Contingency. Some departments, such as Police, budget some items at a worst-case level. Department Managers are expected to work within their budgets and to try to return an average of 4 to 5% of their budgets to roll into the next year. It is also anticipated that the contingency will not be spent and will be available for the beginning fund balance in the new fiscal year.

CAPITAL ASSETS

As of June 30, 2023, the City had invested \$90,674,190 in capital assets of its governmental and business-type activities. This investment includes leases, land and land improvements, buildings, equipment, and public infrastructure of roads and bridges. The investment in governmental activities capital assets decreased by \$277,991 and business-type activities capital assets increased by \$4,107,959, significant additions during the year ending June 30, 2023 were related to the ongoing Dog River Pipeline Replacement Project, rehab of Wicks Well, Trevitt Street Sanitary Sewer, The Slipline 2022 Project, East Scenic Drive Stabilization Project, 2023 ADA Sidewalk Program, 2023 Overlay Program, East 9th Street galvanization, Getac tablet computers, Sorosis Reservoir roof repair, and a 2009 Freightliner.

Additional information on the City's capital assets may be found in Note 9 of the financial statements.

DEBT ADMINISTRATION

The total governmental long-term debt outstanding at June 30, 2023 was \$6,113,540. Business-type activities long-term debt outstanding was \$13,122,670. During the year the City added direct borrowings of \$1,934,400. A summary of the City's long-term debt outstanding is as follows:

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	Total			
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022		
Full faith and credit obligations	\$ 5,995,670	\$ 6,907,336	\$ 204,330	\$ 347,664	\$ 6,200,000	\$ 7,255,000		
Revenue bonds	-	-	6,385,032	7,006,140	6,385,032	7,006,140		
Premium on bonds	117,870	333,668	5,993	14,142	123,863	347,810		
Loans payable			6,527,315	4,823,850	6,527,315	4,823,850		
Total long-term debt	\$ 6,113,540	\$ 7,241,004	\$ 13,122,670	\$ 12,191,796	\$ 19,236,210	\$ 19,432,800		

Although the City is fully liable for the Airport taxable LOCAP bond which represents \$1,395,000 of governmental activities full faith and credit obligations outstanding for 2023 (\$1,480,000 in 2022), it is anticipated that this bond will be repaid from Airport rental revenue and the City has recorded a receivable from the Airport for the full amount of the bond and premium.

The City operates the Mid-Columbia Regional Airport as a joint venture with Klickitat County, Washington. The City has acted as a conduit for debt for the Airport. The City has not recorded this debt as it was not anticipated that the City would be required to use its resources for repayment. The balance outstanding at June 30, 2023 includes the following:

Airport Klickitat County CERB Loan	\$ 300,000
TOTAL	\$ 300,000

Compensated absences totaled \$641,965 as of June 30, 2023. Governmental accruals totaled \$424,996 but are not recorded as a liability in the Governmental Funds. Business-type compensated absences accrual totaling \$216,969 are recorded as current period liabilities as of June 30, 2023, because the oldest leave hours accrued are considered to be used first, so the balances are updated during the year by use and new accruals. The liability for other postemployment benefits totaled \$415,535. The breakdown was \$255,137 for governmental activities and \$160,398 for business-type activities.

Additional information on the City's long-term debt may be found in Note 11 of the financial statements.

ECONOMIC FACTORS

Each year, the City of The Dalles has a variety of projects and partnership that are being explored, developed and executed, in order to tackle community challenges and embrace opportunities that will foster economic growth, sustainability, and resiliency.

To begin, investments in Public Works infrastructure are the foundation of any community and need to be prioritized to ensure the supply of basic necessities such as water and resulting waste water management. To that end, the City has begun work on the Dog River Pipeline replacement project. This project will replace an over 3 mile segment of water line that is 110 years old and carries nearly 54% of the City's water supply. This pipeline is made of wood and at peak flow would leak nearly 1 million gallons a day. An Aquifer Storage and Recovery system feasibility study has been completed with potential financing in place and the City is also moving forward with an update to the City's Water Master Plan which will incorporate new infrastructure being developed in coordination with industrial and commercial users as well as address potential impacts from climate change. Public Works investment also include repairs and improvements to our reservoirs as well as continuing to execute of ADA ramp transition plan and maintaining the Pavement Management Index. One project will replace failing and undersized sanitary and storm sewer mains in a 5-block section of Trevitt Street. Monies are also being saved in reserve funds for future Transportation, Water and Sewer projects.

The Urban Renewal Agency completed a controlled demolition on the Recreation Building roof, following its partial collapse in summer 2019. There was a negotiated settlement with CIS insurance to offset loss and demolition costs. The Agency has completed the demolition of the Tony's Buildingand is engaging the Urban Renewal Agency on the future re-development of the property.. Redevelopment of the Recreation Building site is currently underway, two new storefronts completed which include retail as well as a ice cream/candy shop. The third storefront is nearing completion and will become an outdoor space that will complement an adjacent restaurant. The 1929 Granada Theater Building, located on the same block, was sold by the Agency in 2020. The theater now holds shows each weekend, including movies and live music performers. The Agency is also continuing efforts to move forward with the 1st Streetscaping Project and recently returned grant funding and severed the project relationship with ODOT. This decision will allow the project to move forward more quickly and at a lower cost. The project includes a new street, sidewalk and utility lines along First Street between Union and Laughlin Streets. The new streetscape will be inviting, bicycle-friendly, and ADA-accessible for the first time in The Dalles' history. The Agency has also had preliminary discussions with the City around the development of a plaza on downtown Federal St., and will likely be assisting the City in the development of a new parking lot on 3rd St., in support of several new projects in the downtown core including a nearly 100 unit mixed use vertical housing product in the downtown as well as a new grocery store located at the former Chronicle building, and the relocation of County administrative offices into the former Greater Oregon Behavioral Health (GOBHI) building.

CITY OF THE DALLES MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED) FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

The Enterprise Zone still has several active abatements and zone sponsors have adjusted some of the employment requirements due to the Covid-19 pandemic and labor challenges. City and County leadership also completed incentive negotiations with Google for up to 2 new data centers under the States Strategic Investment Program (SIP). SIP and EZ provide up to 15 years of tax abatement but the SIP has several distinct components where a portion of the development is taxed and there is a community service fee that will be distributed to all taxing districts that levy taxes at the development site.

The City continues to be in partnership with the Port of The Dalles and Wasco County for joint work required concerning the Columbia River Gorge Commission "Gorge 2020" Management Plan for the Columbia River gorge national Scenic Area. The City is also leading a Brownfield Coalition Assessment Grant program in partnership with the Port and Wasco County, this program seeks to mitigate environmental concerns with underutilized property and get them into more productive use.

Last year changes were also been made to the City's code to encourage various types of housing developments. The Columbia Gorge Regional Airport successfully completed the installation of bulk Jet A tanks and are now in the planning and grant searching/submission stage (such as an OEM, BIL, and/or COAR grants) for projects such as construction of a new fuel tank and pump station in coordination with the decommissioning of the existing underground fuel system. Other upcoming projects include design and bidding for the South Apron Rehab, fuel apron design and planning, and Quonset building paint/roof repairs. There are continued inquiries about additional private hangar construction and the Airport is exploring options for how to support such construction. The North Apron Rehabilitation project has been completed and is awaiting the final FAA closeout report so the final drawn down can be completed. The Airport continues to have record fuel sales of over \$260,000 this year despite a less robust fire season as prior years. Continued growth in private jet, military, and general public aviation activity has played a strong role in these sales. The flowage fees associated with these sales is just over \$18,000.

The Dalles continues to face challenges with housing, school infrastructure, homelessness, and limited industrial and commercial land as a result of the Urban Growth Boundary. The UGB is a complicated process because the City is also located in the National Scenic Area and a process for expanding the UGB, incorporating this dynamic, has been challenging to establish.

FINANCIAL CONTACT

The City's financial statements are designed to present users (citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors) with a general overview of the City's finances and to demonstrate the City's accountability. The Columbia Gateway Urban Renewal Agency has issued a separate report, which is available for those who are interested.

If you have questions about the report or need additional information, please contact the City Finance Director at 313 Court Street, The Dalles, Oregon.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The basic financial statements include interrelated sets of financial statements as required by the GASB. The sets of statements include:

- Government-Wide Financial Statements
- Fund Financial Statements
 - Governmental Funds
 - Proprietary Funds

In addition, the notes to the basic financial statements are included to provide information that is essential to a user's understanding of the basic financial statements.

CITY OF THE DALLES, OREGON STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2023

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
ASSETS			
Current assets	• • • • • • • • • • •	•	• • • • • • • • •
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 28,111,367	\$ 12,607,822	\$ 40,719,189
Accounts receivable, net Accounts	1,997,101	1,711,284	3,708,385
Accounts	91,030	1,711,204	3,708,385 91,030
Prepaid items	17,222	-	17,222
Inventories	148,059	457,855	605,914
Total current assets	30,364,779	14,776,961	45,141,740
Non-current assets			
Airport receivable	1,311,184	-	1,311,184
Investment in joint ventures	10,522,010	-	10,522,010
Restricted assets			
Notes receivable	307,445	-	307,445
Lease receivable	349,693	-	349,693
Capital assets	70.000		70.000
Lease assets, net	79,369	-	79,369
Land	705,460	4,299,879	5,005,339
Assets available for sale	974,253	-	974,253
Construction in progress Depreciable assets, net	2,674,584 32,002,239	9,542,736 53,302,336	12,217,320 85,304,575
Total non-current assets	48,926,237	67,144,951	116,071,188
Total assets	79,291,016	81,921,912	161,212,928
Current liabilities Accounts payable and accrued expenses Unearned revenue Accrued interest payable Compensated absences Current portion of long-term obligations Current portion of lease liability	770,577 3,018,799 24,111 424,996 800,639 23,375	1,487,962 64,283 216,969 906,215	2,258,539 3,018,799 88,394 641,965 1,706,854 23,375
Total current liabilities	5,062,497	2,675,429	7,737,926
Non-current liabilities			
Non-current portion of long-term obligations	5,312,901	12,216,455	17,529,356
Lease liability	55,487	-	55,487
Total other post-employment benefits liability	255,137	160,398	415,535
Total non-current liabilities	5,623,525	12,376,853	18,000,378
Total liabilities	10,686,022	15,052,282	25,738,304
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred inflows related to leases	349,693	-	349,693
Deferred inflows related to OPEB	468,492	294,528	763,020
Total deferred inflows of resources	818,185	294,528	1,112,713
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	30,243,503	60,407,312	90,650,815
Restricted for	0 074 000		0 074 000
Capital projects	8,974,223	-	8,974,223
Debt service Unrestricted	805,738 27,763,345	6,167,790	805,738 33,931,135
Total net position	67,786,809	66,575,102	134,361,911
Total liabilities and net position	\$ 79,291,016	\$ 81,921,912	\$ 161,212,928
tetal liabilitios and het position	\$ 10,201,010	÷ 01,021,012	÷ .51,212,020

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

CITY OF THE DALLES, OREGON STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

			Program Revenues		Net (Expense)	Revenue and Change	e in Net Position
		Charges for	Operating Grants	Capital Grants	Governmental	Business-type	
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	and Contributions	and Contribution	s Activities	Activities	Total
Governmental activities:							
General government	\$ 6,471,736	\$ 827,472	\$-	\$ 5,226,194	\$ (418,070)	\$-	\$ (418,070)
Public safety	5,444,623	80,198	. 57,800	, ., .	(5,306,625)	· .	(5,306,625)
Culture and recreation	2,462,928	7,425	4,010		(2,451,493)	-	(2,451,493)
Highways and streets	2,630,885	29,031	1,283,387		(1,318,467)		(1,318,467)
Interest expense	119,572	20,001	1,200,001		(1,010,407)		(1,010,407)
interest expense	119,572				(119,572)		(119,372)
Total governmental activities	17,129,744	944,126	1,345,197	5,226,194	(9,614,227)		(9,614,227)
Business-type activities:							
All water funds	4,510,105	6,460,016	-	217,990	-	2,167,901	2,167,901
All wastewater funds	4,541,607	5,976,749	-	15,790	-	1,450,932	1,450,932
2018 utility bond fund	184,599	-			_	(184,599)	(184,599)
2010 dimy bond land						(101,000)	(101,000)
Total business-type activities	9,236,311	12,436,765		233,780		3,434,234	3,434,234
TOTAL GOVERNMENT	\$ 26,366,055	\$ 13,380,891	\$ 1,345,197	\$ 5,459,974	(9,614,227)	3,434,234	(6,179,993)
		General revenues:					
		Taxes:					
		Property taxes					
		General purpo			6,107,761	-	6,107,761
		Urban renewa			1,673,417	-	1,673,417
			oublic service taxes		2,805,489	-	2,805,489
		Investment earnin			767,129	324,818	1,091,947
		Gain on sale of ca	apital assets		-	13,467	13,467
		Miscellaneous			267,476	178,634	446,110
		Transfers in (out)			1,742,002	(1,742,002)	
		Total general	revenues and transfe	ers	13,363,274	(1,225,083)	12,138,191
		CHANGE IN NET P	OSITION		3,749,047	2,209,151	5,958,198
		NET POSITION, be	ginning of year (as n	estated)	64,037,762	64,365,951	128,403,713
		NET POSITION, en			\$ 67,786,809	\$ 66,575,102	\$ 134,361,911

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Major Governmental Funds

General Fund

The General Fund is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the City, except those accounted for in another fund. Principal sources of revenue are property taxes, franchise fees, hotel-motel tax, and state shared revenues. Expenditures are primarily for general government operations, public safety (police), and culture and recreation.

Street Fund

The Street Fund accounts for the cost of maintaining City streets system. Principal sources of revenues are state gasoline taxes apportioned from the State of Oregon, local fuel taxes, charges for services to other funds, and transfers.

Special Grants Fund

The Special Grants Fund accounts for for various grant programs operated by the City. Revenues consist primarily of grants and interest on investments.

CITY OF THE DALLES, OREGON BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Ge	eneral Fund	s	treet Fund	Sp	ecial Grants Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	8,813,359	\$	1,531,503	\$	6,199,421	\$ 11,567,084	\$ 28,111,367
Receivables Accounts		999,347		193,395		164,719	34,444	1,391,905
Leases		349,693		193,395		104,719	34,444	349,693
Fines and forfeitures, net		349,093 350,895		-		-	-	349,093
Property taxes		173,330		-		-	- 80,971	254,301
Notes		175,550		_			307,445	307,445
Prepaid items		17,222		_		_		17,222
Inventories		-		148,059		_	_	148,059
Total assets	\$	10,703,846	\$	1,872,957	\$	6,364,140	\$ 11,989,944	\$ 30,930,887
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	460,338	\$	167,422	\$	51,963	\$ 90,854	\$ 770,577
Unearned revenue	Ŧ	-	+	-	Ŧ	3,018,799	-	3,018,799
Total liabilities		460.220		167 400		2 070 762	90.854	2 700 276
Total habilities		460,338		167,422		3,070,762	90,034	3,789,376
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		173,330		-		-	69,203	242,533
Unavailable revenue - fines and forfeitures		320,726		-		-	26,044	346,770
Unavailable revenue - notes		-		-		-	307,445	307,445
Unavailable revenue - leases		349,693		-		-	-	349,693
Total deferred inflows of resources		843,749		-		-	402,692	1,246,441
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable								
Prepaids		17,222		-		-	-	17,222
Inventory		-		148,059		-	-	148,059
Restricted for				,				,
Grant / contributor specific intent		-		-		3,293,378	5,769	3,299,147
Debt service		-		-		-	805,738	805,738
Capital projects		-		1,557,476		-	-	1,557,476
Sytem development							5,331,949	5,331,949
Intergovernmental agreement		-		-		-	2,084,798	2,084,798
Committed for								
Major capital facilities and associated debt		-		-		-	793,995	793,995
Agreements with state agencies		-		-		-	2,474,149	2,474,149
Unassigned		9,382,537		-		-	-	9,382,537
Total fund balances		9,399,759		1,705,535		3,293,378	11,496,398	25,895,070
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCE	\$	10,703,846	\$	1,872,957	\$	6,364,140	\$ 11,989,944	\$ 30,930,887

CITY OF THE DALLES, OREGON RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2023

TOTAL FUND BALANCES – governmental funds		\$ 25,895,070
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds		36,356,536
Lease intangible right of use assets are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds		79,369
Investments in joint ventures are not financial resources and, therefore are not reported in the funds		10,522,010
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds Airport receivable Unavailable revenue	\$ 1,402,214 896,748	0.000.000
Long-term liabilities, other postemployment benefits liability, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds		2,298,962
Long-term debt Premium Compensated absences Net present value of lease liabilities Interest payable Other postemployment benefits	\$ (5,992,095) (121,445) (424,996) (78,862) (24,111) (723,629)	 (7,365,138)
NET POSITION - governmental activities		\$ 67,786,809

CITY OF THE DALLES, OREGON STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	General Fund	Street Fund	Special Grants Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES					
Property taxes	\$ 4,644,868	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,120,183	\$ 7,765,051
Other taxes	1,865,739	492,181	-	-	2,357,920
Franchise fees	289,097	120,597	-	37,875	447,569
Assessments Licenses and fees	- 52 057	-	-	20,347	20,347
	53,957	1 000 007	1 169 700	- 911,143	53,957
Intergovernmental Fines and forfeitures, net	3,208,132 80,198	1,283,387	1,168,729	7,425	6,571,391 87,623
System development charges	154,740	-	-	7,425	154,740
Principal and interest repayments	154,740	-	-	-	154,740
Rental Income	77,922	-	-	549,537	627,459
Interest on investments	230,381	51,733	153,338	331,677	767,129
Miscellaneous	306,234	29,031	-	4,260	339,525
Total revenues	10,911,268	1,976,929	1,322,067	4,982,447	19,192,711
EXPENDITURES Current					
General government	3,237,555	-	-	265,102	3,502,657
Public safety	4,667,420	-	-	690,541	5,357,961
Planning and economic development	506,230	-	-	-	506,230
Culture and recreation	939,814	-	-	1,443,694	2,383,508
Highways and streets		1,570,370	1,159,788	1,339	2,731,497
Capital outlay	1,292,599	984,776	149,875	623,524	3,050,774
Debt service					
Principal	22,778	-	-	1,401,666	1,424,444
Interest	614	-	-	492,592	493,206
Total expenditures	10,667,010	2,555,146	1,309,663	4,918,458	19,450,277
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES			10.101	~~~~~	(055 500)
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	244,258	(578,217)	12,404	63,989	(257,566)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		00.045		100 700	100.054
Proceeds from sale of property	-	39,345	-	128,709	168,054
Lease inception	22,108	-	-	-	22,108
Transfers in Transfers out	1,861,106	805,981	-	1,722,223	4,389,310
Scheduled debt service transfers	(737,008)	(406,515)	-	(541,472)	(1,684,995)
				(159,575)	(159,575)
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,146,206	438,811		1,149,885	2,734,902
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	1,390,464	(139,406)	12,404	1,213,874	2,477,336
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year, as restated	8,009,295	1,844,941	3,280,974	10,282,524	23,417,734
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$ 9,399,759	\$ 1,705,535	\$ 3,293,378	\$ 11,496,398	\$ 25,895,070

CITY OF THE DALLES, OREGON RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

TOTAL NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - governmental funds Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different be	cause:		\$ 2,477,336
The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlay in the			
current period Current year depreciation Current year additions	\$	(1,070,514) 1,897,401	826,887
The City has equity interests in two joint ventures. The allocated gain from these investments are not current financial resources and therefore is not reported in the			020,007
governmental funds			267,172
Some revenue reported in the statement of activities do not provide current financial resources the governmental funds			
Property taxes, Fines and forfeitures, and Miscellaneous revenues			(323,092)
With the implementation of GASB 87, lease assets are recognized as an intangible right of use asset and are amortized over their estimated useful life and lease liabilities are recognized at the net present value of all future lease payments in the Statement of Net Position. In the current year principle payments exceeded amortization.			(5,118)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds			
Compensated absences	\$	(26,218)	
Other post-employement benefits expense Loss on disposal of assets		34,507 (427,132)	(418,843)
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction however, has any effect on net position. This is the amount by which repayments exceeded proceeds.			(+10,040)
Issuance of lease Debt service principal payments	\$	(22,108) 911,666 27,187	
Premium amortization expense Accrued interest expense		37,187 (2,040)	
		· · · ·	924,705

CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

\$ 3,749,047

CITY OF THE DALLES, OREGON STATEMENT OF NET POSITION ENTERPRISE FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

ASSETS	All Water Funds	All Wastewater Funds	2018 Utility Bond Fund	Total
ASSETS Current assets Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable, net Inventory	\$ 6,062,945 1,038,806 358,906	\$ 6,540,426 672,478 98,949	\$ 4,451 	\$ 12,607,822 1,711,284 457,855
Total current assets	7,460,657	7,311,853	4,451	14,776,961
NONCURRENT ASSETS Capital assets Land Construction in progress Depreciable assets, net	2,887,016 8,213,483 20,537,028	1,412,863 1,329,253 32,765,308	- - -	4,299,879 9,542,736 53,302,336
Total noncurrent assets	31,637,527	35,507,424	-	67,144,951
TOTAL ASSETS	39,098,184	42,819,277	4,451	81,921,912
LIABILITIES Current liabilities Accounts payable Accrued interest payable Compensated absences payable Current portion of long-term debt	1,441,595 39,289 148,381 198,508	46,367 10,787 68,588 70,740	- 14,207 - 636,967	1,487,962 64,283 216,969 906,215
Total current liabilities	1,827,773	196,482	651,174	2,675,429
NON-CUURENT LIABILITIES Bonds and notes payable Total other post-employment benefits liability	5,319,084 98,486	1,149,307 61,912	5,748,064	12,216,455 160,398
Total non-current liabilities	5,417,570	1,211,219	5,748,064	12,376,853
Total liabilities	7,245,343	1,407,701	6,399,238	15,052,282
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred inflows related to OPEB	180,843	113,685		294,528
Total deferred inflows of resources	180,843	113,685		294,528
NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted	26,119,935 5,552,063	34,287,377 7,010,514	- (6,394,787)	60,407,312 6,167,790
TOTAL NET POSITION (DEFICIT)	31,671,998	41,297,891	(6,394,787)	66,575,102
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION (DEFICIT)	\$ 39,098,184	\$ 42,819,277	\$ 4,451	\$ 81,921,912

CITY OF THE DALLES, OREGON STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION ENTERPRISE FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	All Water Funds	All Wastewater Funds	2018 Utility Bond Fund	Total
OPERATING REVENUES	• • • • • • • • •	•	•	• · · · = • · • · =
Charges for services	\$ 6,411,562	\$ 5,373,385	\$-	\$ 11,784,947
Systems development charges Rental income	44,026 4,428	603,364	-	647,390 4,428
Miscellaneous	4,420	- 15,321	-	4,420
Total operating revenues	6,623,329	5,992,070		12,615,399
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Personnel service	2,444,638	1,309,632	-	3,754,270
Materials and services	1,229,669	2,147,099	-	3,376,768
Capital outlay	135,106	-	-	135,106
Depreciation and amortization	622,010	1,048,694		1,670,704
Total operating expenses	4,431,423	4,505,425		8,936,848
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	2,191,906	1,486,645		3,678,551
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSE) Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets Interest on investments	308 160,172	13,159 164,646	-	13,467 324,818
Interest expense	(78,682)	(36,182)	(184,599)	(299,463)
Total nonoperating				
revenues (expenses)	81,798	141,623	(184,599)	38,822
INCOME BEFORE OPERATING TRANSFERS AND CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS	2,273,704	1,628,268	(184,599)	3,717,373
TRANSFERS				
Transfers in	-	-	808,174	808,174
Transfers out	(1,402,361)	(1,147,815)		(2,550,176)
Total transfers	(1,402,361)	(1,147,815)	808,174	(1,742,002)
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS Intergovernmental	\$ 217,990	\$ 15,790		233,780
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	1,089,333	496,243	623,575	2,209,151
NET POSITION, beginning of year, as restated	30,582,665	40,801,648	(7,018,362)	64,365,951
NET POSITION, end of year	\$ 31,671,998	\$ 41,297,891	\$ (6,394,787)	\$ 66,575,102

CITY OF THE DALLES, OREGON STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS ENTERPRISE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2023

	All	Water Funds	All	Wastewater Funds	018 Utility and Fund		Total
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts from customers and users Payments to suppliers Payments to employees	\$	6,260,614 (122,481) (2,481,697)	\$	6,155,389 (2,146,821) (1,319,105)	\$ - - -	\$	12,416,003 (2,269,302) (3,800,802)
Net cash provided by operating activities		3,656,436		2,689,463	 -		6,345,899
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Transfers in Transfers out		(1,402,361)		(1,147,815)	 808,174 -		808,174 (2,550,176)
Net cash (used) by noncapital financing activities		(1,402,361)		(1,147,815)	 808,174		(1,742,002)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES							
Proceeds from intergovernmental revenue Proceeds from capital debt		217,990 1,934,400		15,790	-		233,780 1,934,400
Proceeds from sale of capital asset		1,934,400 308		- 16,457	-		1,934,400
Acquisition of capital assets		(5,564,342)		(1,769,600)	-		(7,333,942)
Principal paid on long-term obligations		(248,311)		(125,958)	(621,108)		(995,377)
Interest paid on long-term obligations		(83,017)		(36,992)	 (185,981)		(305,990)
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities		(3,742,972)		(1,900,303)	 (807,089)		(6,450,364)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES							
Interest on investments		160,172		164,646	-		324,818
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities		160,172		164,646	-		324,818
Net change in cash and cash equivalents		(1,328,725)		(194,009)	1,085		(1,521,649)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING		7,391,670		6,734,435	 3,366		14,129,471
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, ENDING	\$	6,062,945	\$	6,540,426	\$ 4,451	\$	12,607,822
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	•		•				
Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:	\$	2,191,906	\$	1,486,645	\$ -	\$	3,678,551
Depreciation and amortization expense Decrease (increase) in:		622,010		1,048,694	-		1,670,704
Receivables		(362,715)		163,319	-		(199,396)
Inventories		6,270		5,137			11,407
Increase (decrease) in:		4 000 004		(4.050)			1 004 405
Accounts payable and accrued expenses Other postemployment benefits payable		1,236,024 6,221		(4,859) 6,528	-		1,231,165 12,749
Deferred inflows related to other post-employment benefits		(39,197)		(18,399)	-		(57,596)
Accrued compensated absences		(4,083)		2,398	-		(1,685)
Total adjustments	_	1,464,530	_	1,202,818	 -	_	2,667,348
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	3,656,436	\$	2,689,463	\$ -	\$	6,345,899

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Reporting Entity

The City of The Dalles (the City), is organized under the general laws of the State of Oregon. The City Council, composed of the mayor and five Council members, comprises the legislative branch of the City. Individual departments are under the direction of the City Manager, who is appointed by the City Council. The accompanying financial statements present all activities, funds and component units for which the City is considered to be financially accountable.

The governmental reporting entity consists of the City, the primary government, and its component unit. Component units are legally separate organizations for which the City is financially accountable, or other organizations whose nature and significant relationship with the City are such that the exclusion would cause the City's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Based upon the evaluation of this criteria, the basic financial statements include the Columbia Gateway Urban Renewal Agency. The blended component unit is considered part of the City's operations, and so financial information from this unit is combined with the information of the City.

The criteria used in making this determination includes appointment of a voting majority, imposition of will, financial benefit or burden on the primary government, and fiscal dependency on the primary government. Based upon the evaluation of this criteria, the City is a primary government with the following includable component unit.

Blended component unit – The Columbia Gateway Urban Renewal Agency (the Agency) was formed to undertake urban renewal projects and activities pursuant to the City's redevelopment plan. The Urban Renewal Board of Directors is currently a 9-member body made up of representatives from local taxing districts, the City Council, and citizens at large.

Blended component units, although legally separate entities are, in substance, part of the government's operations and data from these units are combined with data of the primary government. The Columbia Gateway Urban Renewal Agency is a blended component unit and, in substance, is part of the City's operations, although it is a legally separate entity. The City provides accounting and operational support for the Columbia Gateway Urban Renewal Agency and has a June 30 year-end. Complete financial statements for the Agency may be obtained at the City's administrative offices, 313 Court Street, The Dalles, OR 97058.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all of the activities of the City (the primary government) and its component unit. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Government activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from the business-types activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segments are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Basis of Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting*, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the functions of the City, the elimination of which would distort the direct cost and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned. Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for proprietary funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using *the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 30 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Significant revenues, which are susceptible to accrual under the modified accrual basis of accounting, include property taxes and federal and state grants. Other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available when received by the City. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments are recorded only when payment is due.

The bases of accounting described above are in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - The General Fund is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the City, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Principal sources of revenue are property taxes, franchise fees, hotel-motel tax, and state shared revenues. Expenditures are primarily for general government operations, public safety (police), and culture and recreation.

Street Fund - The Street Fund accounts for the cost of maintaining City streets and storm water drainage systems. Principal sources of revenues are state gasoline taxes apportioned from the State of Oregon, local fuel taxes, charges for services to other funds, and transfers.

Special Grants Fund - The Special Grants Fund accounts for the financing of public improvements or services deemed to benefit primarily the properties against which the assessments are levied. Principal sources of revenues are assessment principle and interest collected.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

Water Funds - The Water Funds accounts for revenues and expenses related to the City's water utility operations.

Wastewater Funds - The Wastewater Funds account for revenues and expenses related to the City's wastewater utility operations.

2018 Utility Bond Fund - The 2018 Utility Bond Fund accounts for the accumulation of resources for, and the repayment of, general long-term debt principal and interest relating to the Series 2018 Revenue and Refunding Bond.

The City also includes the following fund types as other governmental funds:

Special revenue funds - Special revenue funds are primarily operating funds that account for revenue derived from specific taxes or other revenue sources, which are legally restricted to finance particular functions or activities. When a special revenue fund is not an operating fund, transfers are made from the special revenue fund to the operating funds authorized to make expenditures.

Capital projects funds - Capital projects funds account for expenditures on major construction projects or equipment acquisitions. The principal sources of revenues are proceeds from long-term obligations issued to finance capital acquisitions and improvements.

Debt service funds - Debt service funds account for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term debt for governmental funds.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The City's cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, demand deposits, and investments in the Oregon State Treasury Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP).

The City maintains merged bank accounts and investments for its funds in a central pool of cash and investments. The investment policy of the City is to invest in LGIP and interest-bearing demand deposits with local banks and to transfer resources to the general checking account as the need arises. This policy is in accordance with ORS 294.035, which specifies the types of investments authorized for municipal corporations. The City allocates earnings on investments to each fund based on average monthly cash balances throughout the year. For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the City considers all highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) purchased with a maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

Investments in the Local Government Investment Pool are stated at amortized cost, which approximates fair value. All other investments are reported at fair value.

Receivables and Payables

Transactions between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "interfund receivables/payables" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances".

Advances between funds are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate they are not available for appropriation and are not available expendable financial resources.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Receivables and Payables (continued)

Other receivables including property taxes, accounts, entitlements, and shared revenues are reported in accordance with the policies enumerated in the Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements paragraph above. An allowance for bad debts is carried in the enterprise funds. The City has strong enforcement procedures including shut off of utility services. An allowance for bad debt is not carried in the governmental funds because the City has determined that any uncollectible amount would be immaterial to the financial statements.

Inventories and Prepaid Expenses

Inventories in Street, Water and Wastewater Funds are determined by annual physical count and are stated at cost.

Certain payments to vendors reflect cost applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost when actual cost is not available. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets is expensed.

Property, plant and equipment of the City is depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Furnishings and equipment	5_7 years
Infrastructure	10_60 years
Land improvements	5_100 years
Buildings	30_100 years
Other	5_100 years
Right of use assets - lease	Life of the lease

It is the City's policy to record no depreciation on capital assets in the year of acquisition and a full year of depreciation in the year of disposition.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to future periods and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenditure) until then. The City's only deferred outflow of resources is a deferred charge incurred on refunding of bonds.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources (continued)

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to future periods and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City recognizes deferred inflows related to the OPEB liability and for lease revenue to be earned in future periods in the government-wide financial statements. The City has two items that qualify for reporting in this category under the modified accrual basis of accounting. The item "unavailable revenue," is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from property taxes court and assessments, notes and leases receivable. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. The City also records a deferred inflow of resources in the governmental funds balance sheet for lease revenue to be earned in future periods.

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities or business-type activities Statement of Net Position. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the lives of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Compensated Absences

It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned, but unused, vacation, compensatory time, and sick pay benefits. No liability is reported for unpaid accumulated sick pay benefits. All vacation and compensatory time pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

Compensated absences are normally paid from the General, Library, Street, Water, and Wastewater funds. The entire balance of compensated absences has been reported as due within one year because the oldest leave hours accrued are considered to be used first, so the balances are constantly being updated by use and new accruals.

Investment in Joint Ventures

Investment in joint ventures with other governments is reported at cost plus or minus the City's share of operating income or loss utilizing the equity method of accounting for investments.

Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the OPEB liability and OPEB expense, the City relies on actuarial calculations.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Leases

A lessee is required to recognize a lease payable and an intangible right-to-use lease asset. A lease payable is recognized at the net present value of future lease payments and is adjusted over time by interest and payments. Future lease payments include fixed payments. The right-to-use asset is initially recorded at the amount of the lease liability plus prepayments less any lease incentives received prior to lease commencement and is subsequently amortized over the life of the lease.

The City has chosen not to implement GASB 87 for the budgetary basis of accounting. For both the budgetary basis of accounting and for leases that do not meet the criteria for valuation under GASB 87, the City will report inflows of cash for lessor leases and outflows of cash for lesses.

The measurement of leases receivable is based on the present value of lease payments expected to be received during the lease term, such as fixed payments, variable payments that depend on an index or rate, variable payments that are fixed in substance, residual value guarantee payments that are fixed in substance, and any lease incentives payable to the lessee. A number or leases have a maximum possible term of 12 months (or less), including options to extend, regardless of their probability of being exercised. Those payments are recognized as inflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the lease contracts and are therefore excluded from the schedule in this section.

Operating Revenues and Expenses, Non-operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. For the City, these revenues are charges for sales of water, sewer, and electrical services. Operating expenses are necessary costs incurred to provide the goods or services that is the primary activity of the fund.

Non-operating revenues and expenses of the City are those revenues and expenses not directly related to the service provided by the fund. Non-operating revenues and expenses include interest, grants, and gain or loss on disposition of capital assets.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the basic financial statements and reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Fund Balance

In the fund financial statements, fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to honor constraints on the specific purpose for which amounts in the funds can be spent. Fund balance is reported in five components.

- Non-spendable Amounts not immediately converted to cash, such as prepaid items and inventory.
- **Restricted** Includes amounts that are restricted by external creditors, granters or contributors, or restricted by enabling legislation.
- **Committed** Includes amounts that have been committed by resolution by the City Council which is the City's "highest level of decision-making authority." Committed amounts may not be used for any other purpose unless the City Council removes the constraint by similar council action. Commitments of fund balance must be made prior to the end of the fiscal year.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Fund Balance (continued)

- Assigned Includes amounts assigned for specific purposes by council action who authorizes, by
 resolution, the City Manager to assign fund balance. Assigned fund balance is also established by the
 Council through adoption or amendment of the budget as intended for specific purpose.
- **Unassigned** This is the residual classification used for those balances not assigned to another category. Only the general fund may have an unassigned balance.

Use of Restricted Resources

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources, as they are needed. When unrestricted resources (committed, assigned, and unassigned) are available for use it is the City's policy to use committed resources first, then assigned, and then unassigned as they are needed.

Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities. Net position invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or law or regulations of other governments. For specific details see the statement of net position.

Net Position

For government-wide reporting as well as in proprietary funds, the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is called net position. Net position is comprised of three components: net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted.

- Net investment in capital assets This consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation/amortization and reduced by outstanding balances of bonds, notes, and other debt that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets or related debt are included in this component of net position.
- Restricted net position This consists of restricted assets reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows
 of resources related to those assets. Assets are reported as restricted when constraints are placed on
 asset use either by external parties or by law through constitutional provision or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted net position Includes the net amount of the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that does not meet the definition of the two preceding categories.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Restatements of Beginning Net Position and Fund Balance

For the year ended June 30, 2023, restatements of previously reported balances were identified as follows:

<u>Governmental and Business-type beginning fund balances</u> were restated due improper recording of a prepaid as the cost was incurred in the prior fiscal year. Also and where noted, a misallocation of cash receipts was recorded to the Urban Renewal Agency Fund which should have been recorded to the General fund. This error required a restatement in the Urban Renewal Agency's stand-alone financial statements. The effect of these corrections is as follows:

Fund Balance	Balance June 30, 2022 as previously reported			estatement	Balance ne 30, 2022 as restated
General Fund	\$	8,067,289			
Prepaid asset error				(69,997)	
Cash allocation error				12,003	
Total				(57,994)	8,009,295
Library Fund		2,222,992		(12,317)	2,210,675
Street Fund		1,857,217		(12,276)	1,844,941
State Office Building Fund		61,886		(1,252)	60,634
Urban Renewal Agency Fund		4,708,635			
Cash allocation error				(12,003)	4,696,632
Water Utility Fund		651,869		(36,996)	614,873
Wastewater Fund	\$	942,998	\$	(23,256)	\$ 919,742

<u>Special Grants Fund beginning fund balance</u> was restated in relation to advanced paid grant monies received and recorded as revenue as a whole prior to incurring associated grant expenditures as required for revenue recognition.

<u>Special Assessments Fund beginning fund balance</u> was restated in relation to the accrual of an uncollectible balance in accounts receivable and an improper deferral of revenue. The effect of these corrections is as follows:

Fund Balance	Ju as	Balance ne 30, 2022 previously reported	R	estatement	Balance ne 30, 2022 s restated
Special Grants Fund Special Assessments Fund	\$	4,961,351 406,671	\$	(1,680,377)	\$ 3,280,974
Uncollectable accounts receivable				(33,059)	
Improper revenue deferral				45,456	
Total			\$	12,397	\$ 419,068

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Restatements Due to Correction of Accounting Errors (continued)

<u>Governmental Activities beginning net position</u> was restated as a result of the previously noted errors affecting governmental funds, to correct repair and maintenance expenditures which were incorrectly capitalized as construction in progress, to correct unamortized bond premiums which were done on the straight-line basis although the interest method is required and to correct for assets held-for-sale which were sold but derecognized. The effect of these corrections is as follows:

Net Position	Balance ine 30, 2022 s previously reported	R	estatement	Balance une 30, 2022 as restated
Governmental Activities Grant revenue recognition error Prepaid asset error Premium amortization error Uncollectible receivables accrual Improper revenue deferral Construction in progress error Assets held-for-sale error	\$ 65,938,466	\$	(1,680,377) (95,842) 178,611 (33,059) 45,456 (275,493) (40,000) (1,900,704)	\$ 64,037,762

<u>All Water Funds, All Wastewater Funds and 2018 Utility Bond Fund beginning net position balances</u> were restated as a result of the previously noted errors in prepaid expenses, the nonaccrual of unbilled revenue for utility services provided to customers which were not yet billed as of year-end and amortization errors in the deferred charge on refunding. The effect of these corrections is as follows:

Net Position	Balance June 30, 2022 as previously reported		Res	Restatement		Balance une 30, 2022 as restated
Business-type Activities All Water Funds Prepaid asset error Unbilled revenue non accrual Premium amortization error Total	\$	30,403,665		(36,996) 210,390 5,606 179,000		30,582,665
All Wastewater Funds Prepaid asset error Unbilled revenue non accrual Premium amortization error Total		40,488,668		(23,256) 335,038 1,198 312,980		40,801,648
2018 Utility Bond Fund Deferred charge on refunding error		(6,514,359)	\$	(50,403)	\$	(6,564,762)

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Restatements Due to Correction of Accounting Errors (continued)

<u>Business-type Activities</u> was restated in relation to the cumulative matters addressed above related to All Water Funds, All Wastewater Funds and 2018 Utility Bond Fund:

		Balance				
	Ju	une 30, 2022				Balance
	а	s previously			Ju	une 30, 2022
Net Position		reported		statement	;	as restated
Business-type Activities	\$	64,377,974	\$	441,577	\$	64,819,551

Adoption of New GASB Pronouncements

During the year ended June 30, 2023, the District implemented the following GASB Pronouncements:

GASB Statement No. 91, *Conduit Debt Obligations*. The primary objectives of this Statement are to provide a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminate diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. There is no effect on the District's financial statements as a result of this Statement.

GASB Statement No. 94, *Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements.* This Statement's objective is to address accounting and financial reporting for arrangements in which a government contracts with an operator to provide public services by conveying control of the right to operate or use a capital asset for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. There is no effect on the District's financial statements as a result of this Statement.

GASB Statement No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements*. This Statement's objective is to provide guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements for government end users. There is no effect on the City's financial statements as a result of this Statement.

GASB Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*. Issued in June 2022, this Statement updates recognition and measurement guidelines for compensated absences. This statement was issued in June 2022 to recognize (1) leave that has not been used and (2) leave that has been used but not yet paid in cash or settled through noncash means. The statement also amends the existing requirement to disclose the gross increases and decreases in a liability for compensated absences to allow governments to disclose the net change in the liability. In addition, governments are no longer required to disclose which governmental funds typically have been used to liquidate the liability for compensated absences. Change in disclosures are reflected in Note 13.

Future GASB Pronouncements

The following GASB pronouncements have been issued, but are not effective as of June 30, 2023:

GASB Statement No. 100, *Accounting Changes and Error Corrections*. This Statement clarifies the presentation and disclosures requirements for prior period adjustments to beginning net position. This Statement will be effective for the District for fiscal year ending June 30, 2024.

The District will implement new GASB pronouncements no later than the required effective date. The District is currently evaluating whether or not the above listed new GASB pronouncements will have a significant impact to the District's financial statements.

Note 2 - Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with U.S. GAAP for all governmental funds. The annual budgets for the proprietary funds are adopted on a basis not consistent with U.S. GAAP to comply with Oregon Local Budget Law. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end.

Oregon local budget law establishes standard procedures relating to the preparation, adoption, and execution of the annual budget. The City begins its budgeting process by appointing Budget Committee members in the fall of each year. Budget recommendations are developed by management through early spring, with the Budget Committee meeting and approving the budget document in late spring. Public notices of the budget hearing are generally published in May or June and the hearing is held in June. The City Council adopts the budget, makes appropriations, and declares the tax levy no later than June 30. Expenditure appropriations may not be legally over expended, except in the case of grant receipts and bond sale proceeds which could not be reasonably estimated at the time the budget was adopted.

The resolution authorizing appropriations for each fund sets the level by which expenditures cannot legally exceed appropriations. The level of budgetary control is established at the department level for the General Fund. For all other funds, the level of budgetary control is established at the personal services, materials and services, capital outlay, operating contingency, interfund transfers, debt services, special payments, and contingencies.

Unexpected additional resources may be added to the budget and appropriated for expenditure through the use of a supplemental budget. The supplemental budget process requires publication in the newspaper and approval by the City Council, and, if it is over 10% of the operating budget of the affected fund, a hearing before the public is also required. Oregon Local Budget Law also provides certain specific exceptions to the supplemental budget process to increase appropriations. Management must obtain City Council authorization for all appropriation transfers and supplementary budgetary appropriations. During fiscal year 2023, the City issued two supplemental budgets.

Note 3 - Deposits and Investments

Deposits – The GASB has adopted U.S. GAAP, which include standards to categorize deposits to give an indication of the level of custodial credit risk assumed by the City at June 30, 2023. If bank deposits at year end are not entirely insured or collateralized with securities held by the City or by its agent in the City's name, the City must disclose the custodial credit risk that exists. Deposits with financial institutions are comprised of bank demand deposits. Any deposits with financial institutions will be covered up to \$250,000 by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation (FDIC), and the remaining deposited at an approved depository as prescribed by the Oregon State Treasurer.

The insurance and collateral requirements for deposits are established by banking regulations and Oregon law. Effective July 1, 2008, state statutes (ORS 295.002) allow public officials to deposit public funds in one or more depositories currently qualified pursuant to ORS 295 .001 to 295 .108. As long as the bank depository has entered into an agreement (ORS 295.008(2)(b)) and has deposited securities pursuant to state statutes (ORS 295.015(1)), there may now be on deposit at any one bank depository and its branches, a sum in excess of the amount insured by the FDIC. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the total carrying amount of the City's deposits in various financial institutions was \$2,400,715 and the bank balance was \$3,182,244. All deposits are held in the name of the City. Of the bank balance, the entire amount was covered by federal depository insurance or collateralized.

Note 3 - Deposits and Investments (continued)

Custodial credit risk – Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned. The FDIC provides insurance for the City's deposits up to \$250,000 for the combined total of all deposit accounts at each financial institution. The remaining deposits are covered by the Public Funds Collateralization program (PFCP) of the State of Oregon in accordance with ORS 295. Depositories qualified under this program are required to pledge collateral against any public funds deposits in excess of deposit insurance amounts. This provides additional protection for public funds in the event of a bank failure or loss. ORS 295 sets the specific value of the collateral, as well as the types of collateral that are acceptable. ORS 295 creates a shared liability structure for participating depositories, better protecting public funds though still not guaranteeing that all funds are 100% protected. As of June 30, 2023, the City's bank balances were not exposed to custodial credit risk as they were collateralized under PFCP.

The City does not have a formal policy for custodial credit risk.

Investments – The City of The Dalles has invested funds in the State Treasurer's Oregon Short-Term Fund Local Government Investment Pool during the year. The Oregon Short-Term Fund is the local government investment pool for local governments and was established by the State Treasurer. It was created to meet the administrative responsibilities of federal arbitrage regulations. The investments are regulated by the Oregon Short-Term Fund Board and approved by the Oregon Investment Council (ORS 294.805 to 294.895). Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) is an unrated external investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's office, which allows governments within the state to pool their funds for investment purposes. The amounts invested in the pool are not classified by risk categories because they are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form as defined by GASB Statement No. 40.

In addition, the Oregon State Treasury LGIP distributes investment income on an amortized cost basis and the participant's equity in the pool is determined by the amount of participant deposits, adjusted for withdrawals and distributed income. Accordingly, the adjustment to fair value would not represent an expendable increase in the City's cash position.

Credit Risk. State statutes authorize the City to invest primarily in general obligations of the U.S. Government and its agencies, certain bonded obligations of Oregon municipalities, bank repurchase agreements, bankers' acceptances, certain commercial papers, and the State Treasurer's investment pool, among others. The City has no formal investment policy that further restricts its investment choices.

Concentration of Credit Risk. The City is required to provide information about the concentration of credit risk associated with its investments in one issuer that represents 5 percent or more of the total investments, excluding investments in external investment pools or those issued and explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. Government. The City has no such investments.

Interest Rate Risk. The City has no formal investment policy that explicitly limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value loss arising from increasing interest rates.

Note 3 - Deposits and Investments (continued)

Investments held by the City at June 30, 2023, are as follows:

Investment Type	Maturity	Percentage of Portfolio	Fair Value
Local Government Investment Pool	1 day	100%	\$ 38,785,436
Cash and cash equivalents are comprised	of the following as o	of June 30, 2023:	
Cash on hand Carrying amount of deposits Local Government Investment Pool			\$ 1,485 1,932,268 38,785,436
Total			\$ 40,719,189
Cash and cash equivalents are shown on the			
Governmental Activities Cash and cash equivalents			\$ 28,111,367
Total governmental activities			28,111,367
Business-type Activities			
Cash and cash equivalents			12,607,822
Total business-type activities			12,607,822
Total			\$ 40,719,189

Note 4 - Fair Value Measurements

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Observable inputs are developed based on market data obtained from sources independent of the reporting entity. Unobservable inputs are developed based on the best information available about the assumptions market participants would use in pricing the asset. The classification of securities within the fair value hierarchy is based upon the activity level in the market for the security type and the inputs used to determine their fair value, as follows:

Level 1 – Unadjusted quoted prices for identical instruments in active markets.

Level 2 – Quoted prices for similar instruments in active markets; quoted prices for identical or similar instruments in markets that are not active; and model-derived valuations in which all significant inputs are observable.

Level 3 – Valuations derived from valuation techniques in which significant inputs are unobservable.

Note 4 - Fair Value Measurements (continued)

Investments in the Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) are included in the Oregon Short-Term Fund, which is an external investment pool that is not a 2a-7-like external investment pool, and is not registered with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission as an investment company. Fair value of the LGIP is calculated at the same value as the number of pool shares owned. The unit of account is each share held, and the value of the position would be the fair value of the pool's share price multiplied by the number of shares held. Investments in the Short-Term Fund are governed by ORS 294.135, Oregon Investment Council, and portfolio guidelines issued by the Oregon Short-Term Fund Board. Investment in the LGIP is neither insured nor guaranteed by the FDIC or any other government agency. Although the LGIP seeks to maintain the value of share investments at \$1.00 per share, it is possible to lose money by investing in the pool.

LGIP balances are measured at amortized cost and are readily available to spend when needed. The balance in this pool is expected to stay fairly static as the interest rate in the pool is desirable. The risk associated with the LGIP is very low. The City only invests in the LGIP. The value of the City's investments as of June 30, 2023 was \$38,785,436.

Note 5 – Receivables

Receivables as of fiscal-year end for the governmental activities individual major funds and non-major funds in the aggregate are as follows:

	Gei	neral Fund	St	reet Fund	Nonmajor Special Governmental Grants Fund Funds		Total Governmental Funds		
Receivables:									
Accounts	\$	999,347	\$	193,395	\$	164,719	\$ 46,212	\$	1,403,673
Leases		349,693		-		-	-		349,693
Fines and forfeitures, net		350,895		-		-	-		350,895
Property taxes		173,330		-		-	69,203		242,533
Notes		-		-		-	 307,445		307,445
	\$	1,873,265	\$	193,395	\$	164,719	\$ 422,860	\$	2,654,239

In addition to the fund basis receivables above, governmental activities on the accrual basis has receivables from the Airport which represent the current and noncurrent portions of the Full Faith and Credit Obiligations, Series 2015, of which there are outstanding bond principal and unamortized premium balances of \$1,395,000 and \$7,214, respectively. The current portion of these amounts of \$91,030 approximates the City's current receivable and the remaining balance is classified as noncurrent.

Receivables as of year-end for the business-type activities individual major funds, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

	Water	W	astewater	 Business- pe Activities
Receivables: Accounts Allowance for doubtful accounts	\$ 1,147,445 (108,639)	\$	824,672 (152,194)	\$ 1,972,117 (260,833)
	\$ 1,038,806	\$	672,478	\$ 1,711,284

Note 6 - Leases Receivable

The City leases a portion of its properties to various third parties who use the space to conduct their operations on the City grounds, the terms of which expire 2023 through 2028.

The City reports leases receivable with a carrying amount of \$349,693, and a deferred inflow of resources in the amount of \$349,693 as of June 30, 2023.

The following is a schedule by year of minimum payments to be received under the City's leases that are included in the measurement of the lease receivable as of June 30, 2023:

Fiscal Year Ending			Gov	ernmental	
June 30,			A	ctivities	
	F	Principal	I	nterest	Total
2024	\$	74,343	\$	809	\$ 75,152
2025		72,784		618	73,402
2026		72,970		433	73,403
2027		64,733		267	65,000
2028		64,863		133	 64,996
Total	\$	349,693	\$	2,260	\$ 351,953

Note 7 - Interfund Receivables and Payables

Outstanding balances between funds may result from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made. As of June 30, 2023, there are no interfund receivable (payable) balances.

Note 8 - Internal Transfers

	Transfer In	Transfer Out
Governmental activities		
General Fund	\$ 1,861,106	\$ (737,008)
Street Fund	805,981	(406,515)
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	1,722,223	(1,503,785)
Total governmental activities transfers	4,389,310	(2,647,308)
Business-type activities		
Water fund	-	(1,402,361)
Wastewater fund	-	(1,147,815)
2018 Utility Bond fund	808,174	-
Total business-type activities transfers	808,174	(2,550,176)
Total transfers	\$ 5,197,484	\$ (5,197,484)

Transfers between funds provide support for various City programs in accordance with budgetary authorizations and are utilized to provide for additional funding for reserve purposes, contribute towards the cost of capital projects, and to provide for other operational resources.

Note 9 - Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 was as follows:

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES NONDEPRECIABLE CAPITAL ASSETS	Balance June 30, 2022 (as restated)	Additions	Deletions and Transfers	Balance June 30, 2023
Land	\$ 705,460	\$ -	\$-	\$ 705,460
Construction in progress	2,328,570	937,040	(591,026)	2,674,584
Assets available for sale	1,336,233		(361,980)	974,253
Total nondepreciable capital assets	4,370,263	937,040	(953,006)	4,354,297
DEPRECIABLE CAPITAL ASSETS	.,,	,	(,)	.,,
Intangible assets - leases	94.608	22,108	(1,121)	115,595
Land improvements	8,802,350	55,818	(1,121)	8,858,168
Buildings	6,948,536	-	445,291	7,393,827
Equipment	3,340,382	529,546	(315,568)	3,554,360
Infrastructure	26,570,222	352,889		26,923,111
Total depreciable capital assets	45,756,098	960,361	128,602	46,845,061
ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION				
Amortization of intangible assets	(11,839)	(23,505)	(882)	(36,226)
Land improvements	(1,664,545)	(173,363)	-	(1,837,908)
Buildings	(3,018,245)	(181,340)	105,459	(3,094,126)
Equipment	(2,249,444)	(216,312)	290,692	(2,175,064)
Infrastructure	(7,120,630)	(499,499)		(7,620,129)
Total accumulated depreciation	(14,064,703)	(1,094,019)	395,269	(14,763,453)
Total depreciable assets	31,691,395	(133,658)	523,871	32,081,608
NET GOVERNMENTAL CAPITAL ASSETS	\$ 36,061,658	\$ 803,382	\$ (429,135)	\$ 36,435,905

Depreciation is allocated as a direct expense to the governmental programs as follows:

General government	\$ 273,891
Public safety	84,732
Highways and streets	657,745
Culture and recreation	 77,651
	\$ 1,094,019

Note 9 - Capital Assets (continued)

BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES	Balance June 30, 2022	Additions	Deletions and Transfers	Balance June 30, 2023
NONDEPRECIABLE CAPITAL ASSETS Land Construction in progress	\$ 4,299,879 3,229,715	\$ - 6,907,015	\$ - (593,994)	\$ 4,299,879 9,542,736
Total nondepreciable capital assets	7,529,594	6,907,015	(593,994)	13,842,615
DEPRECIABLE CAPITAL ASSETS Land improvements Buildings Equipment Wastewater treatment plant	11,765,866 4,272,749 6,058,319 24,336,768	34,739 - 198,257	141,712 - (104,827) -	11,942,317 4,272,749 6,151,749 24,336,768
Dams and lines Total depreciable capital assets	26,949,848 73,383,550	<u> 193,931</u> 426,927	452,282	27,596,061 74,299,644
ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION Land improvements Buildings Equipment Wastewater treatment plant Dams and lines	(2,352,769) (2,633,674) (3,339,834) (4,522,233) (6,579,623)	(208,824) (107,012) (286,954) (538,654) (529,260)		(2,561,593) (2,740,686) (3,525,259) (5,060,887) (7,108,883)
Total accumulated depreciation	(19,428,133)	(1,670,704)	101,529	(20,997,308)
Total depreciable assets	53,955,417	(1,243,777)	590,696	53,302,336
NET BUSINESS-TYPE CAPITAL ASSETS	\$ 61,485,011	\$ 5,663,238	\$ (3,298)	\$ 67,144,951

Depreciation is allocated as a direct expense to the business-type activities as follows:

Water	\$ 622,010
Sewer	 1,048,694
	\$ 1,670,704

Note 10 – Investment in Joint Ventures

The QualityLife Intergovernmental Agency (QLife) is jointly owned by the City of The Dalles and Wasco County, Oregon, each party owning 50 percent. QLife operates a fiber optic network to the residents of The Dalles and Wasco County and new Maupin project. The Maupin project was started in fiscal year ended June 30, 2016 and will be a separate operating network from the one that services the City and Wasco County. Revenues earned by the QLife are expended for the continued operations and maintenance of the network. Upon dissolution of QLife, the net position would be shared 50 percent each to the City and Wasco County. The QLife is governed by a five-member board comprised of two appointees from the City, two appointees from Wasco County, and the fifth member is appointed by the other four. The City's net investment and its share of the operating results of the QLife are reported in the City's governmental activities. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the most recent year audited financial statements were available, the investment in QLife increased by \$219,085 as a result of operations. The City's investment in QLife is \$2,653,705 and is accounted for using the equity method.

Note 10 - Investment in Joint Ventures (continued)

The Columbia Gorge Regional Airport (Airport) is a joint venture created to operate the Columbia Gorge Regional Airport and Business Park. The joint venture is between the City of The Dalles and Klickitat County, Washington, each party owning 50 percent. Revenues earned by the Airport are expended for the continued operations and maintenance of the Airport. Upon dissolution of the Airport, the net position would be shared 50 percent each to the City and Klickitat County. The Airport is governed by a seven-member board comprised of three appointees from the City, three appointees from Klickitat County, and the seventh member is appointed by the other six. The City develops and adopts the budget for the Airport. The City's net investment and its share of any net income of the Airport are reported in the City's governmental activities. For the fiscal year ended June 30, the investment in the Airport increased \$48,087 resulting from operations and restatement of beginning net position related to correction of an accounting error. The City's investment in Airport is \$7,868,305 and is accounted for using the equity method.

Complete financial statements for QLife can be obtained from Wasco County administrative offices, 511 Washington Street, Suite 101, The Dalles, OR 97058. The complete financial statements for the Airport can be obtained from the City of The Dalles' administrative offices, 313 Court Street, The Dalles, OR 97058.

Note 11 - Long-term Obligations

Full Faith and Credit Obligation Bonds-Governmental and Business-Type Activities

The City issued \$3,300,000 in Full Faith and Credit Obligations, Series 2008, in February 2008, with interest rates ranging from 4.0% to 4.2%. The bond principal is payable annually and the interest is payable semiannually, with final payments due June 1, 2023. The bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the City. These bonds were issued to provide funding for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. A portion of the debt is reported in and will be repaid by the Water and Wastewater Funds, which also own a portion of the assets. The city pledged its general non-restricted revenues and other funds. If the bond is defaulted, by failure to make required principal or interest payments or other covenants, action to enforce the financing agreement may take place for the amount of the obligation then outstanding to its satisfaction. The bond was paid in full as June 1, 2023.

The City issued \$12,100,000 in Full Faith and Credit Obligations, Series 2009, in October of 2009. \$10,205,000 of the bonds was for the benefit of the Columbia Gateway Urban Renewal Agency and will be repaid from tax increment revenues with the Urban Renewal area with interest rates ranging from 2.0% to 5.0%.

The remaining \$1,895,000 of the bonds was issued to finance improvements to the Street, Water, and Wastewater systems and have been split between the benefitting funds. \$1,368,000 was allocated to street improvements and has been reported with the governmental activities. The bonds are backed by the full faith and credit of the City and carry interest rates ranging from 2.0% to 5.0%. The total bonds were issued to finance construction of public infrastructure improvements, Urban Renewal Projects, to refinance the Urban Renewal Bonds series 2002, to fund an Urban Renewal debt reserve, and to pay the costs of issuance. The City pledged its general non-restricted revenues and other funds, the Urban Renewal Agency has pledged its tax increment revenues and earnings for repayment of the Urban Renewal Portion of the obligation. If the bond is defaulted, by failure to make required principal or interest payments or other covenants, action to enforce the financing agreement may take place for the amount of the obligation then outstanding to its satisfaction.

Note 11 - Long-term Obligations (continued)

The future maturities of the full faith and credit obligation bonds – governmental activities are as follows:

2009 Full Faith and Credit Bonds Urban Renwewal Portion

Fiscal Year	 Principal		Interest		Premium		Total	
2024	\$ 600,000	\$	200,425	\$	26,968	\$	827,393	
2025	630,000		171,925		22,983		824,908	
2026	660,000		142,000		18,802		820,802	
2027	695,000		109,000		14,424		818,424	
2028	725,000		74,250		9,822		809,072	
2029-2032	 760,000		38,000		5,023		803,023	
Total	\$ 4,070,000	\$	735,600	\$	98,022	\$	4,903,622	

2009 Full Faith and Credit Bonds Street LID Portion

Fiscal Year	P	rincipal	li	nterest	Premium		 Total
2024	\$	79,420	\$	26,127	\$	3,221	\$ 108,768
2025		83,030		22,355		2,745	108,130
2026		86,640		18,410		2,246	107,296
2027		90,250		14,078		1,723	106,051
2028		93,860		9,567		1,173	104,600
2029-2032		97,470		4,873		600	 102,943
Total	\$	530,670	\$	95,410	\$	11,708	\$ 637,788

2009 Full Faith and Credit Bonds Governmental Activities

Fiscal Year	Principal		Interest		Premium		Total	
2024	\$	679,420	\$	226,552	\$	30,189	\$	936,161
2025		713,030		194,280		25,728		933,038
2026		746,640		160,410		21,048		928,098
2027		785,250		123,078		16,147		924,475
2028		818,860		83,817		10,995		913,672
2029-2032		857,470		42,873		5,623		905,966
Total	\$	4,600,670	\$	831,010	\$	109,730	\$	5,541,410

Note 11 - Long-term Obligations (continued)

The future maturities of the full faith and credit obligation bonds – business-type activities are as follows:

2009 Full Faith and Credit Bonds Wastewater Bonds

Fiscal Year	P	rincipal	lr	nterest	Pr	Premium		Total
2024	\$	5,390	\$	1,773	\$	237	\$	7,400
2025		5,635		1,517		208		7,360
2026		5,880		1,250		177		7,307
2027		6,125		956		145		7,226
2028		6,370		649		111		7,130
2029 - 2032		6,615		331		179		7,125
Total	\$	36,015	\$	6,476	\$	1,057	\$	43,548

2009 Full Faith and Credit Bonds Water Bonds

Fiscal Year	P	rincipal	l	nterest	Pr	emium	 Total
2024	\$	25,190	\$	8,287	\$	1,108	\$ 34,585
2025		26,335		7,091		970	34,396
2026		27,480		5,840		827	34,147
2027		28,625		4,466		677	33,768
2028		29,770		3,034		519	33,323
2029 - 2032		30,915		1,546		835	 33,296
Total	\$	168,315	\$	30,264	\$	4,936	\$ 203,515

2009 Full Faith and Credit Bonds Business-type activities

Fiscal Year	F	rincipal	I	nterest	Pr	remium	 Total
2024	\$	30,580	\$	10,060	\$	1,345	\$ 41,985
2025		31,970		8,608		1,178	41,756
2026		33,360		7,090		1,004	41,454
2027		34,750		5,422		822	40,994
2028		36,140		3,683		630	40,453
2029 - 2032		37,530		1,877		1,014	 40,421
Total	\$	204,330	\$	36,740	\$	5,993	\$ 247,063

Note 11 - Long-term Obligations (continued)

Airport Debt

The City has acted as a conduit for a loan from Klickitat County for construction of a new maintenance hangar at the Airport; this loan was repaid in full during the fiscal year. Additionally, the city has acted as a conduit for repayment of a loan received by Klickitat County to make improvements to the Airport Industrial Park. As of June 30, 2023, repayment is current and the outstanding balance is \$300,000.

In April 2015, the City issued \$2,000,000 in certificates of participation to finance the acquisition of two hangar buildings and a flex space building at the Airport to be leased for business purposes. Bond principal is due annually and interest is due semiannually with interest rates ranging from 2.0% to 4.5%. The City pledged its full faith and credit and taxing power to pay the amounts due under the obligation. Additionally, the City has pledged rent revenues generated from the lease of the flex space and other properties located at the Airport. As of June 30, 2023, the City has recorded a liability for the bonds of \$1,395,000 and an offsetting receivable of \$1,402,214 from the Airport which includes the unamortized premium balance.

Future maturities of the certificates payable are as follows:

2015B Certificates of Participation Governmental Activities

Fiscal Year	F	rincipal	 Interest	Pre	emium	 Total	
2024	\$	90,000	\$ 62,775	\$	1,030	\$ 153,805	
2025		95,000	58,725		962	154,687	
2026		100,000	54,450		891	155,341	
2027		105,000	49,950		816	155,766	
2028		105,000	45,225		741	150,966	
2029-2033		615,000	150,075		2,452	767,527	
2034-2035		285,000	 19,350		322	 304,672	
Total	\$	1,395,000	\$ 440,550	\$	7,214	\$ 1,842,764	

Bonds Payable-Business-Type Activities (Direct Borrowings)

The City issued \$12,176,563 in Water and Wastewater Revenue and Refunding Bond, Series 2018, in January 2018. This bond was used to refund the Wastewater Revenue Bonds, Series 2003, Water Revenue Bonds, Series 2007, and fund additional wastewater projects. The bond principal is payable annually and the interest is payable semiannually with interest rate of 2.67%. Final payment is due June 1, 2032. The City has pledged the net revenues to the payment of principal, premium (if any) and interest on direct borrowings related to business activities of \$9,224,516. This pledge is from the time of the adoption of the master plan and shall be maintained as long as the bonds are outstanding. The bond is subject to redemption prior to maturity in whole or in part at the option of the City on any day on or after June 1, 2025, at par (100%) plus accrued interest thereon to the date of redemption. If the bonds are defaulted, by failure to make required principal or interest payments or other covenants, actions to enforce the financing agreement may take place for the amount of the obligations then outstanding to its satisfaction. However, the bonds shall not be subject to acceleration.

Note 11 - Long-term Obligations (continued)

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the revenue bond is as follows:

Revenue Bond Revenue Stream		For the Year Ending June 30, of Final Payments	Future Pledged Revenue Debt Outstanding		Revenue, Net of Related Expense For the Year Ending 6/30/23		For the Year Ended 06/30/23 Debt Payments	
Utility Revenue and Refunding Bonds	Water and Wastewater net operating income	2032	\$	6,385,032	\$	7,877,523	\$	808,172

Future maturities of the bonds payable are as follows:

Utility Revenue and Refunding

			Defe	rred Charge			
Fiscal Year	 Principal	 Interest		on Refunding		Total	
2024	\$ 636,967	\$ 170,480	\$	(50,400)	\$	757,047	
2025	652,611	153,473		(50,400)		755,685	
2026	673,236	136,049		(50,400)		758,885	
2027	688,571	118,073		(50,400)		756,245	
2028	708,686	99,688		(50,400)		757,975	
2029-2031	 3,024,960	204,538		(151,200)		3,078,298	
Total	\$ 6,385,032	\$ 882,302	\$	(403,200)	\$	6,864,133	

Advance Refunding

The revenue bonds described above were used to advance refund the Series 2003 Wastewater Revenue Bonds and the Series 2007 Water Revenue Bonds. The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$705,604. This amount is being netted against the new debt and amortized over the remaining life of the refunding debt.

Loan Payable-Business-Type Activities (Direct Borrowings)

Water Fund - The City received approvals of two loans from the State of Oregon through its Oregon Infrastructure Finance Authority (OIFA) of the Business Development Department for water system improvements. The loans consist of the America Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA) Loan for up to \$1,025,149 and the Safe Drinking Water Revolving Loan Fund (SDWRLF-A) Loan for up to \$2,553,101. The loan proceeds are disbursed on an expense reimbursement basis and the associated projects were completed with final loan values of \$1,025,149 and \$2,521,321, for ARRA and SDWRLF-A, respectively. The ARRA Loan bears interest at 3% per annum. The SDWRLF-A loan originally carried interest at 3.83% but was reduced to 3% when the State received EPA approval of an amended Oregon Safe Drinking Water Intended Use Plan that allows the interest rate to be reduced. Repayment of the ARRA and SDWRLF-A began December 1, 2014. The principal and interest of these two loans is payable from the Net Revenues of the Water System and the full faith and credit of the City. The City pledged its full faith and credit and taxing power to pay the amounts due under the loan agreement and note. If the loan is defaulted, by failure to make required principal or interest payments, the State could declare all principal and interest and all other amounts due immediately. It could also prevent the City from applying for future state assistance. These loans are aggregated in a single amortization as managed by the State in the table below.

Note 11 - Long-term Obligations (continued)

The City also received approval for a loan from the State of Oregon through its Department of Environmental Quality for wastewater system improvements. The Clean Water State Revolving Fund (CWSRF) Loan is for an amount up to \$2,000,000. Of this, \$500,000 is forgivable upon completion of the project with no defaults occurring. The loan proceeds are disbursed on an expense reimbursement basis. Loan proceeds have been accrued in the amount of \$1,929,998 to match the budgetary revenues to the federal expenditures reported. The City complied with the loan terms, completed the project as budgeted, and no defaults occurred. This resulted in \$500,000 of the loan being forgiven in FY18/19. The CWSRF Loan bears interest at 2.14% per annum and repayment began September 1, 2019. The principal and interest of the loan shall be payable from the Net Revenue of the Wastewater system. If the loan is defaulted, by failure to make required principal or interest payments, the State could declare all principal and interest and all other amounts due immediately.

During fiscal year 2022 the City was awarded an additional SDWRLF Loan (SDWRLF-B) through the OIFA to assist with the Dog River pipeline replacement project. The original loan of \$4,030,000 was increased to to \$8,030,000 in April of 2022 with a forgivable amount of \$530,000. The loan term is 30 years at an interest rate of 1.00%. To date the City has drawn \$3,138,713 of the available balance. Repayment terms have not yet been established.

Future maturities of the loans payable are as follows:

	ARRA/SDWI	RLF-A Loan	CWSRF Loan		SDWRLF	-B Loan		
Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Total Principal	Total Interest
2024	\$ 172,210	\$ 66,169	\$ 65,113	\$ 24,969	\$ -	\$-	\$ 237,323	\$ 91,138
2025	177,376	61,002	66,514	23,568	-	-	243,890	84,570
2026	182,697	55,681	67,945	22,137	-	-	250,642	77,818
2027	188,178	50,200	69,407	20,675	-	-	257,585	70,875
2028	193,823	44,555	70,900	19,182	-	-	264,723	63,737
2029-2033	1,059,906	131,986	378,047	72,363	-	-	1,437,953	204,349
2034-2038	231,435	6,943	420,503	29,907	-	-	651,938	36,850
2039-2040	-	-	44,548	477	-	-	44,548	477
Undetermined					3,138,713		3,138,713	-
Total	\$ 2,205,625	\$ 416,537	\$ 1,182,977	\$ 213,278	\$ 3,138,713	\$-	\$ 6,527,315	\$ 629,815

Long-term obligation activity for the year ended June 30, 2023, is as follows:

Governmental Activities	Balance at June 30, 2022 (as restated)	Additions	Reductions	Balance at June 30, 2023	Due Within One Year
Total Full Faith and Credit Bonds Total Premium on bonds	\$ 6,907,336 155,057	\$ - -	\$ (911,666) (37,187)	\$ 5,995,670 117,870	\$ 769,420 31,219
Total governmental activity long-term obligations	\$ 7,639,782	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ (1,286,392)	\$ 6,113,540	\$ 800,639
Business-Type Activities:					
Revenue Bond (direct borrowing) Full Faith and Credit Bonds Premium on Bonds Loans Payable (direct borrowing)	\$ 7,006,140 347,664 7,339 4,823,850	\$- - - 1,934,400	\$ (621,108) (143,334) (1,346) (230,935)	\$ 6,385,032 204,330 5,993 6,527,315	\$ 636,967 30,580 1,345 237,323
Total business-type activity long-term obligations	\$ 12,184,993	\$ 1,934,400	\$ (996,723)	\$ 13,122,670	\$ 906,215

Note 12 – Leases Payable

At June 30, 2023, the City had eight lease agreements for the rental of copiers and cameras that qualified under GASB Statement No.87. Incremental borrowing rates of 1.2 percent to 2.8 percent were used to measure lease payables. Lease liabilities recorded under lease contracts as of June 30, 2023 were \$78,862.

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	P	Principal		iterest	 Total		
2024	\$	23,374	\$	542	\$ 23,916		
2025		22,037		375	22,412		
2026		22,084		206	22,290		
2027		10,488		57	10,545		
2028		879		9	888		
Total	\$	78,862	\$	1,189	\$ 80,051		

Future minimum payments required, on an annual basis, are as follows:

Note 13 – Accrued Compensated Absences

The changes in accrued compensated absences for the year ended June 30, 2023 are as follows:

	Accrued June 30, 2022	Net Change	Accrued June 30, 2023	Due Within One Year	
Governmental Activities Business-Type Activities	\$ 398,778 218,654	\$ 26,218 (1,685)	\$ 424,996 216,969	\$ 424,996 216,969	
	\$ 617,432	\$ 24,533	\$ 641,965	\$ 641,965	

It is the City's opinion that the liability is current in nature as it has capped amounts which can be earned to encourage employees to take their vacation annually.

Note 14 - Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB)

Plan Description

The government does not have a formal post-employment benefits plan for any employee groups; however, the government is required by Oregon Revised Statutes 243.303 to provide retirees with group health and dental insurance from the date of retirement to age 65 at the same rate provided to current employees. GASB 75 is applicable to the government due only to the implicit rate subsidy. The implicit employer subsidy is measured as the expected health care cost per retiree and dependent, less the gross premiums charged by the insurance carrier for that coverage. The subsidy is only measured for retirees and spouses younger than age 65, at which point such retirees and spouses typically become eligible for Medicare.

This "plan" is a single employer defined benefit plan. This plan is a not considered a trust or equivalent arrangement as there are no plan assets. It is not a stand-alone plan and therefore does not issue its own financial statements.

Note 14 - Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) (continued)

Benefits Provided

All employees of the government retiring from active service with a pension benefit payable immediately under Oregon PERS is eligible. Retirees and their dependents under age 65 are allowed to continue the health care coverage received prior to retirement. Premiums for retirees are tiered and based upon the premium rate available to active employees. The retiree is responsible for payment of the premiums.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

At June 30, 2023, the following employees were covered by the implicit benefit terms:

Active employees	98
Eligible retirees	0
Spouses of ineligible retirees	0
Total participants	98

OPEB Liabilities/Assets, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

As of June 30, 2023, the government reported an OPEB liability of \$415,534. Total OPEB liability is determined using the entry age normal actuarial cost allocation method. In addition, GASB 75 requires that the allocation of costs for accounting purposes be made as a level percentage of employees' projected pay, including future anticipated pay increases. This measurement is based on the June 30, 2022 valuation date and a June 30, 2023 measurement date.

	Total OPEB Liability		
Balance as of June 30, 2022	\$	371,626	
Changes for the year:			
Service Cost		33,678	
Interest on total OPEB liability		14,276	
Effect of changes to benefit terms		-	
Effect of economic/demographic gains or losses		-	
Effect of assumptions changes or inputs		-	
Benefit payments		(4,046)	
Balance as of June 30, 2023	\$	415,534	

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$34,508. At June 30, 2023, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Out of Resource		Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience Change of assumptions	\$	-	\$	544,860 218,159	
Total	\$	-	\$	763,019	

Note 14 - Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) (continued)

Amounts currently reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other postemployment benefits will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Out	Net Deferred Outflow/(Inflow) of Resources				
2024	\$	(123,264)				
2025		(123,264)				
2026		(123,264)				
2027		(123,264)				
2028		(123,264)				
Thereafter		(146,699)				
Total	\$	(763,019)				

Actuarial methods and assumptions. Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation, the entry age normal cost method was used. Demographic assumptions regarding retirement, mortality, and turnover are based on Oregon PERS valuation assumptions as of December 31, 2019.

Valuation Date	June 30, 2022
Measurement Date	June 30, 2023
Actuarial Assumptions:	
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Inflation Rate	2.50 percent
Salary Increases	2.90 percent
Withdrawal, retirement, and mortality rates	December 31, 2019
	Oregon PERS valuation
Election and Lapse Rates	35% of eligible employees 20% of male members and 20% of female members will elect spouse coverage.

Discount rate. Under GASB 75, unfunded plans must use a discount rate that reflects a 20-year tax-exempt municipal bond yield or index rate. The assumptions reflect the Bond Buyer 20-Year General Obligation Bond Index. The discount rate in effect for the June 30, 2022 reporting date is 3.54 percent.

Note 14 - Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) (continued)

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% lower or 1% higher than the current discount rate:

	1%	1% Decrease		Current Discount		6 Increase
	(2.54%)		Rate (3.54%)		(4.54%)	
Total OPEB Liability	\$	451,882	\$	415,534	\$	381,591

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1% lower or 1% higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

		Current Healthcare							
			Cost	Trend Rate					
	5.75% decreasing								
	1%	Decrease	1	to 5.0%	1%	Increase			
Total OPEB Liability	\$	366,192	\$	415,534	\$	473,288			

Changes in Assumptions and Methods

A summary of key changes implemented since the June 30, 2021 valuation are noted below.

Discount Rate

• Updated to reflect the current 20-year tax-exempt municipal bond yield which increased from 2.21% to 3.54%.

Mortality Assumption

• Changed to the RP-2014 annuitant distinct mortality table adjusted to 2006 with MP-2021 generational projection of future mortality improvement.

Turnover and Retirement

• Updated to reflect assumptions use in the Oregon PERS December 31, 2021 actuarial valuation.

Note 15 - Commitments - Construction in Progress

The City has various active construction obligations at June 30, 2023. The total project costs of these obligations are as follows:

Project	Contract Amount	Completed to Date	Remaining Commitment
Washinton Street Underpass 3rd Street Streetscape	\$ 8,100,000 3,000,000	\$ 2,022,721 52,668	\$ 6,077,279 2,947,332
Downtown Parking Structure	3,300,000	19,680	3,280,320
Granada Block	570,000	284,774	285,226
1st Street Parking	3,720,000	42,866	3,677,134
Total	\$ 18,690,000	\$ 2,422,709	\$ 16,267,291

Note 16 - Contingent Liabilities

Amounts received or receivable from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by granter agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the granter cannot be determined at this time although the City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

Note 17 - Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft or damage to and destruction of assets; and errors and omissions for which the City carries commercial insurance. There have been no significant reductions in coverage from the prior year and settlements have not exceeded coverage for the past five years.

Note 18 - Tax Abatements

The City has authorized tax-exempt status for three qualified firms within the City: HIX The Dalles LLC, PowderPure, and Design, LLC. All properties are required to meet State and Federal funding requirements which include annual physical inspections and an annual audit of financial activity and programmatic compliance. The property tax exemption may be removed if the property is no longer eligible under the stated provisions of ORS 307.540 to 307.548. Section E of the renewal application requires the applicant to acknowledge compliance with the requirements annually. For fiscal year ending June 30, 2023, the foregone property tax revenue is \$5,856,854.

Note 19 - Deficit Fund Net Position

The 2018 Utility Bond Fund reported a deficit net position balance of \$5,991,587 in the enterprise funds Statement of Net Position. The deficit is a result of the accounting structure surrounding the financing of capital development of the Water and Wastewater funds capital asset systems, where the debt is reported by the 2018 Utility Bond Fund, but the assets resulting from that debt are reported in the Water and Wastewater funds.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

CITY OF THE DALLES, OREGON STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Budget Prositive Actual Prositive (Negative) Property taxes \$ 3,862,475 \$ 4,644,868 \$ 782,393 Other taxes 1,814,456 1,814,950 3,207 1,289,097 11,677 Licenses and fees 2,75,420 289,097 13,677 1,090,40 203,0132 (528,646) 10,914,203 268,022 11,997 1199,322 Interest 1199,332 Miscellaneous 109,332 Miscellaneous 109,332 104,100 254,100 306,234 52,134 199,332 Total revenues 9,986,586 10,153,838 10,911,268 757,430 ExPENDITURES					Variance with Final Budget
Adopted Final Actual (Negative) REVENUES \$ 3,862,475 \$ 4,644,868 \$ 782,393 Other taxes 1,814,456 1,814,456 1,814,456 1,865,739 51,283 Franchise fees 275,420 275,420 289,097 13,677 Licenses and fees 41,960 41,960 53,957 11,997 Intergovernmental 3,719,526 3,736,778 3,208,132 (528,646) Fines and forfeitures, net 84,300 84,300 80,198 (4,102) System development charges 45,000 45,470 130,740 109,740 Rental income 8,300 8,300 8,300 8,300 3,000 234,400 Total revenues 9,986,586 10,153,838 10,911,268 757,430 EXPENDITURES General government 714,602 927,313 506,230 421,083 Special payments 9,45,392 995,392 939,814 55,578 Cagital outlay 2,2,06,809 1,292,599 2,306,809 Debt servi		Buc	laet		•
Property taxes \$ 3,862,475 \$ 3,862,475 \$ 4,644,868 \$ 782,393 Other taxes 1,814,456 1,814,456 1,814,456 1,816,739 51,283 Franchise fees 275,420 280,097 13,677 Licenses and fees 41,960 41,960 53,957 11,997 Intergovernmental 3,719,526 3,736,778 3,208,132 (528,646) Fines and forfeitures, net 84,300 84,300 84,300 164,102) System development charges 45,000 45,000 154,740 109,740 Rental income 8,300 8,300 77,922 69,622 Interest on investments 31,049 31,049 33,038,1199,332 Miscellaneous 104,100 254,100 306,234 52,134 Total revenues 9,986,586 10,153,838 10,911,268 757,430 EXPENDITURES General government 5,183,680 5,21,840 4,667,420 654,420 Planning and economic development 714,602 927,313 506,230 421,083 <t< th=""><th></th><th></th><th>0</th><th>Actual</th><th></th></t<>			0	Actual	
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Franchise fees 275,420 275,420 289,097 13,677 Licenses and fees 41,960 41,960 53,957 11,997 Intergovermmental 3,719,526 3,736,778 3,208,132 (528,646) Fines and forfeitures, net 84,300 84,300 80,198 (4,102) System development charges 45,000 45,000 154,740 109,740 Rental income 8,300 8,300 77,922 69,622 Interest on investments 31,049 31,049 230,381 199,332 Miscellaneous 104,100 254,100 306,234 52,134 Total revenues 9,986,586 10,153,838 10,911,268 757,430 EXPENDITURES General government 714,602 927,313 506,6230 421,083 Special payments 945,392 995,392 939,814 55,578 Capital outlay 3,352,347 3,599,408 1,292,599 2,306,809 Debt service - 25,847 22,778 3,069 -		+ -,,	+	ŧ j = j = = =	*
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Fines and forfeitures, net 84,300 84,300 80,198 (4,102) System development charges 45,000 45,000 154,740 109,740 Rental income 8,300 8,300 77,922 69,622 Interest on investments 31,049 31,049 230,381 199,332 Miscellaneous 104,100 254,100 306,234 52,134 Total revenues 9,986,586 10,153,838 10,911,268 757,430 EXPENDITURES General government 3,362,305 3,501,500 3,237,555 263,945 Public safety 5,183,680 5,321,840 4,667,420 654,420 Planning and economic development 714,602 927,313 506,230 421,083 Special payments 945,392 995,392 939,814 55,578 6,689 Debt service - 22,778 3,069 - 220,058 - Total expenditures 14,508,819 14,773,972 10,667,010 4,106,962 Revenues over (under) expenditures (4,5		,	,	,	,
System development charges 45,000 45,000 154,740 100,740 Rental income 8,300 8,300 77,922 69,622 Interest on investments 31,049 31,049 230,381 199,332 Miscellaneous 104,100 254,100 306,234 52,134 Total revenues 9,966,586 10,153,838 10,911,268 757,430 EXPENDITURES General government 3,362,305 3,501,500 3,237,555 263,945 Public safety 5,183,680 5,321,840 4,667,420 664,420 Planning and economic development 714,602 927,313 506,230 421,083 Special payments 945,392 995,392 938,814 55,578 Capital outlay 3,352,347 3,599,408 1,292,599 2,306,809 Debt service - 25,847 22,778 3,069 Interest - 614 614 - Contigency 950,493 402,058 - 402,058 Total expenditures<		, ,			, ,
Rental income 8,300 8,300 77,922 69,622 Interest on investments 31,049 31,049 230,381 199,332 Miscellaneous 104,100 254,100 306,234 52,134 Total revenues 9,986,586 10,153,838 10,911,268 757,430 EXPENDITURES General government 3,362,305 3,501,500 3,237,555 263,945 Public safety 5,183,680 5,321,484 4,667,420 654,420 Planning and economic development 714,602 927,313 506,230 421,083 Special payments 945,392 995,392 939,814 55,578 Capital outlay 3,352,347 3,599,408 1,292,599 2,306,809 Debt service - - 614 614 - - Principal - 25,847 22,778 3,069 - 402,058 Total expenditures 14,508,819 14,773,972 10,667,010 4,106,962 Revenues over (under) expenditures (4,522,233) (4,620,134	,				(, ,
Interest on investments 31,049 31,049 230,381 199,332 Miscellaneous 104,100 254,100 306,234 52,134 Total revenues 9,986,586 10,153,838 10,911,268 757,430 EXPENDITURES General government 3,362,305 3,501,500 3,237,555 263,945 Public safety 5,183,680 5,321,840 4,667,420 654,420 Planning and economic development 714,602 927,313 506,230 421,083 Special payments 945,392 995,392 939,814 55,578 Capital outlay 3,352,347 3,599,408 1,292,599 2,306,809 Debt service - 25,847 22,778 3,069 - - 402,058 Total expenditures 14,508,819 14,773,972 10,667,010 4,106,962 - 402,058 Total expenditures (4,522,233) (4,620,134) 244,258 4,864,392 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - - 22,108 (31,967) 1,383,073 1,893,07		,		,	,
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Total revenues 9,986,586 10,153,838 10,911,268 757,430 EXPENDITURES General government 3,362,305 3,501,500 3,237,555 263,945 Public safety 5,183,680 5,321,840 4,667,420 654,420 Planning and economic development 714,602 927,313 506,230 421,083 Special payments 945,392 939,814 55,578 Capital outlay 3,352,347 3,599,408 1,292,599 2,306,809 Debt service - 25,847 22,778 3,069 - - 07,008 - 402,058 - - 614 614 - - 07,010 4,106,962 - 402,058 - 402,058 - 402,058 - - 22,108 22,108 - 21,066,200 - 22,108 21,066,200 - 22,108 22,108 13,93,073 1,861,106 (31,967) (31,967) (515,000) (802,008) (737,008) 65,000 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) 1,37		,		,	,
EXPENDITURES General government 3,362,305 3,501,500 3,237,555 263,945 Public safety 5,183,680 5,321,840 4,667,420 654,420 Planning and economic development 714,602 927,313 506,230 421,083 Special payments 945,392 995,392 939,814 55,578 Capital outlay 3,352,347 3,599,408 1,292,599 2,306,809 Debt service - 614 614 - Principal - 25,847 22,778 3,069 Interest - 614 614 - - Contigency 950,493 402,058 - 402,058 Total expenditures 14,508,819 14,773,972 10,667,010 4,106,962 Revenues over (under) expenditures (4,522,233) (4,620,134) 244,258 4,864,392 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - - 22,108 (31,967) Issuance of lease - - 22,108 (737,008) 65,000 <td>Miscellaneous</td> <td>104,100</td> <td>254,100</td> <td>306,234</td> <td>52,134</td>	Miscellaneous	104,100	254,100	306,234	52,134
General government 3,362,305 3,501,500 3,237,555 263,945 Public safety 5,183,680 5,321,840 4,667,420 654,420 Planning and economic development 714,602 927,313 506,230 421,083 Special payments 945,392 995,392 939,814 55,578 Capital outlay 3,352,347 3,599,408 1,292,599 2,306,809 Debt service - - 25,847 22,778 3,069 Interest - 6144 614 - - Contigency 950,493 402,058 - 402,058 Total expenditures 14,508,819 14,773,972 10,667,010 4,106,962 Revenues over (under) expenditures (4,522,233) (4,620,134) 244,258 4,864,392 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - - 22,108 22,108 Issuance of lease - - 22,108 (31,967) Transfers in 1,893,073 1,893,073 1,861,106 (31,967)	Total revenues	9,986,586	10,153,838	10,911,268	757,430
General government 3,362,305 3,501,500 3,237,555 263,945 Public safety 5,183,680 5,321,840 4,667,420 654,420 Planning and economic development 714,602 927,313 506,230 421,083 Special payments 945,392 995,392 939,814 55,578 Capital outlay 3,352,347 3,599,408 1,292,599 2,306,809 Debt service - - 25,847 22,778 3,069 Interest - 6144 614 - - Contigency 950,493 402,058 - 402,058 Total expenditures 14,508,819 14,773,972 10,667,010 4,106,962 Revenues over (under) expenditures (4,522,233) (4,620,134) 244,258 4,864,392 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - - 22,108 (31,967) Issuance of lease - - 22,108 (31,967) Transfers in 1,893,073 1,893,073 1,861,106 (31,967)	EXPENDITURES				
Public safety 5,183,680 5,321,840 4,667,420 654,420 Planning and economic development 714,602 927,313 506,230 421,083 Special payments 945,392 995,392 939,814 55,578 Capital outlay 3,352,347 3,599,408 1,292,599 2,306,809 Debt service - - 614 614 - Principal - 25,847 22,778 3,069 Interest - 614 614 - - Contigency 950,493 402,058 - 402,058 Total expenditures 14,508,819 14,773,972 10,667,010 4,106,962 Revenues over (under) expenditures (4,522,233) (4,620,134) 244,258 4,864,392 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - - 22,108 22,108 Transfers in 1,893,073 1,893,073 1,861,106 (31,967) Transfers out (515,000) (802,008) (737,008) 65,000 Total		3,362,305	3,501,500	3,237,555	263,945
Planning and economic development 714,602 927,313 506,230 421,083 Special payments 945,392 995,392 939,814 55,578 Capital outlay 3,352,347 3,599,408 1,292,599 2,306,809 Debt service - - 25,847 22,778 3,069 Interest - 614 614 - - Contigency 950,493 402,058 - 402,058 Total expenditures 14,508,819 14,773,972 10,667,010 4,106,962 Revenues over (under) expenditures (4,522,233) (4,620,134) 244,258 4,864,392 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Issuance of lease - - 22,108 (31,967) Transfers in 1,893,073 1,893,073 1,861,106 (31,967) 65,000 Total other financing sources (uses) 1,378,073 1,091,065 1,146,206 55,141 Net changes in fund balances (3,144,160) (3,529,069) 1,390,464 4,919,533 FUND BALANCE, beginning of					
Special payments Capital outlay 945,392 995,392 939,814 55,578 Capital outlay 3,352,347 3,599,408 1,292,599 2,306,809 Debt service - 25,847 22,778 3,069 Interest - 614 614 - Contigency 950,493 402,058 - 402,058 Total expenditures 14,508,819 14,773,972 10,667,010 4,106,962 Revenues over (under) expenditures (4,522,233) (4,620,134) 244,258 4,864,392 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Issuance of lease - - 22,108 (31,967) Issuance of lease - - 22,108 (737,008) 65,000 Total other financing sources (uses) 1,378,073 1,091,065 1,146,206 55,141 Net changes in fund balances (3,144,160) (3,529,069) 1,390,464 4,919,533 FUND BALANCE, beginning of year, as restated 6,321,669 6,706,578 8,009,295 1,302,717					
Capital outlay 3,352,347 3,599,408 1,292,599 2,306,809 Debt service - 25,847 22,778 3,069 Interest - 614 614 - Contigency 950,493 402,058 - 402,058 Total expenditures 14,508,819 14,773,972 10,667,010 4,106,962 Revenues over (under) expenditures (4,522,233) (4,620,134) 244,258 4,864,392 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - - 22,108 22,108 Issuance of lease - - 22,108 (31,967) Transfers in 1,893,073 1,893,073 1,861,106 (31,967) Transfers out (515,000) (802,008) (737,008) 65,000 Total other financing sources (uses) 1,378,073 1,091,065 1,146,206 55,141 Net changes in fund balances (3,144,160) (3,529,069) 1,302,717 FUND BALANCE, beginning of year, as restated 6,321,669 6,706,578 8,009,295 1,302,717					
Debt service - Principal - 25,847 22,778 3,069 Interest - 614 614 - - Contigency 950,493 402,058 - 402,058 Total expenditures 14,508,819 14,773,972 10,667,010 4,106,962 Revenues over (under) expenditures (4,522,233) (4,620,134) 244,258 4,864,392 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - - 22,108 22,108 Issuance of lease - - 22,108 (31,967) Transfers in 1,893,073 1,893,073 1,861,106 (31,967) Transfers out (515,000) (802,008) (737,008) 65,000 Total other financing sources (uses) 1,378,073 1,091,065 1,146,206 55,141 Net changes in fund balances (3,144,160) (3,529,069) 1,390,464 4,919,533 FUND BALANCE, beginning of year, as restated 6,321,669 6,706,578 8,009,295 1,302,717					
Interest - 614 614 - Contigency 950,493 402,058 - 402,058 Total expenditures 14,508,819 14,773,972 10,667,010 4,106,962 Revenues over (under) expenditures (4,522,233) (4,620,134) 244,258 4,864,392 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Issuance of lease - 22,108 22,108 Transfers in 1,893,073 1,893,073 1,861,106 (31,967) Transfers out (515,000) (802,008) (737,008) 65,000 Total other financing sources (uses) 1,378,073 1,091,065 1,146,206 55,141 Net changes in fund balances (3,144,160) (3,529,069) 1,390,464 4,919,533 FUND BALANCE, beginning of year, as restated 6,321,669 6,706,578 8,009,295 1,302,717					-
Contigency 950,493 402,058 - 402,058 Total expenditures 14,508,819 14,773,972 10,667,010 4,106,962 Revenues over (under) expenditures (4,522,233) (4,620,134) 244,258 4,864,392 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Issuance of lease - - 22,108 22,108 Transfers in 1,893,073 1,893,073 1,861,106 (31,967) Transfers out (515,000) (802,008) (737,008) 65,000 Total other financing sources (uses) 1,378,073 1,091,065 1,146,206 55,141 Net changes in fund balances (3,144,160) (3,529,069) 1,390,464 4,919,533 FUND BALANCE, beginning of year, as restated 6,321,669 6,706,578 8,009,295 1,302,717	Principal	-	25,847	22,778	3,069
Total expenditures 14,508,819 14,773,972 10,667,010 4,106,962 Revenues over (under) expenditures (4,522,233) (4,620,134) 244,258 4,864,392 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Issuance of lease - - 22,108 22,108 Transfers in 1,893,073 1,893,073 1,861,106 (31,967) Transfers out (515,000) (802,008) (737,008) 65,000 Total other financing sources (uses) 1,378,073 1,091,065 1,146,206 55,141 Net changes in fund balances (3,144,160) (3,529,069) 1,390,464 4,919,533 FUND BALANCE, beginning of year, as restated 6,321,669 6,706,578 8,009,295 1,302,717	Interest	-	614	614	-
Revenues over (under) expenditures (4,522,233) (4,620,134) 244,258 4,864,392 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Issuance of lease - - 22,108 22,108 Issuance of lease - - 22,108 22,108 (31,967) Transfers in 1,893,073 1,893,073 1,861,106 (31,967) Transfers out (515,000) (802,008) (737,008) 65,000 Total other financing sources (uses) 1,378,073 1,091,065 1,146,206 55,141 Net changes in fund balances (3,144,160) (3,529,069) 1,390,464 4,919,533 FUND BALANCE, beginning of year, as restated 6,321,669 6,706,578 8,009,295 1,302,717	Contigency	950,493	402,058		402,058
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Issuance of lease - - 22,108 Transfers in Transfers out 1,893,073 1,893,073 1,861,106 (31,967) Transfers out (515,000) (802,008) (737,008) 65,000 Total other financing sources (uses) 1,378,073 1,091,065 1,146,206 55,141 Net changes in fund balances (3,144,160) (3,529,069) 1,390,464 4,919,533 FUND BALANCE, beginning of year, as restated 6,321,669 6,706,578 8,009,295 1,302,717	Total expenditures	14,508,819	14,773,972	10,667,010	4,106,962
Issuance of lease - - 22,108 22,108 Transfers in 1,893,073 1,893,073 1,861,106 (31,967) Transfers out (515,000) (802,008) (737,008) 65,000 Total other financing sources (uses) 1,378,073 1,091,065 1,146,206 55,141 Net changes in fund balances (3,144,160) (3,529,069) 1,390,464 4,919,533 FUND BALANCE, beginning of year, as restated 6,321,669 6,706,578 8,009,295 1,302,717	Revenues over (under) expenditures	(4,522,233)	(4,620,134)	244,258	4,864,392
Issuance of lease - - 22,108 22,108 Transfers in 1,893,073 1,893,073 1,861,106 (31,967) Transfers out (515,000) (802,008) (737,008) 65,000 Total other financing sources (uses) 1,378,073 1,091,065 1,146,206 55,141 Net changes in fund balances (3,144,160) (3,529,069) 1,390,464 4,919,533 FUND BALANCE, beginning of year, as restated 6,321,669 6,706,578 8,009,295 1,302,717	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in 1,893,073 1,893,073 1,861,106 (31,967) Transfers out (515,000) (802,008) (737,008) 65,000 Total other financing sources (uses) 1,378,073 1,091,065 1,146,206 55,141 Net changes in fund balances (3,144,160) (3,529,069) 1,390,464 4,919,533 FUND BALANCE, beginning of year, as restated 6,321,669 6,706,578 8,009,295 1,302,717		-	-	22,108	22,108
Transfers out (515,000) (802,008) (737,008) 65,000 Total other financing sources (uses) 1,378,073 1,091,065 1,146,206 55,141 Net changes in fund balances (3,144,160) (3,529,069) 1,390,464 4,919,533 FUND BALANCE, beginning of year, as restated 6,321,669 6,706,578 8,009,295 1,302,717	Transfers in	1,893,073	1,893,073		
Net changes in fund balances (3,144,160) (3,529,069) 1,390,464 4,919,533 FUND BALANCE, beginning of year, as restated 6,321,669 6,706,578 8,009,295 1,302,717	Transfers out				
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year, as restated 6,321,669 6,706,578 8,009,295 1,302,717	Total other financing sources (uses)	1,378,073	1,091,065	1,146,206	55,141
	Net changes in fund balances	(3,144,160)	(3,529,069)	1,390,464	4,919,533
FUND BALANCE, end of year \$\$3,177,509 \$\$3,177,509 \$\$9,399,759 \$\$6,222,250	FUND BALANCE, beginning of year, as restated	6,321,669	6,706,578	8,009,295	1,302,717
	FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$ 3,177,509	\$ 3,177,509	\$ 9,399,759	\$ 6,222,250

CITY OF THE DALLES, OREGON STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL STREET FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

		dget		Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Adopted	Final	Actual	(Negative)	
REVENUES Other taxes	¢ 475.000	¢ 475.000	¢ 400 404	¢ 47.404	
Franchise fees	\$ 475,000	\$ 475,000	\$ 492,181	\$ 17,181	
	81,402	81,402	120,597	39,195	
Intergovernmental Interest on investments	1,267,053	1,267,053	1,283,387	16,334	
	7,000	7,000	51,733	44,733	
Miscellaneous	600	600	29,031	28,431	
Total revenues	1,831,055	1,831,055	1,976,929	145,874	
EXPENDITURES					
Highway and streets					
Personal service	1,012,433	1,012,433	960,267	52,166	
Materials and services	634,829	984,829	610,103	374,726	
Capital outlay	1,518,835	2,064,067	984,776	1,079,291	
Contingency	26,909	26,909		26,909	
Total expenditures	3,193,006	4,088,238	2,555,146	1,533,092	
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(1,361,951)	(2,257,183)	(578,217)	1,678,966	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Proceeds from sale of property	500	500	39,345	38,845	
Transfers in	805,981	805,981	805,981	-	
Transfers out	(406,515)	(406,515)	(406,515)		
Total other financing sources (uses)	399,966	399,966	438,811	38,845	
Net changes in fund balances	(961,985)	(1,857,217)	(139,406)	1,717,811	
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year, as restated	961,985	1,857,217	1,844,941	(12,276)	
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$-	\$-	\$ 1,705,535	\$ 1,705,535	

CITY OF THE DALLES, OREGON STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL SPECIAL GRANTS FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Adopted Final Actual (Negative) REVENUES Intergovernmental \$ 4,480,500 4,630,500 \$ 1,168,729 \$ (3,461,771) Interest on investments 5,000 5,000 153,338 148,338 Total revenues 4,485,500 4,635,500 1,322,067 (3,313,433) EXPENDITURES 4,621,677 4,621,677 149,875 4,471,802 Total expenditures 8,053,177 8,203,177 1,309,663 6,893,514 Revenues over (under) expenditures (3,567,677) (3,567,677) 12,404 3,580,081 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) (2,000) (2,000) - 2,000 Total other financing sources (uses) (2,000) (2,000) - 2,000 Net changes in fund balances (3,569,677) 3,569,677 3,280,974 (288,703) FUND BALANCE, beginning of year, as restated 3,569,677 3,280,974 (288,703) FUND BALANCE, end of year \$ - \$ 3,293,378 \$ 3,293,378		Buc	lget		Variance with Final Budget Positi <i>v</i> e
Intergovernmental Interest on investments \$ 4,480,500 5,000 4,630,500 5,000 \$ 1,168,729 153,338 \$ (3,461,771) 148,338 Total revenues 4,485,500 4,635,500 1,322,067 (3,313,433) EXPENDITURES Materials and services Capital outlay 3,431,500 3,581,500 1,159,788 2,421,712 Total expenditures 8,053,177 4,621,677 149,875 4,471,802 Total expenditures (3,567,677) (3,567,677) 12,404 3,580,081 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers out (2,000) (2,000) - 2,000 Net changes in fund balances (3,569,677) (3,569,677) 12,404 3,582,081 FUND BALANCE, beginning of year, as restated 3,569,677 3,569,677 3,280,974 (288,703)		Adopted	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Interest on investments 5,000 5,000 153,338 148,338 Total revenues 4,485,500 4,635,500 1,322,067 (3,313,433) EXPENDITURES Materials and services 3,431,500 3,581,500 1,159,788 2,421,712 Capital outlay 4,621,677 4,621,677 149,875 4,471,802 Total expenditures 8,053,177 8,203,177 1,309,663 6,893,514 Revenues over (under) expenditures (3,567,677) (3,567,677) 12,404 3,580,081 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) (2,000) (2,000) - 2,000 Total other financing sources (uses) (2,000) (2,000) - 2,000 Net changes in fund balances (3,569,677) 3,569,677 3,280,974 (288,703)	REVENUES				
Total revenues 4,485,500 4,635,500 1,322,067 (3,313,433) EXPENDITURES Materials and services Capital outlay 3,431,500 3,581,500 1,159,788 2,421,712 Capital outlay 4,621,677 4,621,677 149,875 4,471,802 Total expenditures 8,053,177 8,203,177 1,309,663 6,893,514 Revenues over (under) expenditures (3,567,677) (3,567,677) 12,404 3,580,081 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers out (2,000) (2,000) - 2,000 Total other financing sources (uses) (2,000) (2,000) - 2,000 Net changes in fund balances (3,569,677) 3,569,677 3,280,974 (288,703)	Intergovernmental	\$ 4,480,500	4,630,500	\$ 1,168,729	\$ (3,461,771)
EXPENDITURES 3,431,500 3,581,500 1,159,788 2,421,712 Capital outlay 4,621,677 4,621,677 149,875 4,471,802 Total expenditures 8,053,177 8,203,177 1,309,663 6,893,514 Revenues over (under) expenditures (3,567,677) (3,567,677) 12,404 3,580,081 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) (2,000) (2,000) - 2,000 Total other financing sources (uses) (2,000) (2,000) - 2,000 Net changes in fund balances (3,569,677) 3,569,677 3,280,974 (288,703)	Interest on investments	5,000	5,000	153,338	148,338
Materials and services 3,431,500 3,581,500 1,159,788 2,421,712 Capital outlay 4,621,677 4,621,677 149,875 4,471,802 Total expenditures 8,053,177 8,203,177 1,309,663 6,893,514 Revenues over (under) expenditures (3,567,677) (3,567,677) 12,404 3,580,081 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) (2,000) (2,000) - 2,000 Total other financing sources (uses) (2,000) (2,000) - 2,000 Net changes in fund balances (3,569,677) 3,569,677 3,280,974 (288,703)	Total revenues	4,485,500	4,635,500	1,322,067	(3,313,433)
Materials and services 3,431,500 3,581,500 1,159,788 2,421,712 Capital outlay 4,621,677 4,621,677 149,875 4,471,802 Total expenditures 8,053,177 8,203,177 1,309,663 6,893,514 Revenues over (under) expenditures (3,567,677) (3,567,677) 12,404 3,580,081 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) (2,000) (2,000) - 2,000 Total other financing sources (uses) (2,000) (2,000) - 2,000 Net changes in fund balances (3,569,677) 3,569,677 3,280,974 (288,703)					
Capital outlay 4,621,677 4,621,677 149,875 4,471,802 Total expenditures 8,053,177 8,203,177 1,309,663 6,893,514 Revenues over (under) expenditures (3,567,677) (3,567,677) 12,404 3,580,081 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) (2,000) (2,000) - 2,000 Total other financing sources (uses) (2,000) (2,000) - 2,000 Net changes in fund balances (3,569,677) 3,569,677 3,280,974 (288,703)		3 431 500	3 581 500	1 159 788	2 421 712
Total expenditures 8,053,177 8,203,177 1,309,663 6,893,514 Revenues over (under) expenditures (3,567,677) (3,567,677) 12,404 3,580,081 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) (2,000) (2,000) - 2,000 Total other financing sources (uses) (2,000) (2,000) - 2,000 Net changes in fund balances (3,569,677) (3,569,677) 12,404 3,582,081 FUND BALANCE, beginning of year, as restated 3,569,677 3,569,677 3,280,974 (288,703)		, ,	, ,	, ,	, ,
Revenues over (under) expenditures (3,567,677) (3,567,677) 12,404 3,580,081 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) (2,000) (2,000) - 2,000 Total other financing sources (uses) (2,000) (2,000) - 2,000 Net changes in fund balances (3,569,677) (3,569,677) 12,404 3,582,081 FUND BALANCE, beginning of year, as restated 3,569,677 3,569,677 3,280,974 (288,703)					
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers out (2,000) (2,000) - 2,000 Total other financing sources (uses) (2,000) (2,000) - 2,000 Net changes in fund balances (3,569,677) (3,569,677) 12,404 3,582,081 FUND BALANCE, beginning of year, as restated 3,569,677 3,569,677 3,280,974 (288,703)	Total expenditures	8,053,177	8,203,177	1,309,663	6,893,514
Transfers out (2,000) (2,000) - 2,000 Total other financing sources (uses) (2,000) (2,000) - 2,000 Net changes in fund balances (3,569,677) (3,569,677) 12,404 3,582,081 FUND BALANCE, beginning of year, as restated 3,569,677 3,569,677 3,280,974 (288,703)	Revenues over (under) expenditures	(3,567,677)	(3,567,677)	12,404	3,580,081
Transfers out (2,000) (2,000) - 2,000 Total other financing sources (uses) (2,000) (2,000) - 2,000 Net changes in fund balances (3,569,677) (3,569,677) 12,404 3,582,081 FUND BALANCE, beginning of year, as restated 3,569,677 3,569,677 3,280,974 (288,703)	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (LISES)				
Net changes in fund balances (3,569,677) (3,569,677) 12,404 3,582,081 FUND BALANCE, beginning of year, as restated 3,569,677 3,569,677 3,280,974 (288,703)	· · · · · ·	(2,000)	(2,000)		2,000
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year, as restated 3,569,677 3,569,677 3,280,974 (288,703)	Total other financing sources (uses)	(2,000)	(2,000)		2,000
	Net changes in fund balances	(3,569,677)	(3,569,677)	12,404	- 3,582,081
FUND BALANCE, end of year \$ - \$ - \$ 3,293,378 \$ 3,293,378	FUND BALANCE, beginning of year, as restated	3,569,677	3,569,677	3,280,974	(288,703)
	FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,293,378	\$ 3,293,378

CITY OF THE DALLES, OREGON SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS ENDING JUNE 30, 2023

Total OPEB Liability		2023		2022		2021
Service cost Interest	\$	33,678 14,276	\$	33,790 10,664	\$	32,838 9,837
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumption		-		(73,476) (43,715)		-
Benefit payments		(4,046)		(8,770)		(3,610)
Net change in total OPEB liability		43,908		(81,507)		39,065
Total OPEB liability - beginning		371,626		453,133		414,068
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$	415,534	\$	371,626	\$	453,133
Covered-employee payroll	\$	6,746,262	\$	6,556,134	\$	6,456,317
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		6.16%		5.67%		7.02%
		2020		2019		2018
Service cost						
Interest	\$	110,586	\$	99,156	\$	102,501
Differences between expected and actual experience		45,989		-		-
Changes of assumption		(265,631)		-		-
Benefit payments		(849,813)		-		-
Net change in total OPEB liability Total OPEB liability - beginning		(958,869)		(96,302) 2,854		(83,554) 18,947
Total OPEB liability - ending		1,372,937		1,370,083		1,351,136
rotar of LB hashity - chang	\$	414,068	\$	1,372,937	\$	1,370,083
Covered-employee payroll	.	,000	<u>+</u>	.,	¥	.,
	\$	6,274,361	\$	5,548,044	\$	4,823,785
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll						

Significant Methods and Assumptions:

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were actuarially determined at July 1 and rolled forward to the measurement date. A summary of assumptions used in the July 1, 2022 valuation are outlined briefly in Note 14 in the notes to the basic financial statements.

Other Information:

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirements to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend has been compiled, information is presented only for the years for which the required supplementary information is available.

CITY OF THE DALLES, OREGON SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS – OPEB LAST SEVEN FISCAL YEARS ENDING JUNE 30, 2023

City of the Dalles Contributions

	 2023	 2022	 2021	 2020
Contractually required contributions	\$ 4,046	\$ 8,770	\$ 3,610	\$ -
Contribution in relation to the contractually required	 (4,046)	 (8,770)	 (3,610)	
Contributions deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
City's covered - employee payroll	\$ 6,746,262	\$ 6,556,134	\$ 6,456,317	\$ 6,274,361
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	0.06%	0.13%	0.06%	0.00%

	2019		2018			2017
Contractually required contributions	\$	96,302	\$	83,554	\$	143,658
Contribution in relation to the contractually required		(96,302)		(83,554)		(143,658)
Contributions deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
City's covered - employee payroll	\$	5,548,044	\$	4,823,785	\$	5,340,702
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		1.74%		1.73%		2.69%

Significant Methods and Assumptions:

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were actuarially determined at July 1 and rolled forward to the measurement date. A summary of assumptions used in the July 1, 2022 valuation are outlined briefly in Note 14 in the notes to the basic financial statements.

Other Information:

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirements to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend has been compiled, information is presented only for the years for which the required supplementary information is available.

OTHER SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

OTHER SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

Other supplementary information includes financial schedules not required by the GASB, nor a part of the basic financial statements, but presented for purposes of additional analysis.

Such statements and schedules include:

- Combining Schedules Nonmajor Governmental Funds
- > Combining Schedules General Fund Generally Accepted Accounting Principles
- Budgetary Comparison Schedules
- Budgetary Comparison Schedules Enterprise Funds

COMBINING SCHEDULES

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Special Revenue Funds

These funds account for revenue from specific sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. Funds included in this category are:

Library Fund

The Library Fund accounts for the operation of the City Library, which is the main branch of the County's Special Library District. Principal sources of revenues are funds from the County collected Library District taxes, state grants, library fines, and donations.

Community Benevolence Fund

The Community Benevolence Fund provides for the accumulation of financial resources to pay for expenses related to the memorials to Veterans of the community. Principal revenues are primarily from grants.

State Office Building Fund

The State Office Building Fund accounts for the operations and maintenance of a City owned building currently rented by the State of Oregon to provide services to the local community. Principal revenues are from rental income.

Special Enterprise Zone Fund

The Enterprise Zone Tax Abatement Proceeds Special Reserve fund accounts for funds associated with the Enterprise Zone Tax Abatement agreement between the City of The Dalles, Wasco County, and Design LLC dated August 17, 2015.

Debt Service Funds

These funds account for revenues and expenditures related to the repayment of general long-term indebtedness. Funds included in this category are:

FFCO 2008 Bond Fund

The FFCO 2008 Bond Fund accounts for the accumulation of resources for, and the repayment of, full faith and credit bonds relating to the relocation of the Public Works facilities and the remodel of City Hall.

2009 FFCO Bond Fund

The 2009 FFCO Bond Fund accounts for the accumulation of resources for, and the repayment of, general long-term debt principal and interest relating to the Columbia Gateway Urban Renewal District and Water and Wastewater improvements.

Urban Renewal Debt Fund

The Urban Renewal Debt Service Fund accounts for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal and interest relating to the Columbia Gateway Urban Renewal District.

Capital Projects Fund

These funds account for expenditures on major construction projects or equipment acquisitions. The principal sources of revenues are proceeds from long-term obligations issued to finance capital acquisitions and improvements. Funds included in this category are:

Capital Projects Fund

The Capital Projects Fund accounts for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities, other than those financed by the enterprise funds. Principal resources to the fund are grants, a portion of lease payments received on the State Office Building owned by the City, and interest earned on investments.

Special Assessment Fund

The special Assessments Fund accounts for the financing of public amprovements or services deemed to benefit primarily the properties against which the assessments are levied. Principal sources of revenues are assessment principle and interest collected.

Urban Renewal Capital Projects Fund

The Urban Renewal Capital Projects Fund accounts for services and construction costs for the develoment within the Columbia Gateway Urban Renewal District. Principal sources of revenues are property taxes, grants, and interest on investments.

GENERAL FUND COMBINING

General Fund

The General Fund is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the City, except those accounted for in another fund. Principal sources of revenue are property taxes, franchise fees, hotel-motel tax, and state shared revenues. Expenditures are primarily for general government operations, public safety (police), and culture and recreation.

Public Works Reserve Fund

The Public Works Reserve Fund provides for the accumulation of financial resources to pay for equipment, machinery and vehicles for the Public Works Departments: streets, water and sewer operations. Contributions are received from the operating funds of the Street Fund, Water Utility Fund, Wastewater Utility Fund, and the sale of Public Works' surplus property.

Transportation System Reserve Fund

The Transportation System Reserve Fund provides for the accumulation of funds to pay for upgrade and expansion of the street systems.

Unemployment Reserve Fund

The Unemployment Reserve Fund provides for the accumulation of financial resources of the City to pay claims of unemployment. Contributions are received from the operating funds of the General Fund, Library Fund, Street Fund, Water Utility Fund, and Wastewater Utility Fund.

CITY OF THE DALLES, OREGON COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2023

		Total Nonmajor cial Revenue Funds		Total lonmajor bt Service Funds		Total Nonmajor bital Projects Fund		Total
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	\$	4,647,660	\$	805,738	\$	6,113,686	\$	11,567,084
Receivables	Ŧ	.,,	Ŧ	,	Ŧ		Ŧ	
Accounts		-		-		34,444		34,444
Property taxes Notes		-		-		80,971 307,445		80,971 307,445
Notes		-		-		307,445		307,443
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	4,647,660	\$	805,738	\$	6,536,546	\$	11,989,944
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	82,944	\$	-	\$	7,910	\$	90,854
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						69,203		69,203
Unavailable revenue - property taxes Unavailable revenue - assessments		-		-		26.044		26,044
Unavailable revenue - notes		-		-		307,445		307,445
Total deferred inflows of resources						402,692		402,692
						402,002		402,002
FUND BALANCE								
Restricted for								
Grant / contributor specific intent		5,769		-		-		5,769
Debt service System development		-		805,738		- 5,331,949		805,738 5,331,949
Intergovernmental agreement		2,084,798				3,001,040		2,084,798
Committed for		_,,						_,,
Major capital facilities and associated debt		-		-		793,995		793,995
Agreements with state agencies		2,474,149		-		-		2,474,149
Total fund balances		4,564,716		805,738		6,125,944		11,496,398
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS								
OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	4,647,660	\$	805,738	\$	6,536,546	\$	11,989,944

CITY OF THE DALLES, OREGON COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	Total Nonmajor Debt Service Funds	Total Nonmajor Capital Projects Fund	Total
REVENUES				
Property taxes	\$ 1,445,846	\$ 800,938	\$ 873,399	\$ 3,120,183
Franchise fees	-	-	37,875	37,875
Intergovernmental	911,143	-	-	911,143
Fines and forfeitures, net	7,425	-	-	7,425
Assessments	-	-	20,347	20,347
Principal and interest repayments	-	-	-	-
Rental income	324,713	126,773	98,051	549,537
Interest on investments	117,914	4,800	208,963	331,677
Miscellaneous	1,687		2,573	4,260
Total revenues	2,808,728	932,511	1,241,208	4,982,447
EXPENDITURES				
General government	_	-	265,102	265,102
Public safety	690,541	-		690,541
Culture and recreation	1,443,694	-	-	1,443,694
Highways and streets	1,339	-	-	1,339
Capital outlay	214,107		409,417	623,524
Debt service	211,107		100,111	020,021
Principal	-	1,401,666	-	1,401,666
Interest	-	492,592	-	492,592
		101,001		102,002
Total expenditures	2,349,681	1,894,258	674,519	4,918,458
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES				
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	459,047	(961,747)	566,689	63,989
	100,017	(001,111)		00,000
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfer in	297,893	1,127,322	297,008	1,722,223
Transfer out	(138,040)	-	(403,432)	(541,472)
Scheduled debt service transfers	-	(159,575)	-	(159,575)
Proceeds from sale of property	-	-	128,709	128,709
				<u>_</u>
Total other financing sources (uses)	159,853	967,747	22,285	1,149,885
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	618,900	6,000	588,974	1,213,874
FUND BALANCES,				
beginning of year, as restated	3,945,816	799,738	5,536,970	10,282,524
FUND BALANCES, end of year	\$ 4,564,716	\$ 805,738	\$ 6,125,944	\$ 11,496,398

CITY OF THE DALLES, OREGON COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2023

	Library Fund	Community Benevolence Fund	State Office Building Fund	Special Enterpise Zone Fund	Total
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,167,324	\$ 5,769	\$ 343,950	\$ 2,130,617	\$ 4,647,660
LIABILITIES Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 82,526	\$-	\$ 418	\$-	\$ 82,944
FUND BALANCES Restricted for					-
Grant / contributor specific intent	-	5,769	-	-	5,769
Intergovernmental agreement Committed for	2,084,798	-	-	-	2,084,798
Agreements with state agencies			343,532	2,130,617	2,474,149
Total fund balances	2,084,798	5,769	343,532	2,130,617	4,564,716
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 2,167,324	\$ 5,769	\$ 343,950	\$ 2,130,617	\$ 4,647,660

CITY OF THE DALLES, OREGON COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Library Fund	Community Benevolence Fund	State Office Building Fund	Special Enterpise Zone Fund	Total
REVENUES	¢ 1 145 046	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$ 1,445,846
Property taxes Intergovernmental	\$ 1,445,846 4,010	φ -	ф -	ہ - 907,133	\$ 1,445,846 911,143
Fines and forfeitures, net	7,425	-	-	907,155	7,425
Rental income	7,425	-	- 324,713	-	324,713
Interest on investments	- 56,089	- 167	5,740	- 55,918	117,914
Miscellaneous	1,687	-	-	-	1,687
Total revenues	1,515,057	167	330,453	963,051	2,808,728
EXPENDITURES					
Public safety	-	-	190,541	500,000	690,541
Culture and recreation	1,443,694	-	-	-	1,443,694
Highways and streets	-	1,339	-	-	1,339
Capital outlay	59,200		154,907		214,107
Total expenditures	1,502,894	1,339	345,448	500,000	2,349,681
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER					
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	12,163	(1,172)	(14,995)	463,051	459,047
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfer in	-	-	297,893	-	297,893
Transfer out	(138,040)				(138,040)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(138,040)		297,893		159,853
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(125,877)	(1,172)	282,898	463,051	618,900
FUND BALANCES, beginning of year, as restated	2,210,675	6,941	60,634	1,667,566	3,945,816
FUND BALANCES, end of year	\$ 2,084,798	\$ 5,769	\$ 343,532	\$ 2,130,617	\$ 4,564,716

CITY OF THE DALLES, OREGON COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2023

	-	O 2008 d Fund	2009 FFCO Bond Fund	Re	Urban newal Debt Fund	 Totals
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,000	\$ -	\$	802,738	\$ 805,738
FUND BALANCES Restricted for: Debt service	\$	3,000	\$-	\$	802,738	\$ 805,738

CITY OF THE DALLES, OREGON COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	FFCO 2008 Bond Fund	2009 FFCO Bond Fund	Urban Renewal Debt Fund	Totals
REVENUES	^	^	* • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	*
Property taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 800,938	\$ 800,938
Rental income	126,773	-	-	126,773
Interest on investments		-	4,800	4,800
Total revenues	126,773		805,738	932,511
EXPENDITURES				
Debt service				
Principal	175,856	650,810	575,000	1,401,666
Interest	7,386	257,468	227,738	492,592
Total expenditures	183,242	908,278	802,738	1,894,258
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(56,469)	(908,278)	3,000	(961,747)
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers in	178,407	948,915	-	1,127,322
Scheduled debt service transfers	(118,938)	(40,637)	-	(159,575)
Total other financing sources (uses)	59,469	908,278		967,747
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	3,000	-	3,000	6,000
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year			799,738	799,738
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$ 3,000	\$ -	\$ 802,738	\$ 805,738

CITY OF THE DALLES, OREGON COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS JUNE 30, 2023

	•	al Projects Fund	,			oan Renewal oital Projects Fund		Total
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables:	\$	435,758	\$	356,525	\$	5,321,403	\$	6,113,686
Accounts		-		34,444		-		34,444
Property taxes		-		-		80,971		80,971
Notes		-		-		307,445		307,445
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	435,758	\$	390,969	\$	5,709,819	\$	6,536,546
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities								
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	-	\$	6,688	\$	1,222	\$	7,910
Deferred inflows of resources Unavailable revenue - property taxes Unavailable revenue - assessments Unavailable revenue - notes		- -		26,044		69,203 - 307,445		69,203 26,044 307,445
Total deferred inflows of resources				26,044		376,648		402,692
Fund balances Restricted for								
System development		-		-		5,331,949		5,331,949
Committed for		105 750		250 007				702.005
Major capital facilities and associated debt		435,758		358,237		-		793,995
Total fund balances		435,758		358,237		5,331,949		6,125,944
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
AND FUND BALANCES	\$	435,758	\$	390,969	\$	5,709,819	\$	6,536,546

CITY OF THE DALLES, OREGON COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Capi	tal Projects Fund	•	ecial nent Fund	an Renewal ital Projects Fund	Total
REVENUES					 	
Property taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 873,399	\$ 873,399
Franchise fees		-		37,875	-	37,875
Assessments		-		20,347	-	20,347
Rental income		98,051		-	-	98,051
Interest on investments		11,767		12,555	184,641	208,963
Miscellaneous		5		-	 2,568	 2,573
Total revenues		109,823		70,777	 1,060,608	 1,241,208
EXPENDITURES						
General government		1,454		-	263,648	265,102
Capital outlay		92,996		26,069	 290,352	 409,417
Total expenditures		94,450		26,069	 554,000	 674,519
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER						
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES		15,373		44,708	 506,608	 566,689
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfer in		297,008		-	-	297,008
Transfer out		(297,893)		(105,539)	-	(403,432)
Proceeds from sale of property		-		-	 128,709	 128,709
Total other financing sources (uses)		(885)		(105,539)	 128,709	 22,285
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		14,488		(60,831)	635,317	588,974
FUND BALANCE,						
beginning of year, as restated		421,270		419,068	 4,696,632	 5,536,970
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$	435,758	\$	358,237	\$ 5,331,949	\$ 6,125,944

CITY OF THE DALLES, OREGON COMBINING BALANCE SHEET GENERAL FUND JUNE 30, 2023

	neral Fund - getary Basis	Public Works Reserve Fund		Transportation System Reserve Fund		Unemployment Reserve Fund		Total General Fund	
ASSETS									
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables:	\$ 7,513,915	\$	423,358	\$	841,770	\$	34,316	\$	8,813,359
Accounts	999,347		_						999,347
Leases	349,693								349,693
Fines and forfeitures	350,895		-		-		-		350,895
Property taxes	173,330		-		-		-		173,330
Prepaid items	 17,222		-		-		-		17,222
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 9,404,402	\$	423,358	\$	841,770	\$	34,316	\$	10,703,846
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities									
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 385,700	\$	69,976	\$	-	\$	4,662	\$	460,338
Deferred inflows of resources									
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	173,330		-		-		-		173,330
Unavailable revenue - court	320,726		-		-		-		320,726
Unavailable revenue - leases	 349,693		-		-		-		349,693
Total fund balances	 843,749				-		-		843,749
Fund balances									
Nonspendable Prepaids	17,222								17,222
Committed for	17,222		-		-		-		17,222
Committed by ordinance or resolution	-		353,382		841,770		29,654		1,224,806
Unassigned	8,157,731		-		-		-		8,157,731
Total fund balances	 8,174,953		353,382		841,770		29,654		9,399,759
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES									
AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 9,404,402	\$	423,358	\$	841,770	\$	34,316	\$	10,703,846

CITY OF THE DALLES, OREGON COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

		ieral Fund - jetary Basis		olic Works serve Fund		ransportation stem Reserve Fund		ployment rve Fund	То	tal General Fund
REVENUES	•		•		•		•		•	
Property taxes	\$	4,644,868	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	4,644,868
Other taxes		1,865,739		-		-		-		1,865,739
Franchise fees		289,097		-		-		-		289,097
Licenses and fees		53,957		-		-		-		53,957
Intergovernmental		3,208,132		-		-		-		3,208,132
Fines and forfeitures, net		80,198		-		-		-		80,198
System development charges Rental income		-		-		154,740		-		154,740
		77,922		-		-		-		77,922
Interest on investments		199,533		8,316		21,201		1,331		230,381
Miscellaneous		306,234		-		-		-		306,234
Total revenues		10,725,680		8,316		175,941		1,331		10,911,268
EXPENDITURES										
General government		3,205,985		-		-		31,570		3,237,555
Public Safety		4,667,420		-		-		-		4,667,420
Planning and economic development		506,230		-		-		-		506,230
Special payments		939,814		-		-		-		939,814
Capital outlay		341,046		395,352		556,201		-		1,292,599
Debt service		,		,		,				, - ,
Principal		22,778		-		-		-		22,778
Interest		614		-		-		-		614
Total expenditures		9,683,887		395,352		556,201		31,570		10,667,010
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF										
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		1,041,793		(387,036)		(380,260)		(30,239)		244,258
		1,041,700		(007,000)		(000,200)		(00,200)	—	244,200
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Lease inception		22,108		-		-		-		22,108
Transfer in		1,306,106		555,000		-		-		1,861,106
Transfer out		(737,008)		-		-		-		(737,008)
Total other financing sources (uses)		591,206		555,000						1,146,206
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		1,632,999		167,964		(380,260)		(30,239)		1,390,464
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year, as restated		6,541,954		185,418		1,222,030		59,893		8,009,295
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$	8,174,953	\$	353,382	\$	841,770	\$	29,654	\$	9,399,759

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Pursuant to the provisions of Oregon Revised Statute, an individual schedule of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances - budget and actual be displayed for each fund where legally adopted budgets are required.

In accordance with GASB Statement #34, the City's General Fund and any major special revenue funds are presented as the basic governmental fund financial statements. All other budgetary comparisons are displayed in the following pages as supplemental information.

Governmental Budgetary Comparison schedules not included in basic financial statements include the following:

General Fund - Budgetary Basis Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance

> General Fund - Budgetary Basis Schedule of Expenditures

Public Works Reserve Fund - Budgetary Basis Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance

> Transportation System Reserve Fund - Budgetary Basis Schedule of Revenues,

Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance

Unemployment Reserve Fund - Budgetary Basis Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance

Non-major Governmental Budgetary Comparison schedules included the following:

- Special Revenue Funds
 - Library Fund
 - Community Benevolence Fund
 - State Office Building Fund
 - Special Enterprise Zone Fund
- Debt Service Fund
 - FFCO 2008 Bond Fund
 - 2009 FFCO Bond Fund
 - Urban Renewal Debt Fund
- Capital Project Fund
 - Capital Projects Fund
 - Special Assessments Fund
 - Urban Renewal Capital Projects Fund

CITY OF THE DALLES, OREGON SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND – BUDGETARY BASIS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Bu Adopted	dget Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES				(Hoganito)
Property taxes	\$ 3,862,475	\$ 3,862,475	\$ 4,644,868	\$ 782,393
Other taxes	1,814,456	1,814,456	1,865,739	51,283
Franchise fees	275,420	275,420	289,097	13,677
Licenses and fees	41,960	41,960	53,957	11,997
Intergovernmental	2,622,526	2,639,778	3,208,132	568,354
Fines and forfeitures, net	84,300	84,300	80.198	(4,102)
Rental income	8,300	8,300	77,922	69,622
Interest on investments	25,500	25,500	199,533	174,033
Miscellaneous	,			
Miscellaneous	104,100	254,100	306,234	52,134
Total revenues	8,839,037	9,006,289	10,725,680	1,719,391
EXPENDITURES				
General government	3,287,577	3,426,772	3,205,985	220,787
Public safety	5,183,680	5,321,840	4,667,420	654,420
Planning and economic development	714,602	927,313	506,230	421,083
Special payments	945,392	995,392	939,814	55,578
Capital outlay	304,000	453,160	341,046	112,114
Debt service	,	,		,
Principal	-	25,847	22,778	3,069
Interest	-	614	614	-
Contingency	950,493	402,058		402,058
Total expenditures	11,385,744	11,552,996	9,683,887	1,869,109
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(2,546,707)	(2,546,707)	1,041,793	3,588,500
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Lease inception	-	_	22,108	22,108
Transfers in	1,338,073	1,338,073	1,306,106	(31,967)
Transfers out	(515,000)	(802,008)	(737,008)	65,000
	(010,000)	(002,000)	(101,000)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	823,073	536,065	591,206	55,141
Net changes in fund balances	\$ (1,723,634)	\$ (2,010,642)	\$ 1,632,999	\$ 3,643,641
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year, as restated	4,901,143	5,188,151	6,541,954	1,353,803
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$ 3,177,509	\$ 3,177,509	\$ 8,174,953	\$ 4,997,444

CITY OF THE DALLES, OREGON SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND – BUDGETARY BASIS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

		Budget Adopted Final				Actual	Fin F	iance with al Budget Positi <i>v</i> e Jegative)
General government								
City council	¢	0.040	۴	40.040	۴	0.050	¢	0.004
Personnel services Materials and services	\$	9,043	\$	18,043	\$	9,059 334 082	\$	8,984 260 773
		594,855		594,855		334,082		260,773
Subtotal		603,898		612,898		343,141		269,757
City clerk								
Personnel services		163,115		163,115		161,825		1,290
Materials and services		27,920		27,920		19,128		8,792
Subtotal		191,035		191,035		180,953		10,082
City manager								
Personnel services		309,641		309,641		268,972		40,669
Materials and services		21,994		21,994		11,893		10,101
Subtotal		331,635		331,635		280,865		50,770
Legal								
Personnel services		248,402		298,402		203,894		94,508
Materials and services		115,628		265,628		262,911		2,717
Subtotal		364,030		564,030		466,805		97,225
Finance / utility billing / judicial								
Personnel services		664,473		664,473		611,357		53,116
Materials and services		216,267		216,267		190,009		26,258
Subtotal		880,740		880,740		801,366		79,374
Personnel								
Personnel services		267,208		267,208		257,583		9,625
Materials and services		89,595		89,595		44,683		44,912
Subtotal		356,803		356,803		302,266		54,537
Technology								
Personnel services		243,437		272,437		243,891		28,546
Materials and services		122,502		172,857		155,136		17,721
Capital outlay		6,000		6,000		-		6,000
Subtotal	\$	371,939	\$	451,294	\$	399,027	\$	52,267

CITY OF THE DALLES, OREGON SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND – BUDGETARY BASIS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Du	dget		Variance with Final Budget Positive		
	Adopted	Final	Actual	(Negative)		
Continued				(
City hall/transportation center department Personnel services Materials and services Capital outlay	\$ 80,818 361,679 49,000	\$ 80,818 361,679 49,000	\$ 73,267 358,295 	\$ 7,551 3,384 49,000		
Subtotal	491,497	491,497	431,562	59,935		
Total general government	\$ 3,591,577	\$ 3,879,932	\$ 3,205,985	\$ 673,947		
Planning and economic development Personnel services Materials and services Capital outlay	\$ 581,537 133,065 	\$ 581,537 334,776 11,000	\$ 362,433 143,797 5,060	\$ 219,104 190,979 5,940		
Subtotal	714,602	927,313	511,290	416,023		
Public safety Police/codes enforement Police Personnel services	3,911,707	3,911,707	3,721,885	189,822		
Materials and services	743,492 156,000	743,492	692,415	51,077		
Capital outlay	156,000	294,160	286,747	7,413		
Subtotal	4,811,199	4,949,359	4,701,047	248,312		
Code enforcement Personnel services Materials and services Subtotal Total police/codes enforecment	79,169 89,584 168,753 4,979,952	79,169 89,584 168,753 5,118,112	76,424 81,069 157,493 4,858,540	2,745 8,515 11,260 259,572		
	.,		.,,			
Animal control Personnel services Materials and services Capital outlay	80,666 30,062 93,000	80,666 30,062 93,000	69,330 26,297 49,239	11,336 3,765 43,761		
Subtotal	203,728	203,728	144,866	58,862		
Total public safety	5,183,680	5,321,840	5,003,406	318,434		
Special payments	945,392	995,392	939,814	55,578		
Debt service Principal Interest		26,461	22,778 614	3,683 (614)		
Subtotal		26,461	23,392	3,069		
Interfund transfers	515,000	802,008	737,008	65,000		
Contingency	950,493	402,058	-	402,058		
Total expenditures	\$ 11,900,744	\$ 12,355,004	\$ 10,420,895	\$ 1,934,109		

CITY OF THE DALLES, OREGON SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL PUBLIC WORKS RESERVE FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Adopt	Budg	,	Final		Actual	Fina F	ance with al Budget Positive legative)
REVENUES								- 3)
Interest on investments	\$	1,000	\$	1,000	\$	8,316	\$	7,316
EXPENDITURES								
Capital outlay	643,517		741,418		395,352			346,066
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(642	2,517)		(740,418)		(387,036)		353,382
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in	555	5,000		555,000		555,000		-
Net changes in fund balances	(87	7,517)		(185,418)		167,964		353,382
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year	87	7,517		185,418		185,418		
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$		\$	-	\$	353,382	\$	353,382

CITY OF THE DALLES, OREGON SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL TRANSPORTATION SYSTEM RESERVE FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Buc	Budget							
	Adopted	Final	Actual	(Negative)					
REVENUES									
Intergovernmental	\$ 1,097,000	\$ 1,097,000	\$-	\$ (1,097,000)					
System development charges	45,000	45,000	154,740	109,740					
Interest on investments	4,000	4,000	21,201	17,201					
Total revenues	1,146,000	1,146,000	175,941	(970,059)					
EXPENDITURES									
Capital outlay	2,404,830	2,404,830	556,201	1,848,629					
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(1,258,830)	(1,258,830)	(380,260)	878,570					
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year	1,258,830	1,258,830	1,222,030	(36,800)					
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$-	\$ -	\$ 841,770	\$ 841,770					

CITY OF THE DALLES, OREGON SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL UNEMPLOYEMENT RESERVE FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

		Buc		Fina	ance with al Budget Positive		
	Ac	lopted	 Final		Actual	(Negative)	
REVENUES Interest on investments	\$	549	\$ 549	\$	1,331	\$	782
EXPENDITURES Personnel service		74,728	 74,728		31,570		43,158
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(74,179)	 (74,179)		(30,239)		43,940
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year		74,179	 74,179		59,893		(14,286)
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$	-	\$ -	\$	29,654	\$	29,654

CITY OF THE DALLES, OREGON SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL LIBRARY FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Buc	lget		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
	Adopted	Final	Actual		
REVENUES					
Property taxes	\$ 1,887,794	\$ 1,887,794	\$ 1,445,846	\$ (441,948)	
Intergovernmental	9,161	9,161	4,010	(5,151)	
Fines and forfeitures, net	5,000	5,000	7,425	2,425	
Contributions	100	100	-	(100)	
Interest on investments	8,736	8,736	56,089	47,353	
Miscellaneous	-		1,687	1,687	
Total revenues	1,910,791	1,910,791	1,515,057	(395,734)	
EXPENDITURES					
Personnel service	971,932	971,932	860,981	110,951	
Materials and services	1,028,792	1,028,792	582,713	446,079	
Capital outlay	294,800	294,800	59,200	235,600	
Contingency	210,000	210,000		210,000	
Total expenditures	2,505,524	2,505,524	1,502,894	1,002,630	
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(594,733)	(594,733)	12,163	606,896	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers out	(158,007)	(158,007)	(138,040)	19,967	
Net changes in fund balances	(752,740)	(752,740)	(125,877)	626,863	
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year, as restated	1,631,853	1,631,853	2,210,675	578,822	
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$ 879,113	\$ 879,113	\$ 2,084,798	\$ 1,205,685	

CITY OF THE DALLES, OREGON SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL COMMUNITY BENEVOLENCE FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Budget					Variance with Final Budget Positi <i>v</i> e		
	Adopted		Final		Actual		(Negative)	
REVENUES Interest on investments	\$	60	\$	60	\$	167	\$	107
EXPENDITURES Materials and services		6,957		6,957		1,339		5,618
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(6,897)		(6,897)		(1,172)		5,725
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year		6,897		6,897		6,941		44
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$	_	\$		\$	5,769	\$	5,769

CITY OF THE DALLES, OREGON SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL STATE OFFICE BUILDING FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Budget						Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Adopted		Final		Actual		(Negative)	
REVENUES		<u> </u>						
Rental income	\$	386,993	\$	386,993	\$	324,713	\$	(62,280)
Interest on investments		1,000		1,000		5,740		4,740
Total revenues		387,993		387,993		330,453		(57,540)
EXPENDITURES								
Personnel service		80,933		80,933		72,398		8,535
Materials and services		181,903		468,911		118,143		350,768
Capital outlay		163,367		163,367		154,907		8,460
Contingency		60,000		60,000		-		60,000
Total expenditures		486,203		773,211		345,448		427,763
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(98,210)		(385,218)		(14,995)		370,223
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in		10,885		297,893		297,893		-
Net changes in fund balances		(87,325)		(87,325)		282,898		370,223
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year, as restated		87,325		87,325		60,634		(26,691)
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$	-	\$	-	\$	343,532	\$	343,532

CITY OF THE DALLES, OREGON SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL SPECIAL ENTERPRISE ZONE FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Bu	Variance with Final Budget Positi <i>v</i> e		
	Adopted	Final	Actual	(Negative)
REVENUES Intergovernmental Interest on investments	\$ 907,133 5,300	\$ 907,133 5,300	\$ 907,133 55,918	\$- 50,618
Total revenues	912,433	912,433	963,051	50,618
EXPENDITURES Materials and services	2,576,240	2,576,240	500,000	2,076,240
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(1,663,807)	(1,663,807)	463,051	2,126,858
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year	1,663,807	1,663,807	1,667,566	3,759
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$-	\$-	\$ 2,130,617	\$ 2,130,617

CITY OF THE DALLES, OREGON SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL FFCO 2008 BOND FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Budget					Fina P	nce with I Budget ositive
	A	dopted		Final	 Actual	(Ne	egative)
REVENUES Rental income	\$	126,773	\$	126,773	\$ 126,773	\$	-
EXPENDITURES Debt service							
Principal		293,000		293,000	290,000		3,000
Interest		12,180		12,180	12,180		-
Total expenditures		305,180		305,180	 302,180		3,000
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(178,407)		(178,407)	(175,407)		3,000
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in		178,407	_	178,407	 178,407		
Net changes in fund balances		-		-	3,000		3,000
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year					 		
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 3,000	\$	3,000

*Debt service transfers from the Water Capital Reserve Fund of \$59,469 and Wastewater Capital Reserve Fund of \$59,469 were made for debt service principal and interest of \$114,144 and \$4,794, respectively.

CITY OF THE DALLES, OREGON SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL 2009 FFCO BOND FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	A	Buc	lget	Final	Actual	Final Po	nce with Budget ositive gative)
EXPENDITURES					 		<u> </u>
Debt service Principal Interest	\$	680,000 268,915	\$	680,000 268,915	\$ 680,000 268,915	\$	-
Total expenditures		948,915		948,915	 948,915		-
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in		948,919		948,919	 948,915		4
Net changes in fund balances		4		4	-		(4)
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year		(4)		(4)	 -		4
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-

*Debt service transfers from the Water Capital Reserve Fund of \$33,474 and Wastewater Capital Reserve Fund of \$7,163 were made for debt service principal and interest of \$29,190 and \$11,447, respectively.

CITY OF THE DALLES, OREGON SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL URBAN RENEWAL DEBT FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Bu	dget		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Adopted	Final	Actual	(Negative)
REVENUES				
Property taxes	\$ 800,938	\$ 800,938	\$ 800,938	\$-
Interest on investments	4,800	4,800	4,800	
Total revenues	805,738	805,738	805,738	
EXPENDITURES				
Debt service:				
Principal	575,000	575,000	575,000	-
Interest	227,738	227,738	227,738	-
Contingency	802,738	802,738		802,738
Total expenditures	1,605,476	1,605,476	802,738	802,738
Net changes in fund balances	(799,738)	(799,738)	3,000	802,738
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year	799,738	799,738	799,738	
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$-	\$ -	\$ 802,738	\$ 802,738

CITY OF THE DALLES, OREGON SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

		udget		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Adopted	Final	Actual	(Negative)
REVENUES				
Rental income	\$ 105,072	\$ 105,072	\$ 98,051	\$ (7,021)
Interest on investments	3,100	3,100	11,767	8,667
Miscellaneous	-		5	5
Total revenues	108,172	108,172	109,823	1,651
EXPENDITURES				
Materials and services	8,500	8,500	1,454	7,046
Capital outlay	562,502	562,502	92,996	469,506
Total expenditures	571,002	571,002	94,450	476,552
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(462,830)	(462,830)	15,373	478,203
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	10,000	297,008	297,008	-
Transfers out	(10,885)	(297,893)	(297,893)	-
		(()	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(885)	(885)	(885)	-
Net changes in fund balances	(463,715)	(463,715)	14,488	478,203
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year	463,715	463,715	421,270	(42,445)
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$ -	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 435,758	\$ 435,758

CITY OF THE DALLES, OREGON SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL SPECIAL ASSESSMENT FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

		Buc	lget			Fin	iance with al Budget Positive
	Ac	dopted	Final		 Actual	٩)	legative)
REVENUES							
Franchise fees	\$	26,800	\$	26,800	\$ 37,875	\$	11,075
Assessments		11,248		11,248	20,347		9,099
Interest on investments		2,450		2,450	 12,555		10,105
Total revenues		40,498		40,498	 70,777		30,279
EXPENDITURES							
Materials and services		28,600		28,600	-		28,600
Capital outlay		260,992		260,992	 26,069		234,923
Total expenditures		289,592		289,592	 26,069		263,523
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(249,094)		(249,094)	44,708		293,802
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers out		(115,539)		(115,539)	 (105,539)		10,000
Net changes in fund balances		(364,633)		(364,633)	(60,831)		303,802
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year (as restated)		364,633		364,633	 419,068		54,435
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$	_	\$	_	\$ 358,237	\$	358,237

CITY OF THE DALLES, OREGON SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL URBAN RENEWAL CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Buc	dget		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Adopted	Final	Actual	(Negative)
REVENUES				
Property taxes	\$ 791,018	\$ 791,018	\$ 873,399	\$ 82,381
Interest on investments	21,000	21,000	184,641	163,641
Miscellaneous	10	10	2,568	2,558
Total revenues	812,028	812,028	1,060,608	248,580
EXPENDITURES				
Materials and services	2,350,960	2,350,960	263,648	2,087,312
Capital outlay	3,034,506	3,034,506	290,352	2,744,154
Total expenditures	5,385,466	5,385,466	554,000	4,831,466
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(4,573,438)	(4,573,438)	506,608	5,080,046
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Proceeds from sale of property	36,824	36,824	128,709	91,885
Total other financing sources (uses)	36,824	36,824	128,709	91,885
Net changes in fund balances	(4,536,614)	(4,536,614)	635,317	5,171,931
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year (as restated)	4,536,614	4,536,614	4,696,632	160,018
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$ -	\$-	\$ 5,331,949	\$ 5,331,949

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES Enterprise Funds

Pursuant to the provisions of Oregon Revised Statute, an individual schedule of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances - budget and actual be displayed for each fund where legally adopted budgets are required.

Enterprise Budgetary Comparison schedules include the following:

> All Water Funds

-	Water Utility
-	Water Capital Reserve

- All Wastewater Funds
 - Wastewater
 - Wastewater Capital Reserve
 - Sewer Plant Construction
- > 2018 Utility Bond Fund
 - 2018 Utility Bond Fund

CITY OF THE DALLES, OREGON SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ALL WATER FUNDS COMBINED YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Water Utility	Water Capital Reserve	Total All Water Funds
REVENUES Charges for services	\$ 6,411,562	\$-	\$ 6,411,562
Intergovernmental	2,990	پ 215,000	217,990
Fines and forfeitures, net	-	-	-
Contributions	-	-	-
System development charges	-	44,026	44,026
Rental income	4,428	-	4,428
Interest on investments	4,153	156,019	160,172
Miscellaneous	163,313		163,313
Total revenues	6,586,446	415,045	7,001,491
EXPENDITURES			
Personnel service	2,481,698	-	2,481,698
Materials and services	1,229,669	-	1,229,669
Capital outlay Debt service	146,609	5,552,839	5,699,448
Principal	-	167,194	167,194
Interest		71,185	71,185
Total expenditures	3,857,976	5,791,218	9,649,194
Revenues over (under) expenditures	2,728,470	(5,376,173)	(2,647,703)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Proceeds from sale of property	308	-	308
Loan proceeds	-	1,934,400	1,934,400
Transfers in	-	1,298,333	1,298,333
Transfers out	(2,256,725)	(536,912)	(2,793,637)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(2,256,417)	2,695,821	439,404
Net changes in fund balances	472,053	(2,680,352)	(2,208,299)
FUND BALANCE, beginning budgetary basis	825,263	7,402,092	8,227,355
FUND BALANCE, ending budgetary basis	\$ 1,297,316	\$ 4,721,740	6,019,056
Change in fund balance Expenditures capitalized Debt service principal payments Other post-employment benefits Depreciation Loan proceeds			(2,208,299) 5,564,342 248,311 32,977 (622,010) (1,934,400)
Premium amortization and accrued interest Compensated absences			4,329 4,083
Change in net position			\$ 1,089,333

CITY OF THE DALLES, OREGON SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL WATER UTILITY YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Buc	lget		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Adopted	Final	Actual	(Negative)
REVENUES				
Charges for services	\$ 6,599,203	\$ 6,599,203	\$ 6,411,562	\$ (187,641)
Intergovernmental	39,653	39,653	2,990	(36,663)
Rental income	4,428	4,428	4,428	-
Interest on investments	2,000	2,000	4,153	2,153
Miscellaneous	90,450	90,450	163,313	72,863
Total revenues	6,735,734	6,735,734	6,586,446	(149,288)
EXPENDITURES				
Personnel service	2,487,400	2,487,400	2,481,698	5,702
Materials and services	1,369,523	1,369,523	1,229,669	139,854
Capital outlay	396,600	396,600	146,609	249,991
Contingency	44,504	44,504		44,504
Total expenditures	4,298,027	4,298,027	3,857,976	440,051
Revenues over (under) expenditures	2,437,707	2,437,707	2,728,470	290,763
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Proceeds from sale of property	100	100	308	208
Transfers out	(3,338,392)	(3,338,392)	(2,256,725)	1,081,667
Total other financing sources (uses)	(3,338,292)	(3,338,292)	(2,256,417)	1,081,875
Net changes in fund balance	(900,585)	(900,585)	472,053	1,372,638
FUND BALANCE, beginning budgetary basis (as restated)	900,585	900,585	825,263	(75,322)
FUND BALANCE, ending budgetary basis	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,297,316	\$ 1,297,316

CITY OF THE DALLES, OREGON SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL WATER CAPITAL RESERVE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Buc	lget		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Adopted	Final	Actual	(Negative)
REVENUES				(
Intergovernmental	\$ 8,010,000	\$ 8,010,000	\$ 215,000	\$ (7,795,000)
System development charges	69,510	69,510	44,026	(25,484)
Interest on investments	25,000	25,000	156,019	131,019
Total revenues	8,104,510	8,104,510	415,045	(7,689,465)
EXPENDITURES				
Capital outlay	15,415,403	17,111,311	5,552,839	11,558,472
Debt service				
Principal	167,194	167,194	167,194	
Interest	71,185	71,185	71,185 *	
Total expenditures	15,653,782	17,349,690	5,791,218	11,558,472
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(7,549,272)	(9,245,180)	(5,376,173)	3,869,007
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Loan proceeds	-	-	1,934,400	1,934,400
Transfers in	2,380,000	2,380,000	1,298,333	(1,081,667)
Transfers out	(536,912)	(536,912)	(536,912)	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,843,088	1,843,088	2,695,821	852,733
Net changes in fund balance	(5,706,184)	(7,402,092)	(2,680,352)	4,721,740
FUND BALANCE, beginning budgetary basis	5,706,184	7,402,092	7,402,092	
FUND BALANCE, ending budgetary basis	\$-	\$ -	\$ 4,721,740	\$ 4,721,740

* Debt service transfers from the Water Capital Reserve fund of \$92,943 were made to the FFCO 2008 Debt Service Fund and 2009 FFCO Debt Service Fund for principal and interest of \$57,072 and \$2,397; and \$24,045 and \$9,429, respectively.

CITY OF THE DALLES, OREGON SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ALL WASTEWATER FUNDS COMBINED YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Change in net position

REVENUES	Wastewater	Wastewater Capital Reserve	Sewer Plant Construction	Total All Wastewater Funds
Charges for services	\$ 5,373,385	\$-	\$-	\$ 5,373,385
Intergovernmental	15,790	-	-	15,790
System development charges	443,733	159,631	-	603,364
Interest on investments	-	90,469	74,177	164,646
Miscellaneous	15,321			15,321
Total revenues	5,848,229	250,100	74,177	6,172,506
EXPENDITURES				
Personnel service	1,411,456	-	-	1,411,456
Materials and services	2,147,099	-	-	2,147,099
Capital outlay	67,925	1,560,738	48,579	1,677,242
Debt service				
Principal	-	-	63,741	63,741
Interest	-		32,575	32,575
Total expenditures	3,626,480	1,560,738	144,895	5,332,113
Revenues over (under) expenditures	2,221,749	(1,310,638)	(70,718)	840,393
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Proceeds from sale of property	16,457	-	-	16,457
Transfers in	-	600,000	800,000	1,400,000
Transfers out	(2,302,547)	(7,163)	(304,737)	(2,614,447)
Total other financing courses (uses)	-			
Total other financing sources (uses)	(2,286,090)	592,837	495,263	(1,197,990)
Net changes in fund balances	(64,341)	(717,801)	424,545	(357,597)
FUND BALANCE, beginning budgetary basis	1,254,779	3,932,271	2,436,048	7,623,098
FUND BALANCE, ending budgetary basis	\$ 1,190,438	\$ 3,214,470	\$ 2,860,593	7,265,501
Change in fund balance Expenditures capitalized Debt service principal payments Other post-employment benefits Depreciation Premium amortization and accrued interest Net book value of disposed assets Compensated absences				(357,597) 1,769,600 125,958 11,864 (1,048,694) 808 (3,298) (2,398)

72

\$ 496,243

CITY OF THE DALLES, OREGON SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL WASTEWATER YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Bud	lget		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Adopted	Final	Actual	(Negative)
REVENUES				
Charges for services	\$ 5,502,332	\$ 5,502,332	\$ 5,373,385	\$ (128,947)
Intergovernmental	33,382	33,382	15,790	(17,592)
System development charges	340,000	340,000	443,733	103,733
Miscellaneous	300	300	15,321	15,021
Total revenues	5,876,014	5,876,014	5,848,229	(27,785)
EXPENDITURES				
Personnel service	1,662,199	1,662,199	1,411,456	250,743
Materials and services	2,228,821	2,544,721	2,147,099	397,622
Capital outlay	288,900	288,900	67,925	220,975
Contingency	20,645	20,645	-	20,645
Total expenditures	4,200,565	4,516,465	3,626,480	889,985
Revenues over (under) expenditures	1,675,449	1,359,549	2,221,749	862,200
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Proceeds from sale of property Transfers out	(2,302,547)	(2,302,547)	16,457 (2,302,547)	16,457
Total other financing sources (uses)	(2,302,547)	(2,302,547)	(2,286,090)	16,457
Net changes in fund balance	(627,098)	(942,998)	(64,341)	878,657
FUND BALANCE, beginning budgetary basis (as restated)	627,098	942,998	1,254,779	311,781
FUND BALANCE, ending budgetary basis	\$-	\$	\$ 1,190,438	\$ 1,190,438

CITY OF THE DALLES, OREGON SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL WASTEWATER CAPITAL RESERVE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Buc	lget		Variance with Final Budget Positi <i>v</i> e
	Adopted	Final	Actual	(Negative)
REVENUES				
System development charges	\$ 63,930	\$ 63,930	\$ 159,631	\$ 95,701
Interest on investments	25,000	25,000	90,469	65,469
Total revenues	88,930	88,930	250,100	161,170
EXPENDITURES				
Capital outlay	3,146,851	4,614,037	1,560,738	3,053,299
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(3,057,921)	(4,525,107)	(1,310,638)	3,214,469
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	600,000	600,000	600,000	-
Transfers out	(7,163)	(7,163)	(7,163)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	592,837	592,837	592,837	
Net changes in fund balance	(2,465,084)	(3,932,270)	(717,801)	3,214,469
FUND BALANCE, beginning budgetary basis	2,465,084	3,932,270	3,932,271	1
FUND BALANCE, ending budgetary basis	\$-	\$ -	\$ 3,214,470	\$ 3,214,470

CITY OF THE DALLES, OREGON SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL SEWER PLANT CONSTRUCTION YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	В	udget		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Adopted	Final	Actual	(Negative)
REVENUES				
Interest on investments	\$ 10,000	\$ 10,000	\$ 74,177	\$ 64,177
EXPENDITURES				
Capital outlay	2,754,060	2,844,994	48,579	2,796,415
Debt service				
Principal	63,741	63,741	63,741 *	-
Interest	32,575	32,575	32,575 *	-
Total expenditures	2,850,376	2,941,310	144,895	2,796,415
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(2,840,376)	(2,931,310)	(70,718)	2,860,592
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	800.000	800.000	800,000	-
Transfers out	(304,737)	(304,737)	(304,737) *	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	495,263	495,263	495,263	
				0.000.500
Net changes in fund balance	(2,345,113)	(2,436,047)	424,545	2,860,592
FUND BALANCE, beginning budgetary basis	2,345,113	2,436,047	2,436,048	1
FUND BALANCE, ending budgetary basis	\$-	\$ -	\$ 2,860,593	\$ 2,860,593

* Debt service transfers from the Sewer Plant Construction fund of \$66,632 were made to the FFCO 2008 Debt Service Fund and 2009 FFCO Debt Service Fund for principal and interest of \$57,072 and \$2,397; and \$5,145 and \$2,018, respectively.

CITY OF THE DALLES, OREGON SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL 2018 UTILITY BOND FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

			lget				Fina P	ance with al Budget ositive
	/	Adopted		Final		Actual	(Ne	egative)
EXPENDITURES Debt service	•	004 400	¢	004 400	۴	004 400	¢	
Principal	\$	621,108	\$	621,108	\$	621,108	\$	-
		187,064		187,064		185,982		1,082
Contingency		2,394		2,394		-		2,394
Total expenditures		810,566		810,566		807,090		3,476
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in		808,174		808,174		808,174		_
Net changes in fund balance		(2,392)		(2,392)		1,084		3,476
FUND BALANCE, beginning budgetary basis		2,392		2,392		3,365		973
FUND BALANCE, ending budgetary basis	\$	-	\$	-		4,449	\$	4,449
Change in fund balance						1,084		
Debt service principal payments						621,108		
Accrued interest						1,383		
Change in net position					\$	623,575		

STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the City of The Dalles' annual comprehensive financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

Contents Page:

Financial Trends

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

Revenue Capacity

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue source, the property taxes.

Debt Capacity

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

Demographic and Economic Information

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.

Sources: Unless otherwise noted the information in these schedules is derived from the City's annual comprehensive financial reports for the relevant year.

CITY OF THE DALLES NET POSITION BY COMPONENT LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015		2014
GOVENNMEN I AL I/VITIES Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$ 30,243,503 9,779,961 27,763,345	\$ 30,550,494 14,416,982 20,970,990	\$ 29,105,204 11,658,332 20,203,765	<pre>\$ 28,892,637 10,893,307 16,802,396</pre>	\$ 27,758,527 9,270,588 15,268,799	\$ 27,204,175 8,309,364 14,499,406	\$ 26,770,740 7,364,590 13,033,689	\$ 25,619,762 6,606,540 11,480,666	\$ 23,781,454 6,591,609 4,480,644	\$	23,394,331 6,221,686 4,055,637
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 67,786,809	\$ 65,938,466	\$ 60,967,301	\$ 56,588,340	\$ 52,297,914	\$ 50,012,945	\$ 47,169,019	\$ 43,706,968	\$ 34,853,707	ю	33,671,654
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$ 60,407,312 - 6,167,790	\$ 56,803,356 3,915,118 3,659,500	\$ 54,696,758 3,391,775 3,227,135	\$ 54,091,260 1,825,510 391,766	\$ 52,230,058 1,170,201 (1,153,633)	\$ 48,435,897 4,996,649 (5,535,813)	\$ 27,336,873 15,889,368 (1,051,770)	\$ 23,686,429 12,505,094 645,798	\$ 31,902,082 10,418,116 2,373,161	÷	31,669,652 8,506,649 942,037
Total business-type activities in net position	\$ 66,575,102	\$ 64,377,974	\$ 61,315,668	\$ 56,308,536	\$ 52,246,626	\$ 47,896,733	\$ 42,174,471	\$ 36,837,321	\$ 44,693,359	ŝ	41,118,338
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT Net investments in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$ 90,650,815 9,779,961 33,931,135	\$ 87,353,850 18,332,100 24,630,490	<pre>\$ 83,801,962 15,050,107 23,430,900</pre>	<pre>\$ 82,983,897 12,718,817 17,194,162</pre>	\$ 79,988,585 10,440,789 14,115,166	\$ 75,640,072 13,306,013 8,963,593	\$ 54,107,613 23,253,958 11,981,919	\$ 49,306,191 19,111,634 12,126,464	\$ 55,683,536 17,009,725 6,853,805	÷	55,063,983 14,728,335 4,997,674
Total primary government net position	134,361,911	130,316,440	\$ 122,282,969	\$ 112,896,876	\$ 104,544,540	\$ 97,909,678	\$ 89,343,490	\$ 80,544,289	\$ 79,547,066	ŝ	74,789,992

2014	1 \$ 1,741,823 5 229,428 4 10,573 10,573 4 11,573 5 1,286,046 5 5,200,871	3 5,161,655 9 5,697,344 273,657 65,000 3 4,970,071 16,167,727	2 21,368,598	5 3,528,182 8 3,502,386 5 1,202,386 5 1,202,397 5 1,202,396 5 1,202,397 8 3,502,386 8 3,502,386 9 1,202,396 5 1,202,396 8 5 9 1,403,396 8 528,148 8 10,261,711	5 3,713,333 0 3,147,900 - 286,049 5 7,147,282	3 17,408,993	9) (5,060,840) 8 9,020,445 1) \$ 3,959,605
2015	\$ 895,831 222,585 122,585 1424 18,740 1,988,624 5,456,959	5,707,603 5,533,259 199,548 65,003 406,533	17,368,902	4,643,056 3,599,408 1,505,435 1,451,383 5,17,776 11,717,058	3,659,726 2,993,590 - 260,659 6,913,975	18,631,033	(6,260,099) 4,997,968 \$ (1,262,131)
2016	\$ 1,111,793 235,252 33,944 23,044 2,0,605 1,970,505 6,162,831	5,820,678 5,733,933 - 11,554,611	17,717,442	4,043,194 3,764,858 1,614,145 1,579,320 453,321 11,454,838	3,778,964 3,139,369 - 6,918,333	18,373,171	(5,292,007) 4,636,278 \$ (655,729)
2017	\$ 1,207,216 243,128 28,342 28,342 21,681 2,169,009 2,739,012 6,408,388	5,719,228 6,137,909 - 1,174,329 13,031,466	19,439,854	3,661,829 3,841,288 1,765,029 1,716,486 443,633 11,428,265	3,714,854 2,806,274 - 6,521,128	17,949,393	(5,019,877) 6,510,338 \$ 1,490,461
2018	\$ 662,698 241,242 12,928 13,928 960,217 2,077,651 3,973,082	5,890,309 5,862,797 - 1,061,609 12,814,715	16,787,797	3,763,261 3,951,495 1,803,579 1,690,671 412,621	3,655,523 3,293,026 211,414 211,159,963	18,781,590	(7,648,545) 5,654,752 \$ (1,993,793)
2019	\$ 945,631 233,699 19,731 19,731 19,731 19,732 1,098,952 2,680,626 4,973,227	5,911,987 6,024,501 - 515,897 12,452,385	17,425,612	4,539,162 4,218,386 1,987,711 1,861,808 380,417 12,987,484	3,503,705 3,083,208 349,447 6,936,360	19,923,844	(8,014,257) 5,516,025 \$ (2,498,232)
2020	\$ 1,869,609 201,241 16,346 16,346 1,144,743 3,192,842 6,399,309	5,937,310 7,130,096 - 3,696 13,071,102	19,470,411	4,163,662 4,362,967 1,909,414 1,984,052 341,850 12,761,945	3,753,063 3,704,777 321,923 7,779,763	20,541,708	(6,362,636) 5,291,339 \$ (1,071,297)
2021	\$ 639,682 109,656 5,579 5,78 1,147,662 5,579,603 7,488,967	6,362,649 7,641,449 175,000 117,000 11,964 14,191,062	21,680,029	4,772,981 4,543,577 1,961,529 1,925,942 306,935 13,510,964	3,598,702 3,861,783 293,864 7,754,349	21,265,313	(6,021,997) 6,436,713 \$ 414,716
2022	\$ 795,571 166,977 165,977 10,308 1,531,413 6,246,040 8,766,856	6,495,686 5,759,046 - 811,538 13,066,270	21,833,126	4,495,163 5,294,311 2,515,564 2,127,335 288,057 14,700,430	4,464,661 3,912,610 263,984 8,641,255	23,341,685	(5,933,574) 4,425,015 \$ (1,508,559)
2023	\$ 827,472 80,031 7,426 1,345,197 5,226,194 7,515,517	6,460,016 5,976,749 - 233,780 12,670,545	20,186,062	6,471,736 5,444,623 2,630,885 2,462,928 119,572 17,129,744	4,510,105 4,541,607 184,599 9,236,311	26,366,055	(9,614,227) 3,434,234 \$ (6,179,993)
	Characterized Governmental activities Charges for services, fees and fines General government Public Safety Highways and streets Culture and recreation Operating grants and contributions Capital grants and contributions Total governmental activities program revenues	Business-type activities Charges for services Water Wastewater Airport Operating grants Capital grants Total business-type activities program revenues	Total primary government program revenues	EXPENSES Governmental activities General government Public safety and Justice Highways and streets Outure and recreation Interest on long term obligations Total governmental activities expenses	Business-type activities Water Wastewater 2018 utility bond Airport Total business-type activities expenses	Total primary government expenses	NET EXPENSE Governmental activities Business-type activities Total primary government net expense

CITY OF THE DALLES CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

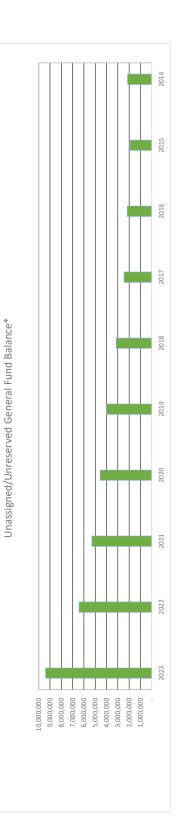
(continued)	2023	2002	1000	0000	010	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
GENERAL REVENUES AND OTHER CHANGES IN NET POSITION General Revenues Property taxes levied for	10100 1010	2020	1 202	0000						1
General purposes Urban renewal purposes Franchise and public service taxes	\$ 6,107,761 1,673,417 2.805,489	\$ 5,046,652 1,569,114 2.749.746	\$ 4,884,325 1,487,631 2.361.131	\$ 4,722,441 1,663,728 2.458.295	\$ 4,511,219 1,645,481 2,413,494	\$ 4,311,291 1,525,864 2.366.189	\$ 2,950,205 1,485,852 2.132.956	\$ 2,714,277 1,378,487 2,101.776	\$ 2,753,785 1,407,564 1.757,480	\$ 2,657,460 1,327,601 1.728.579
Interest and investment earnings Unrestricted grants and contributions	767,129	101,961	141,450	356,466	326,932	206,646	111,660	54,106	49,936	43,572
Miscellaneous Gain (loss) on sale of property	267,476 -									
Transfers Total governmental activities	1,742,002 13,363,274	1,437,266 10,904,739	1,526,421 10,400,958	1,452,132 10,653,062	1,402,100 10,299,226	1,300,986 9,710,976	1,334,452 8,015,125	1,299,746 7,548,392	1,473,387 7,442,152	1,507,292 7,264,504
Business-type activities Interest and investment earnings	324,818	74,557	96,840	222,703	235,968	202,863	161,264	73,317	50,440	42,092
Unrestricted grants and contributions Miscellaneous	178,634					- 705,604				- (37,152)
Gain (loss) on sale of property Transfers Tratal business-type activities	13,467 (1,742,002) (1,225,083)	- (1,437,266) (1,362,709)	- (1,526,421) (1,429,581)	- (1,452,132) (1,229,429)	- (1,402,100) (1,166,132)	- (1,300,986) (392,519)	- (1,334,452) (1,173,188)	- (1,299,746) (1,226,429)	- (1,473,387) (1,422,947)	- (1,507,292) (1,502,352)
Total primary government	12,138,191	9,542,030	8,971,377	9,423,633	9,133,094	9,318,457	6,841,937	6,321,963	6,019,205	5,762,152
CHANGE IN NET POSITION Governmental activities	3,749,047	4,971,165	4,378,961	4,290,426	2,284,969	2,062,431	2,995,248	2,256,385 6 E06 976	1,182,053	2,203,661
Frior period adjustments Governmental activities, as adjusted	1,848,343	4,971,165	4,378,961	4,290,426	2,284,969	2,843,926	- 2,995,248	0,230,070 8,853,261	- 1,182,053	2,038,611
Business-type activities Prior period adlustments ***	2,209,151 (12,023)	3,062,306 -	5,007,132 -	4,061,910 -	4,349,893	5,262,233 460.029	5,337,150 -	3,409,849 (11.265,887)	3,575,021 -	(1,502,352) (214,006)
Business-type activities, as adjusted	2,197,128	3,062,306	5,007,132	4,061,910	4,349,893	5,722,262	5,337,150	(7,856,038)	3,575,021	(1,716,358)
Total primary government change in net position	4,045,471	8,033,471	9,386,093	8,352,336	6,634,862	8,566,188	8,332,398	997,223	4,757,074	322,253
NET POSITION BEGINNING Governmental activities Business-type activities	64,037,762 64,365,951	60,967,301 61,315,668	56,588,340 56,308,536	52,297,914 52,246,626	50,012,945 47,896,733	47,169,019 42,174,471	44,173,771 36,837,321	34,853,707 44,693,359	33,671,654 41,118,338	31,467,993 33,600,245
Total primary government net position-beginning	128,403,713	122,282,969	112,896,876	104,544,540	97,909,678	89,343,490	81,011,092	79,547,066	74,789,992	65,068,238
NET POSITION ENDING Governmental activities Business-type activities	67,786,809 66,575,102	65,938,466 64,377,974	60,967,301 61,315,668	56,588,340 56,308,536	52,297,914 52,246,626	50,012,945 47,896,733	47,169,019 42,174,471	43,706,968 36,837,321	34,853,707 44,693,359	33,671,654 41,118,338
Total primary government net postion	\$ 134,361,911	\$ 130,316,440	\$ 122,282,969	\$ 112,896,876	\$ 104,544,540	\$ 97,909,678	\$ 89,343,490	\$ 80,544,289	\$ 79,547,066	\$ 74,789,992
* 2014 nat nocition hadimina are net of nriar nariad adjuctments of \$1465 050) and	ante of ¢(165 050) o	5	mental and \$7244 00\$) business tune activities	ee tuna activitiae						

* 2014 net position-beginning are net of prior period adjustments of \$(165,050) governmental and \$(241,006) business-type activities. ** 2016 prior period adjustments are due to the Airport being reclassified as a joint venture, and being separated from the City as a business activity, and one half of the Airport assets being added to the governmental activities. ***Net position has een restated in relation to implementation of new accounting proncouncements issued by GASB as well as correction of accounting errors.

79

CITY OF THE DALLES FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

Prepaids \$ 17,222 mitted 5 17,222 commited by ordinance or resolution 9,382,537 assigned 700 general fund 9,399,759 Total general fund 9,399,759 THER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	22 \$ 175,113 - 1,467,341 37 6,424,835 59 8,067,289	13 \$ 174,542 13 \$ 174,542 141,470 15,300,328 140,006	\$ 168,235 1,490,141 4,562,820 6,221,196	\$ 163,833 163,833 1,438,545 3,982,764 5,585,162 5,585,162	\$ 159,388 1,352,126 3,143,704 4,655,218	\$ 146,177 \$ 146,177 1,369,385 2,451,502 3,967,064	2016 \$ 144,028 1,107,207 2,169,062 3,420,297	\$ 132,551 \$ 132,551 1,169,225 1,898,698 3,200,474	2014 \$ 130,172 1,256,941 2,143,551 3,530,674 148,400	14 130,172 266,941 530,674 530,674
3,299,147	4 1	ന്ധ	3,483,429 5,492,459	3,464,591 4 072 925	3,400,816	134, 131 3,365,712 2.510.012	3,411,321 3,411,321 1 847 330	3,508,935 1 831 201	140, 190 3,458,663 804 703	140, 190 458,663 894 793
805,738 1,557,476 5,331,949										
- 2,084,798	- 2,222,992 98 -	32 - - 2,103,901	- 1,917,329	14,370 1,718,702	14,370 1,596,044	- 1,488,866	- 1,347,889	- 1,251,473	1,868,231	- 3,231
793,995 - 2.474.149	95 827,941 49 1.729,452	11 463,283 - 469,219 52 1.852,606	391,520 521,904 652,118	302,474 574,631 91,412	299,191 535,675 110,105	242,548 565,598 82,867	163,729 458,063 37,689	219,734 107,657 43,449	276 18 (2)	276,844 18,401 (2,166)
16,495,311			12,565,672	10,404,505	9,413,604	8,409,754	7,406,387	7,139,694	6,662,956	,956
\$ 25,895,070	70 \$ 25,181,556	56 \$ 21,448,786	\$ 18,786,868	\$ 15,989,667	\$ 14,068,822	\$ 12,376,818	\$ 10,826,684	\$ 10,340,168	\$ 10,193,630	3,630



CITY OF THE DALLES CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	14
REVENUES	\$ 10 100 071	¢ 8 005 155	\$ 8 414 578	¢ 8 451 478	¢ 8 170 210	¢ 7 875 766	¢ 6 308 610	¢ 6 075 177	¢ 5661611	ц Ч	5 350 205
Inter-governmental	6.571.391										3,161.324
Franchise fees	447,569	403,523	394,694	383,959	378,063	371,027	258,417	227,827	266,968		331,184
Fines and forfeitures	141,580	177,280	113,110	215,730	242,550	257,822	258,049	249,906	234,947		241,481
Charges for services		'		'	67,227	45,992	66,595	49,250	40,507		27,673
System development charges	154,740	77,564	95,504	79,764	261,020	72,261	239,963	84,850	35,334		95,479
Special assessments	20,347	33,040	31,151	117,138	111,132	50,493	191,204	469,501	82,657		580,919
Principal and interest repayments	•	•	•	•		'		•	•		
Rents and interest	1,394,588	512,972	557,003	807,320	753,549	477,694	544,083	502,604	485,684		431,657
Other revenue	339,525	495,448	175,912	1,315,761	456,517	586,857	447,791	922,148	502, 387		273,589
Total revenues	19,192,711	18,509,471	15,309,641	15,276,991	13,554,873	12,409,606	12,213,936	12,379,717	11,546,085	10,	10,502,511
EXPENDITURES											
Current											
General government	3,502,657	3,949,134	4,027,857	3,566,200	3,372,562	3,256,199	3,260,351	3,237,110	3,363,935	2	2,910,006
Public safety	5,357,961	5,256,853	4,397,450	4,279,586	4,150,222	3,884,806	3,738,742	3,685,123	3,526,407	ŝ	3,337,983
Planning and economic development	506,230										,
Highways and streets	2,731,497	1,735,174	1,927,801	1,388,614	1,396,492	1,218,883	1,179,016	1,082,520	1,021,840	•	985,621
Culture and recreation	2,383,508	2,044,379	1,325,371	1,860,359	1,811,394	1,646,012	1,680,709	1,543,977	1,414,754	-	1,231,798
Capital outlay	3,050,774	2,202,833	1,377,988	1,711,648	1,188,912	916,391	1,013,464	2,516,214	2,413,193	-	1,205,442
Debt service											
Principal	1,424,444	809,455	767,318	732,644	697,970	671,906	642,232	617,558	596,494		760,077
Interest	493,206	319,809	358,565	393,387	432,293	464,393	495,557	524,654	548,296		579,587
Total expenditures	19,450,277	16,317,637	14, 182, 350	13,932,438	13,049,845	12,058,590	12,010,071	13,207,156	12,884,919	11,	11,010,514
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(257,566)	2,191,834	1,127,291	1,344,553	505,028	351,016	203,865	(827,439)	(1,338,834)		(508,003)
OTHEP FINANCING SOLIDCES (LISES)											
Proceeds of financing agreement	168.054	,	,	,	,		,	,			101.829
Lease inception	22,108	87.072									
Sale of fixed capital assets		16,599	8,116	606	13,717	40,002	11,817	6,719	11,985		,
Transfers in	4,389,310	3,310,515	3,394,762	3,287,752	2,830,004	2,874,161	2,885,047	3,193,664	3,504,190	č	3,237,423
Transfers out	(1,844,570)	(1,873,249)	(1,868,341)	(1,835,620)	(1,427,904)	(1,573,175)	(1, 550, 595)	(1,893,918)	(2,030,803)	.,	(1,730,131)
Total other financing sources (uses)	2,734,902	1,540,937	1,534,537	1,452,738	1,415,817	1,340,988	1,346,269	1,306,465	1,485,372	1,-	1,609,121
Net change in fund balances	\$ 2,477,336	\$ 3,732,771	\$ 2,661,828	\$ 2,797,291	\$ 1,920,845	\$ 1,692,004	\$ 1,550,134	\$ 479,026	\$ 146,538	\$ 1,	1,101,118
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	10.9%	8.0%	8.5%	9.0%	9.1%	10.0%	10.2%	10.2%	10.1%		13.5%

ő

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
FUNCTION/PROGRAM										
Governmental activities										
General government	\$ 6,053,666	\$ 7,041,611	\$ 6,219,285	\$ 5,062,451	\$ 3,626,257	\$ 2,740,349	\$ 3,946,228	\$ 3,082,298	\$ 3,214,586	\$ 3,027,869
Public safety	137,998	190,609	113,914	213,002	223,699	241,242	243,128	235,252	222,585	229,428
Highways and streets	1,312,418	20,966	9,419	1,026,143	1,096,920	969,448	900,410	891,733	854,032	835,673
Culture and recreation	11,435	1,513,670	1,146,349	97,713	26,351	22,043	1,318,622	1,953,548	1,165,756	1,107,901
Total governmental activities	7,515,517	8,766,856	7,488,967	6,399,309	4,973,227	3,973,082	6,408,388	6,162,831	5,456,959	5,200,871
Business-type activities										
Water	6,678,006	7,297,957	6,362,649	5,937,448	5,915,183	6,938,940	6,893,557	5,820,678	5,730,696	8, 162, 335
Waste water	5,992,539	5,768,313	7,828,413	7,133,654	6,537,202	5,875,775	6,137,909	5,733,933	5,533,259	5,697,344
Airport *									647,988	2,308,048
Total business-type activities	12,670,545	13,066,270	14,191,062	13,071,102	12,452,385	12,814,715	13,031,466	11,554,611	11,911,943	16,167,727
Total primary government	\$ 20,186,062	\$ 21,833,126	\$ 21,680,029	\$ 19,470,411	\$ 17,425,612	\$ 16,787,797	\$ 19,439,854	\$ 17,717,442	\$ 17,368,902	\$ 21,368,598
* TL- A :			20010	00 3						

* The Airport has been reclassified as a "joint venture" and so has been removed form the City's business activities as of 2016

CITY OF THE DALLES TAX REVENUES BY SOURCE, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

City Gasoline Taxes	\$ 449,660	476,807	485,409	501,456	518,183	507,552	475,432	479,619	505,837	492,181
Transient Room Taxes	\$ 589,919	699,538	774,459	794,439	807,020	825,988	673,223	689,146	997,209	1,016,827
Property Taxes	\$ 3,812,124	3,965,710	3,914,828	4,253,171	4,359,755	4,680,759	4,856,548	5,002,897	5,085,775	6,211,599
Year	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023

CITY OF THE DALLES ASSESSED VALUATION AND ACTUAL VALUES OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Real Poperty Assessed Value \$ 973,218,575	Personal Property Assessed Value \$ 39,433,682	Total Taxable Assessed Value \$1,012,652,257	Total Direct Tax Rate \$ 3.0155	Estimated Real Market Value \$ 1,608,434,442
949,356,866	99,175,645	1,048,532,511	3.0155	1,298,752,196
450	102,771,898	1,079,533,348	3.0155	1,625,848,326
41	106,663,306	208,442,447	3.0155	1,795,227,733
20	110,567,256	1,171,843,976	3.0155	1,933,064,130
32	121,282,394	1,244,661,096	3.0155	241,184,802
1,167,757,354	117,462,023	1,285,219,377	3.0155	2,426,595,157
1,227,829,800	121,443,646	1,349,273,446	3.0155	2,884,325,345
1,255,787,540	125,449,933	1,381,237,473	3.0155	2,741,337,003
1,407,174,151	369,090,384	1,776,264,535	3.0155	3,435,429,142

CITY OF THE DALLES PROPERTY TAX RATES - DIRECT AND VOYELAPPING GOVERNMENTS (PER 81,000 OF ASSESSED VALIATION) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Total Direct and	Overlapping Rates	19.0921	19.3779	19.3212	19.0663	18.9344	18.9899	18.9614	18.7724	18.4657	18.4657
			0.2564	0.245	0.2487	0.0196	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Columbia	Community College	0.2703	0.2703	0.2703	0.2703	0.2703	0.2703	0.2703	0.2703	0.2703	0.2703
		Service District		0.4678	0.4678	0.4678	0.4678	0.4678	0.4678	0.4678	0.4678	0.4678
		District No. 21		5.2399	5.2399	5.2399	5.2399	5.2399	5.2399	5.2399	5.2399	5.2399
	Corbool Second	District No. 12	1.7765	1.7588	1.7052	1.6991	1.6485	1.6268	1.5589	1.5589	1.5589	1.5589
sovernments		Library District	0.68	0.68	0.68	0.68	0.68	0.68	0.68	0.68	0.68	0.68
Overlapping Governments	Northern Wasco Co Parks and	District Bond	0	0.3228	0.2953	0.2824	0.2954	0.288	0.3227	0.3067	0	0
	Northern Wasco County Darke and	Recreation Bond	0.6799	0.6799	0.6799	0.6799	0.6799	0.6799	0.6799	0.6799	0.6799	0.6799
		Fire and Rescue		2.2449	2.2656	2.2588	2.1841	2.2687	2.2734	2.1004	2.1004	2.1004
		Port of The Dalles		0.2007	0.2007	0.2007	0.2007	0.2007	0.2007	0.2007	0.2007	0.2007
	CoseM	Vasuo County VA Bonds	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		Wasco County	4.2523	4.2523	4.2523	4.2523	4.2523	4.2523	4.2523	4.2523	4.2523	4.2523
	je se Utro	The Dalles Direct Rate	3.0155	3.0155	3.0155	3.0155	3.0155	3.0155	3.0155	3.0155	3.0155	3.0155
City		Renewal Tax Rate		0.221	0.2194	0.2203	0.2185	0.2246	0.2167	0.2086	0.21	0.1767
		Adjusted Tax Rate		2.7945	2.7961	2.7952	2.797	2.7909	2.7988	2.8069	2.8055	2.8388
	I	Year	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023

CITY OF THE DALLES PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

Collected within the

95.69% 97.68% 95.32% 97.22% 96.17% 80.63% 98.26% 95.93% 100.18% 96.69% Percentatge of Levv 4,037,149 5,044,605 4,053,897 4,066,200 4,500,253 5,068,719 5,222,190 6,304,483 4,116,881 4,321,267 Amount Collections in 139,069 100,490 68,096 157,243 136,416 159,205 140,498 40,708 Subsequent 212,171 92,884 Years 92.41% 95.27% 93.81% 93.16% 77.49% 94.15% 95.15% 94.68% 96.31% 95.26% Fiscal Year of the Levy Percentage of Levv 3,957,676 3,914,828 3,965,710 4,253,171 4,359,755 3,879,906 4,856,548 5,003,897 5,085,775 6,211,599 Amount 4,109,378 4,236,498 4,162,816 4,533,590 5,258,745 5,371,349 4,679,644 6,520,444 5,006,827 5,158,457 Fiscal Year Tax Levy for the June 30, Ended Fiscal 2014 2015 Year 2016 2018 2019 2023 2017 2020 2021 2022

CITY OF THE DALLES PRINCIPAL TAXPAYERS DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND DECEMBER 31, 2012

		December 31, 2022	
1	Real Property		Percentage of Total
Taxpayer	Assessed Valuation	Rank	Assessed Valuation
Google LLC	\$ 234,963,640	-	13.23%
Design LLC	109,698,376	2	6.18%
Union Pacific Railroad Co.	52,388,352	ი	2.95%
BNSF Railway Co	50,496,563	4	2.84%
Northern Wasco County PUD	47,588,125	5	2.68%
Lumen Technologies Inc	25,546,000	9	1.44%
Gas Transmission Northwest I	20,079,395	7	1.13%
Oregon Cherry Growers LLC	17,015,806	80	0.96%
FM Dalles F LLC	16,243,060	6	0.91%
Northwest Natural Gas Compe_	14,734,000	10	0.83%
Total principal taxpayers	588,753,317		33.15%
Total assessed valuation	\$ 1,776,264,535		

		December 31, 2012	
-	Real Property		Percentage of Total
Taxpayer	Assessed Valuation	Rank	Assessed Valuation
Northern Wasco County PUD \$	\$ 12,258,800	Ł	1.28%
Oregon Cherry Growers, Inc.	12,183,141	2	1.27%
Metropolitan Life Insurance Co	11,676,188	с	1.22%
Home Depot USA, Inc.	10,603,615	4	1.11%
CenturyLink	7,932,700	5	0.83%
Union Pacific Railroad Co.	7,566,295	9	0.79%
Safeway, Inc.	7,033,215	7	0.73%
Wasco Assisted Living, LLC	6,996,705	ω	0.73%
SHNW Properties, LLC	6,832,868	6	0.71%
Cascade Square, LLC	6,529,668	10	0.68%
Total principal taxpayers	89,613,195		9.36%
Total assessed valuation	\$ 957,528,056		

87

CITY OF THE DALLES RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

			Governmental Activities	vities						Business-ty	Business-type Activities					
Fiscal	General Obligation	Limited Tax Increment	Revenue	FFCO	Loans	Lea	ses	Revenue		FFCO		(A)	Total Primary	Percentage of Personal	Per	
7ear 2014	-	-	-	\$11,660,378	rayapie \$ 100,655	55 \$ Fays	\$ -	\$ 10,704,972	\$	2 \$ 1,337,901		6,540	Government \$ 27,740,446	Income N/A	Capita \$ 1,921	value or Property 2.74%
2015				11,014,790	50,890	06		10,033,307	2	3,250,301		4,266,008	28,615,296	N/A	1,976	2.73%
2016				10,348,138	25,846	46		9,331,642		3,090,198	4,06	15,974	26,861,798	N/A	1,851	
2017				9,656,812				8,604,97		1,008,856	3,15	38,518	22,409,163	N/A	1,439	1.99%
2018				8,935,812			,	11,329,860		888,986	4,42	18,222	25,582,880	N/A	1,635	2.18%
2019				8,188,748				10,289,977		765,181	4,27	5,743	23,519,649	N/A	1,512	1.89%
2020				7,407,010				9,224,516	6	636,048	4,06	32,939	21,330,513	N/A	1,309	1.66%
2021				6,590,598			7,537	8,129,51	_	501,590	3,84	3,845,545	19,074,781	N/A	1,189	1.41%
2022				7,062,393			77,144	7,006,140	0	347,664	4,82	4,823,850	19,317,191	N/A	1,158	1.38%
2023				6,113,540			78,862	6,385,032	~	210,323	6,52		19,315,072	N/A	1,189	1.08%
Note: Preser	Note: Presented net of origional issuance discounts and preiums	issuance discounts	s and preiums													

* N/A Information is not available below County level.

** Amount includes proceeds for the ARRA Forgivable Loan (\$2,988,773) that were accrued on a reimbursement basis in 2012 and 2013. The loan was forgiven in 2014.

CITY OF THE DALLES RATIOS OF GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Per Capita		ı	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	,
Percentage of Actual Taxable Value of Property	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Total Taxable Assessed Value	\$ 1,012,652,257	1,048,532,511	1,079,533,348	1,128,442,447	1,179,634,596	1,240,914,769	1,285,219,377	1,349,273,446	1,381,237,473	1,776,264,535
General Obligation Bonds	1	ı		ı	ı	·	·			
Fiscal Year	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023

CITY OF THE DALLES DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT JUNE 30, 2023

Governmental Unit	Gross Property-tax Backed Debt (a)	Percentage Applicable to City of The Dalles	Amount Applicable to City of The Dalles
Debt repaid with property taxes			
Columbia Gorge Comm. Coll (Treaty-Oak AED) Mid-Columbia Fire and Resoure	\$ 16,194,834 470 000	20.7912% 76 5104%	\$ 3,367,104 359 590
Northern OR Regional Corrections	1,330,000	0.0000%	-
Northern Wasco Co. Parks & Rec District	3,660,108	7.1193%	260,574
Port of The Dalles	2,137,500	66.3953%	1,419,200
Wasco CTY SD 12 (The Dalles) Bonds	17,160,513	84.0903%	14,430,327
Wasco CTY SD 21 (The Dalles/Watonka)	4,590,000	69.6591%	3,197,353
Wasco CTY SD 29	1,138,664	0.8376%	9,537
Subtotal, overlapping debt			23,043,694 (b)
City direct debt			6,113,540 (c)
Total direct and overlapping debt			\$ 29,157,234

NOTE:

- "Gross Property-tax Backed Debt" includes all General Obligation (GO) bonds and Full Faith & Credit Bonds, but excludes self-supporting Bancroft bonds and self-supporting revenue bonds. a)
- percentage of overlap is determined by how much of the real market value is shared by each entity with the City of the Dalles. This information is provided by the Oregon Department of Revenue and used by the Oregon State Treasury Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the City. The Department to develop the Overlapping Debt Reports for the City. q
- City Direct Debt includes property-tax backed debt for the Full Faith & Credit Bonds, but excludes self-supporting revenue bonds. с О

CITY OF THE DALLES LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

Total Net Bonded Debt Applicable to the Limit as a Percentage of Debt Limit 0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Legal Debt Margin \$48,253,033	38,962,566	48,775,450	53,856,832	57,991,924	72,355,442	72,797,855	86,529,760	82,240,110	103,062,874
Less General Bonded Debt June 30	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	
Debt Limit \$48,253,033	38,962,566	48,775,450	53,856,832	57,991,924	72,355,442	72,797,855	86,529,760	82,240,110	103,062,874
Debt Limit Rate 3%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%
Real Market Value \$1,608,434,442	1,298,752,196	1,625,848,326	1,795,227,733	1,933,064,130	2,411,848,062	2,426,595,157	2,884,325,345	2,741,337,003	3,435,429,142
Fiscal Year June 30 2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023

Note: The City has not had any general obligation bonds subsequent to 2000.

CITY OF THE DALLES DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Year	Ро	Population	Personal Income	Per Capita Income	Unemployment Rate
2014	φ	14,440	N/A	N/A	6.40%
2015		14,480	N/A	N/A	4.30%
2016		14,515	N/A	N/A	4.00%
2017		15,572	N/A	N/A	4.30%
2018		15,646	N/A	N/A	3.70%
2019		15,554	N/A	N/A	3.40%
2020		16,290	N/A	N/A	9.30%
2021		16,031	N/A	N/A	4.20%
2022		16,488	N/A	N/A	3.30%
2023		16,157	N/A	N/A	4.20%
N/A Informa	tion at Cit	N/A Information at City level not available	ble		

N/A Information at City level not available.

Note: The only personal income information available for the City is based on tax returns filed with the State of Oregon.

CITY OF THE DALLES PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS CURRENT YEAR AND TEN YEARS AGO

		2022-23	
1			Percent
			of Total
	Employees	Rank	Employment
Mid Columbia Medical Center	846	Ł	10.72%
School District #21	390	2	4.94%
Fred Meyer	265	с	3.36%
State of Oregon	235	4	2.98%
Google	200	5	2.53%
Columbia Gorge Community College	175	9	2.22%
Oregon Veterans Home	175	7	2.22%
Wasco County	143	6	1.81%
Pacific Coast Producers	127	8	1.61%
U.S. Army Corps of Engineers	112	10	1.42%
	2.668		33.80%
11			
Total employment	7,894		

* Counts are FTE equivalents and do not include short-term seasonal postions

		2012-13	
1			Percent
			of Total
	Employees	Rank	Employment
Mid Columbia Medical Center	730	~	9.25%
Oregon Cherry Growers	339	2	4.29%
School District #21	327	ი	4.14%
State of Oregon	200	4	2.53%
Oregon Veterans Home	195	5	2.47%
Wasco County	126	9	1.60%
City of The Dalles	66	7	
Columbia Gorge Community College	86	ø	1.09%
Sunshine Mill	86	6	1.09%
Safeway Food and Drug	78	10	0.99%
II	2,266		27.81%
Total employment	8,147		

93

CITY OF THE DALLES FULL TIME EQUIVALENT CITY EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM AND BARGAINING UNIT LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

19.00 27.50 4.50 10.50 9.50 71.00 22.00 12.00 34.00 105.00 46.00 18.00 64.00 37.00 105.00 4.00 2014 104.00 19.00 28.50 4.50 8.50 9.50 70.00 22.00 12.00 34.00 37.00 44.00 19.00 63.00 104.00 4.00 2015 99.65 14.00 27.25 4.00 9.00 65.65 21.00 13.00 34.00 44.00 19.00 63.00 1.00 97.65 33.65 2016 92.65 15.00 25.25 4.50 7.00 10.90 62.65 43.00 14.00 57.00 18.00 12.00 30.00 34.65 1.00 92.65 2017 98.25 20.50 13.50 34.00 15.00 26.25 3.00 10.00 64.25 34.75 45.50 17.00 62.50 1.00 98.25 2018 105.15 16.00 26.25 5.00 111.00 9.90 68.15 22.50 14.50 37.00 45.75 17.00 62.75 4.50 105.15 37.90 2019 13.80 26.25 5.00 9.00 64.95 22.50 13.50 36.00 100.95 44.00 17.00 61.00 100.95 39.95 2020 101.95 22.50 13.50 36.00 44.00 18.00 62.00 101.95 13.80 5.00 8.00 65.95 39.95 ÷ 2021 101.45 39.45 22.50 13.50 36.00 44.00 18.00 62.00 13.80 27.25 4.00 9.00 65.45 101.45 2022 16.00 27.50 4.00 8.00 10.40 23.00 13.00 36 46.00 14.00 60.00 101.90 102 41.90 99 ÷ 2023 Total primary government budgeted FTE Library Total governmental activities Total actual City employees Total business-type activities Bargaining units SEIU (Local 503) Police association Total bargaining units Temporary City employees City of The Dalles employees Management and exempt FUNCTION/PROGRAM Governmental activities General government Public safety Community services Streets and highways Business-type activities

Wastewater Water

CITY OF THE DALLES OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$

Police statistics are for the calendar year.
 N/A: Data was not available for this year.

95

CITY OF THE DALLES CAPITAL ASSET AND INFRASTRUCTURE STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

ELINCTION/PROGRAM	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
veri.Dover.PCustvam Governmental activities General government Buildings owned	13	13	13	5	13	5	13	6	5	13
Vehicles (excluding automobiles)	44 20	44	44 20	4 1 6	45 19	41 18	41 18	41	41 81	41
Public safety and justice									! !	:
Police vehicles	20	20	20	19	19	18	18	17	17	17
Number of employees	24.4	27.25	25	26	26	26.25	21	25.75	25.5	25.5
Streets and highways Miles of streets maintained by City										
Paved	81.19	81.19	81.19	85.4	85.1	87.5	85.1	69.2	69.2	69.1
Unpaved Briddes and undernasses	8.3 6	0 0 0	8.3 9	16.24 6	13.2 6	10.8 6	13.2 6	16.4 6	16.4 6	16.4 2
Business-type activities										
Miles of water lines (estimated)	105.11	104.89	104.89	104.79	104.75	104	101.3	101.3	101.3	100.7
Reservoirs	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Water treatment plant	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Wells	ε	ო	ю	с	n	ε	с	ε	ς	n
Wastewater										
Treatment plant	-	-	-	~	-	-	-	-	-	-
Miles of sewer lines (estimated)	101.8	101.0	100.6	100.4	100.0	100	100	98.8	95.7	95.3
Lift stations	8	ω	8	8	6	6	б	6	6	ω
Airport										
Terminal	 	 	-	-		-	~	~	- -	-
Maintenance and T-hangers	42	42	42	42	42	42	42	42	42 *	33
Other huildings	4	4	4	4	4	4 *	2	2	2 *	2

* 2014 Now includes lift flight hanger and eliminated electrical Bldg, which is now part of new maintenance hanger. * 2015 Purchased "D" hanger with 9 T-hangers.



AUDIT COMMENTS AND DISCLOSURES



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT REQUIRED BY OREGON STATE REGULATIONS

Mayor and City Council City of The Dalles, Oregon The Dalles, Oregon

We have audited the basic financial statements of the City of The Dalles, Oregon (the City) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and have issued our report thereon dated December 15, 2023. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and Government Auditing Standards.

Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes (ORS) as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules 162-10-0000 through 162-10-0320 of the *Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations*, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not the objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

We performed procedures to the extent we considered necessary to address the required comments and disclosures but were not limited to the following:

- Deposit of public funds with financial institutions under ORS Chapter 295.
- Indebtedness limitations, restrictions and repayment.
- Budgets legally required under ORS Chapter 294.
- Insurance and fidelity under bonds in force or required by law.
- Programs funded from outside sources.
- Highway revenues used for public highways, roads, and streets.
- Authorized investment of surplus funds (ORS Chapter 294).
- Public contracts and purchasing under (ORS Chapters 279A, 279B, 279C).

In connection with our testing, nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe the City was not in substantial compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administration Rules 162-10-0000 through 162-10-0320 of the *Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations*.

OAR 162-10-0230 Internal Control

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control at the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Restrictions on Use

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Honorable Mayor and City Council, Management of the City and the Oregon Secretary of State and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these parties.

Jen Oupe

Jeny Grupe, CPA KDP Certified Public Accountants, LLP Medford, Oregon December 15, 2023



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Mayor and City Council City of the Dalles The Dalles, Oregon

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and aggregate remaining fund information of the City of the Dalles, Oregon (the City) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 15, 2023.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the City's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider a material weakness.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Management's Response to Findings

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the City of the Dalles, Oregon response to finding identified in our audit and described in the accompanying schedule of findings and question costs. The City's response has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Jen Dup

Jeny Grupe, CPA KDP Certified Public Accountants, LLP Medford, Oregon December 15, 2023



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Honorable Mayor and Council City of The Dalles, Oregon The Dalles, Oregon

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited City of the Dalles, Oregon (the City) compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on the City's major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2023. The City's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the City complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards,* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the City and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for the major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the City's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the City's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the City's compliance with the requirements of the major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design
 and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a
 test basis, evidence regarding the City's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to
 above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the City's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance is a deficiency or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance is a deficiency or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance is a deficiency over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we find the consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal controls over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Jen Dipe

Jeny Grupe, CPA, Partner KDP Certified Public Accountants, LLP Medford, Oregon December 15, 2023

CITY OF THE DALLES SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Federal	Pass-Through Entity Grant/Contract Number	-	ederal enditures
U.S. Department of the Treasury Passed through State of Oregon Department of Administrative Services: Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds Total Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds	10.553	N/A	\$	440,000
	Total U.S. Department o	f the Treasury	\$	440,000
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development Passed through State of Oregon Department of Administrative Services: Coronavirus Community Service Development Block Grant Total Coronavirus Community Service Development Block Grant	14.228	N/A	\$	442,483
	U.S. Department of Housing and Urban	Development	\$	442,483
	Total Expenditures of Fe	ederal Awards	\$	882,483

CITY OF THE DALLES NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Note 1 – Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal awards activity of City of Rogue River (the City) under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2023. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the City, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, change in net assets, functional expenses, or cash flows of the City.

Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

Note 3 – Indirect Cost Rate

The City has elected not to use the 10 percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

Note 4 – Subrecipients

The City did not have any awards that were passed through to subrecipients for the year ended June 30, 2023.

CITY OF THE DALLES SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

SECTION I - SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

Financial Statements

Type of report the auditor issued on whether the financial statements audited were prepared in accordance with GAAP: Unmodified

 Internal control over financial reporting: Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiency(ies) identified? 	□ Yes □ Yes	⊠ No ⊠ None Reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	□ Yes	⊠ No
Federal Awards		
 Internal control over major federal programs: Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiency(ies) identified? 	□ Yes □ Yes	⊠ No ⊠ None reported
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major federal programs:	Unmodified	
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?	□ Yes	⊠ No
Identification of major federal programs:		
<u>AL Number(s)</u>	Name of Federal Progra	<u>m or Cluster</u>

<u>AL Number(s)</u> #10.553	Name of Federal Program or Cluster Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds			
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A ar	nd type B programs: \$750,0	00		
Auditee qualified as a low-risk auditee?	□ Yes	⊠ No		

SECTION II – FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

None

SECTION III - FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

None